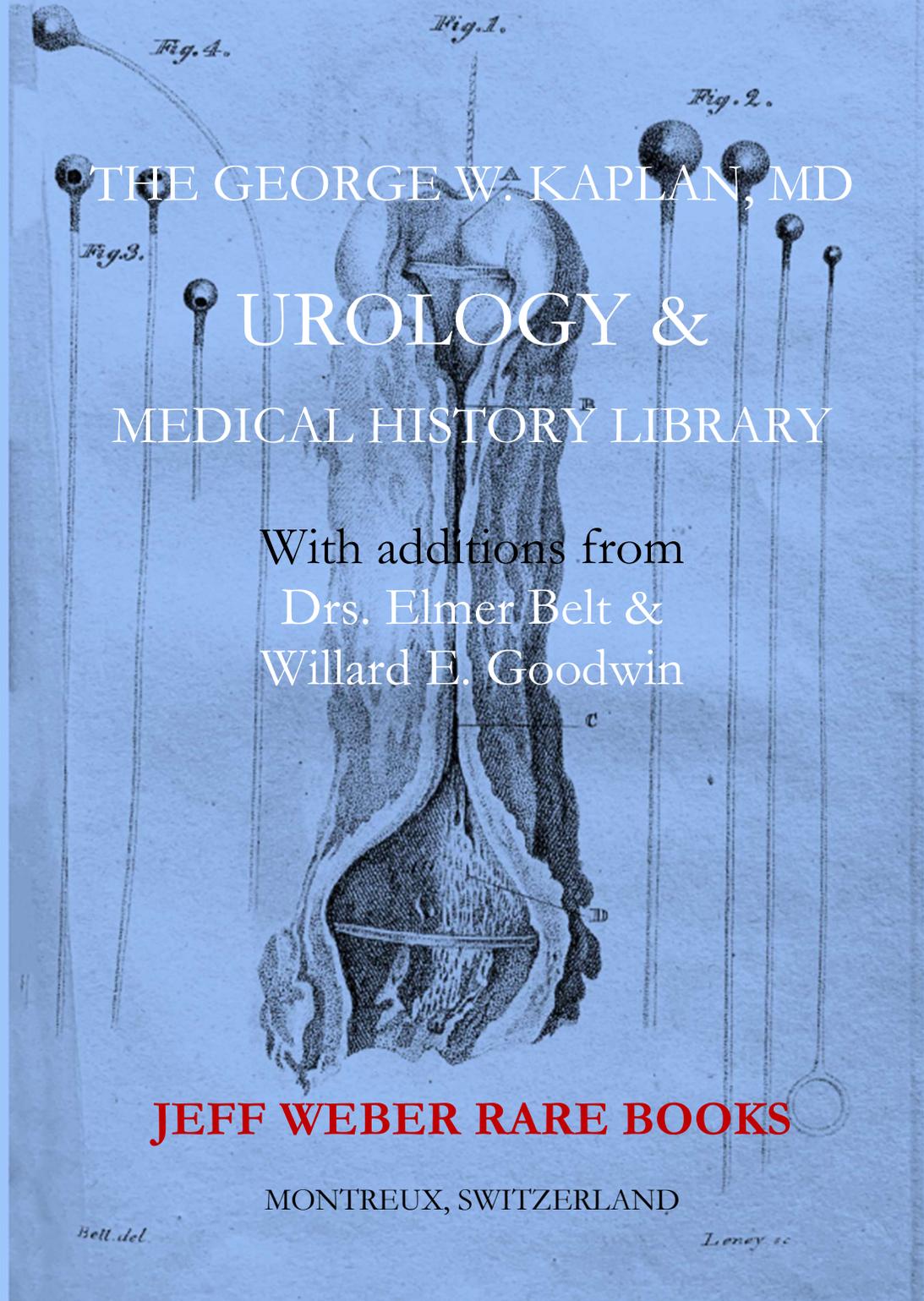


Catalogue 255

Plate II.



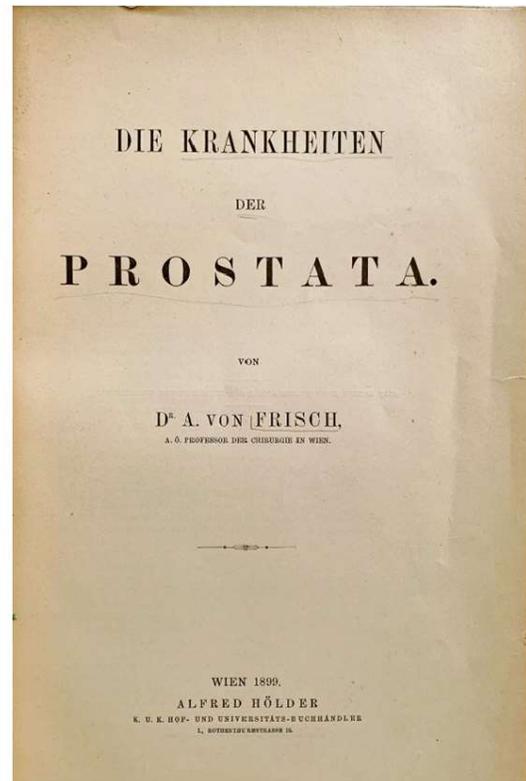
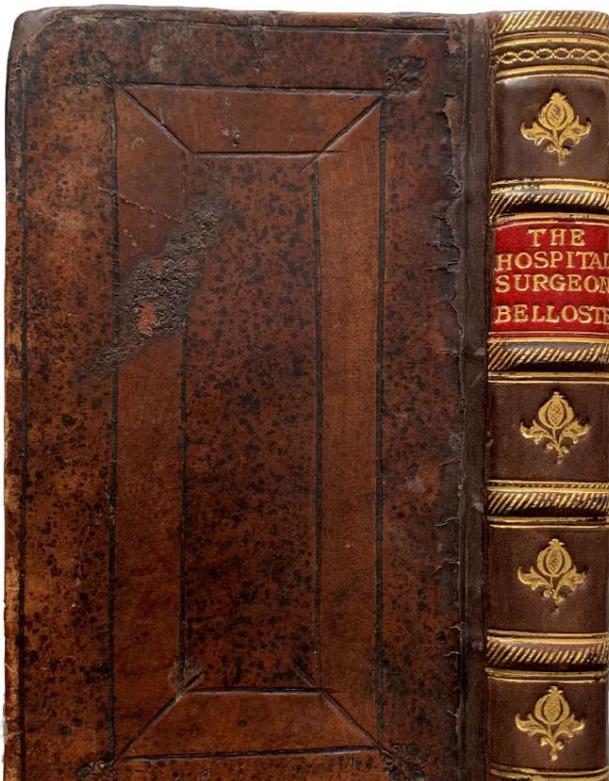
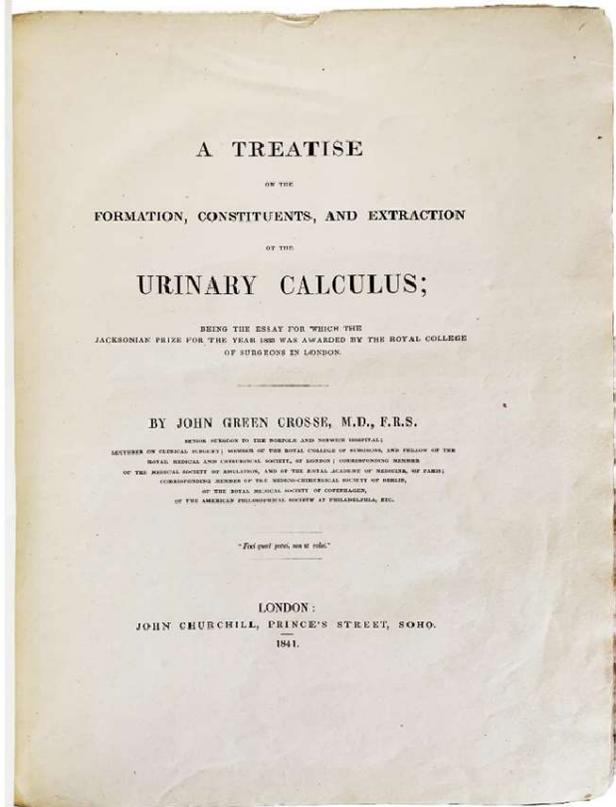
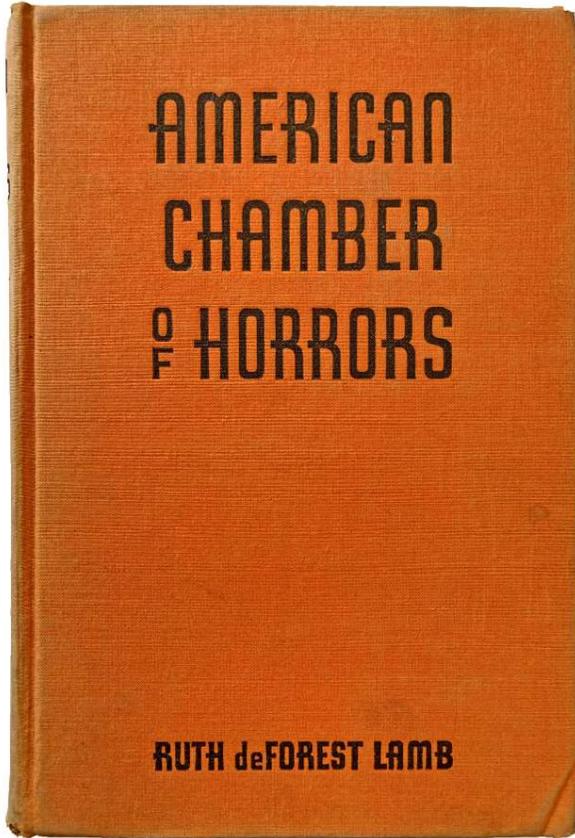
THE GEORGE W. KAPLAN, MD

UROLOGY &
MEDICAL HISTORY LIBRARY

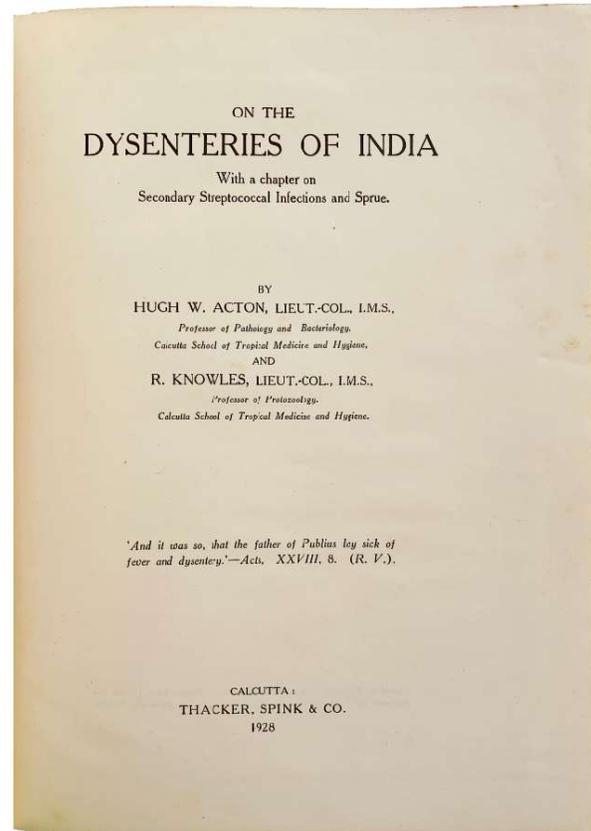
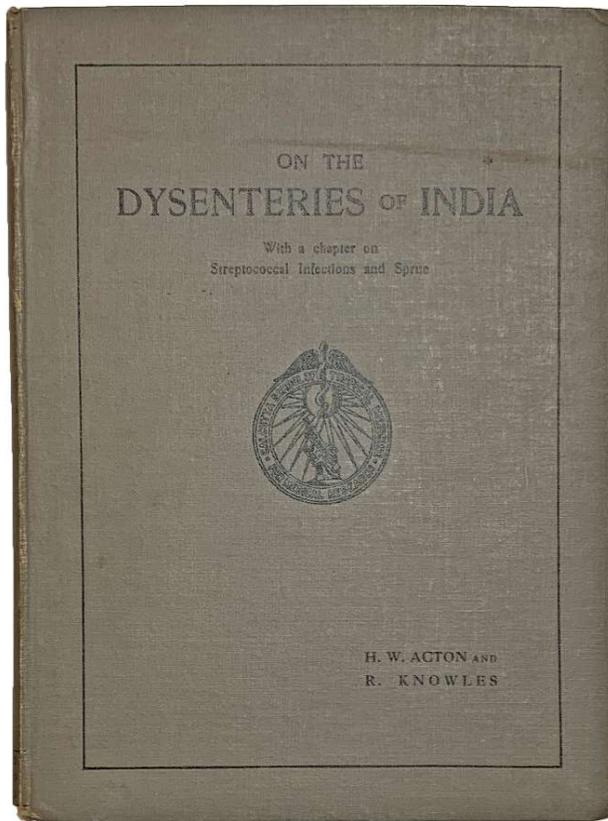
With additions from
Drs. Elmer Belt &
Willard E. Goodwin

JEFF WEBER RARE BOOKS

MONTREUX, SWITZERLAND



1: Title: BELL [9] -- ABOVE: LAMB [47] ; CROSSE [20] ; BELLOSTE [10] ; FRISCH [28]



1. **ACTON, Hugh William** (1883-1935); **KNOWLES, Robert** (1883-1936). *On the dysenteries of India: with a chapter on secondary streptococcal infections and sprue*. Calcutta: Thacker, Spink, 1928. ¶ Tall 8vo. xiv, 178 pp. 2 tables, 25 plates (2 folding). Original gray cloth. Ownership signature of Daniel Beltz, 1934. Very good copy.

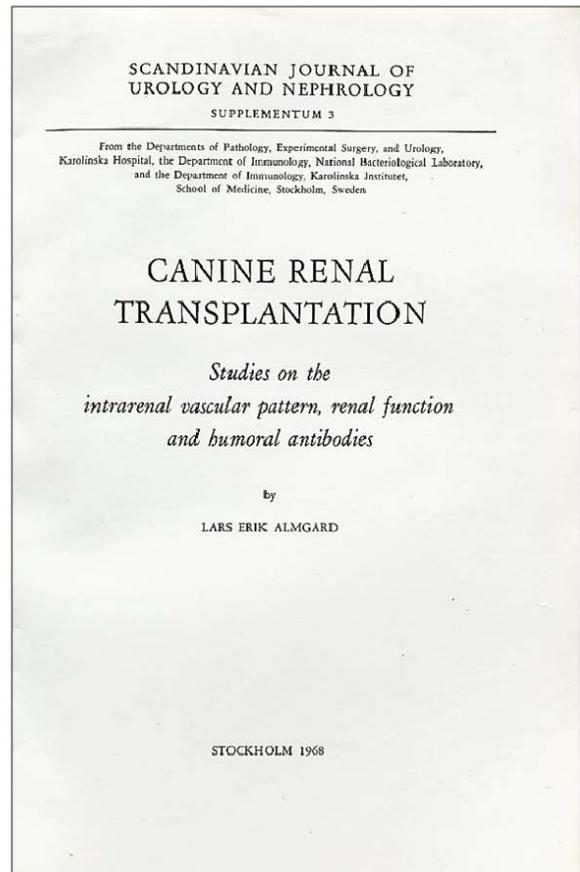
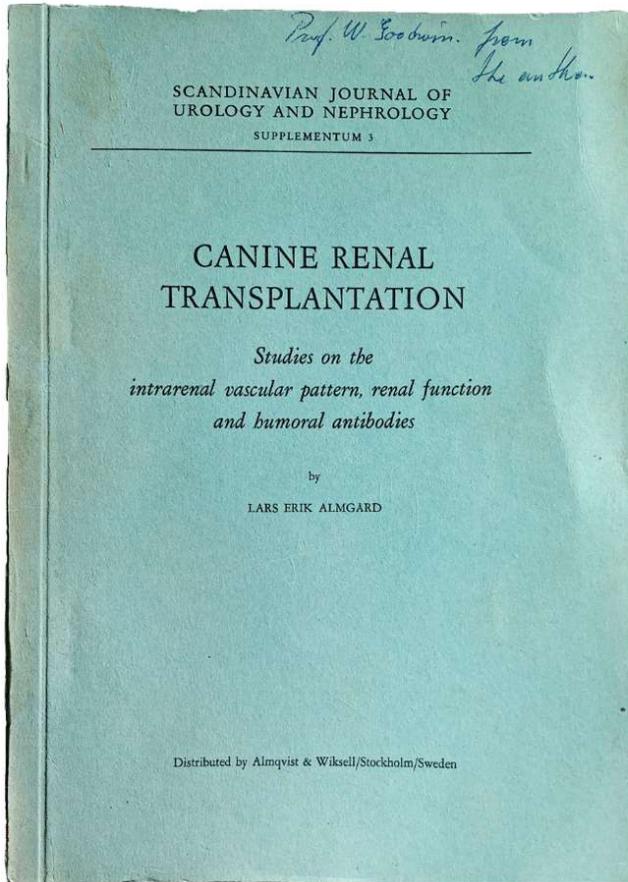
\$ 85

Robert Knowles was a British parasitologist, known for his discovery, with Biraj Mohan Das Gupta, of the Plasmodium species now known as Plasmodium knowlesi. He became a professor of protozoology at the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine in 1928. Knowles was the director of the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine from 1933 to 1935; in the directorship his predecessor was Hugh William Acton and his successor was Sir Ram Nath Chopra.

Acton, entered into the Indian Medical Service in 1907. In 1910 he was appointed director of the Pasteur Institute at Kasauli, a post he maintained until 1916. He then served in the military while station in Mesopotamia. He then served as chair of the tropical pathology and bacteriology at the newly founded School of Tropical Medicine at Calcutta.

PROVENANCE: Dr. Daniel Beltz, attended the College of Medical Evangelists, now called the Loma Linda University School of Medicine, and practiced in Los Angeles.



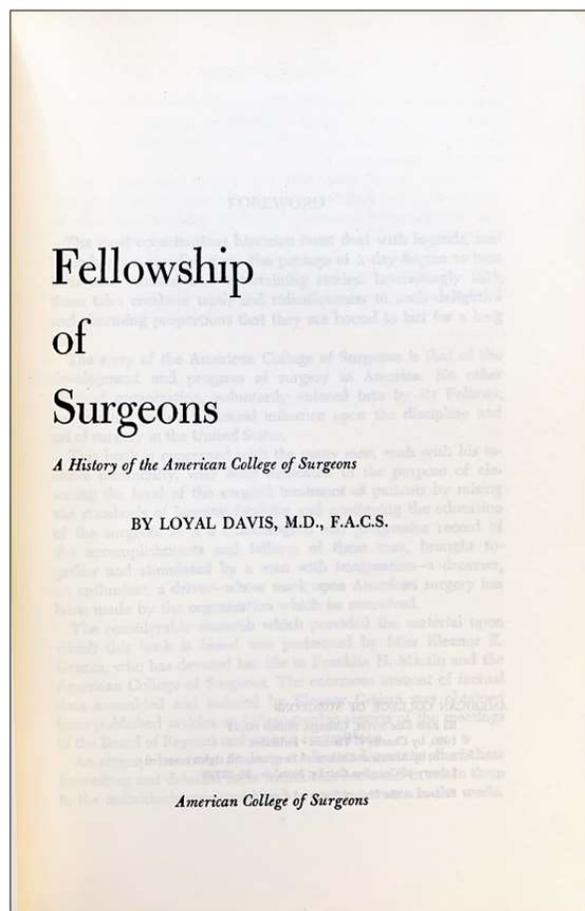
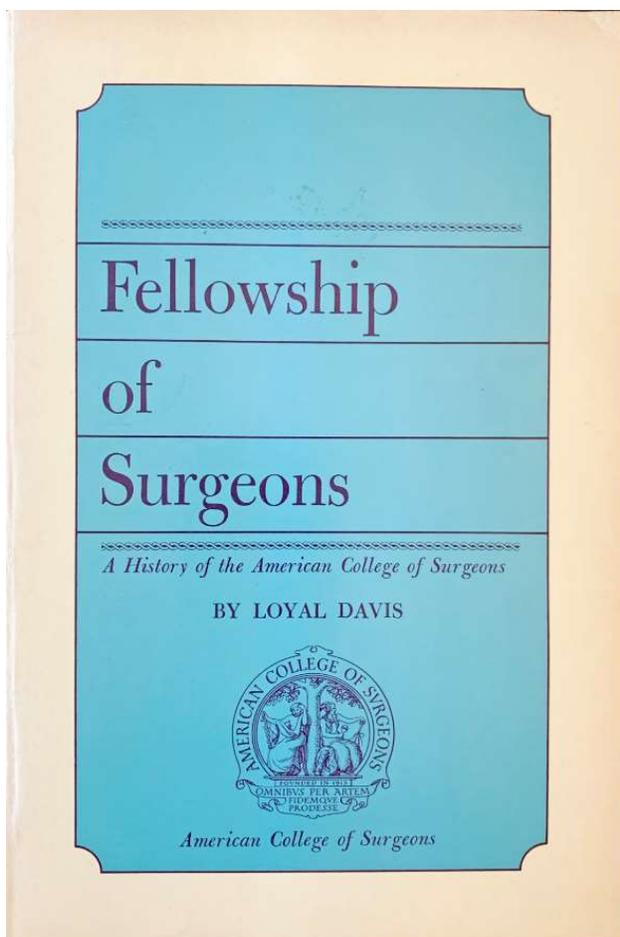


Inscribed by the Author

2. **ALMGARD, Lars Erik** (-2019). *Canine renal transplant. Studies on the intrarenal vascular pattern, renal function and humoral antibodies*. Stockholm: *Scandinavian Journal of Urology and Nephrology, Supplementum 3*, 1968. ¶ 242 x 174 mm. 8vo. 31; (295)-308; (32)-44; (161)-169; (1)-6; 14 pp. In all, this volume contains 6 articles by Lars Almgard and his co-authors on the subject of renal transplantation in dogs. Illus. Printed wrappers. INSCRIBED BY THE AUTHOR on top cover. Very good. M5636

\$ 10

Almgard was a pioneer in Swedish urology and a role model for his staff and colleagues.



3. **American College of Surgeons; DAVIS, Loyal** (1896-1982).

Fellowship of Surgeons: A history of the American College of Surgeons. [n.p.]: American College of Surgeons, 1973. ¶ Reprint. 8vo. vi, 523pp. Index. Printed wrappers. Very good.

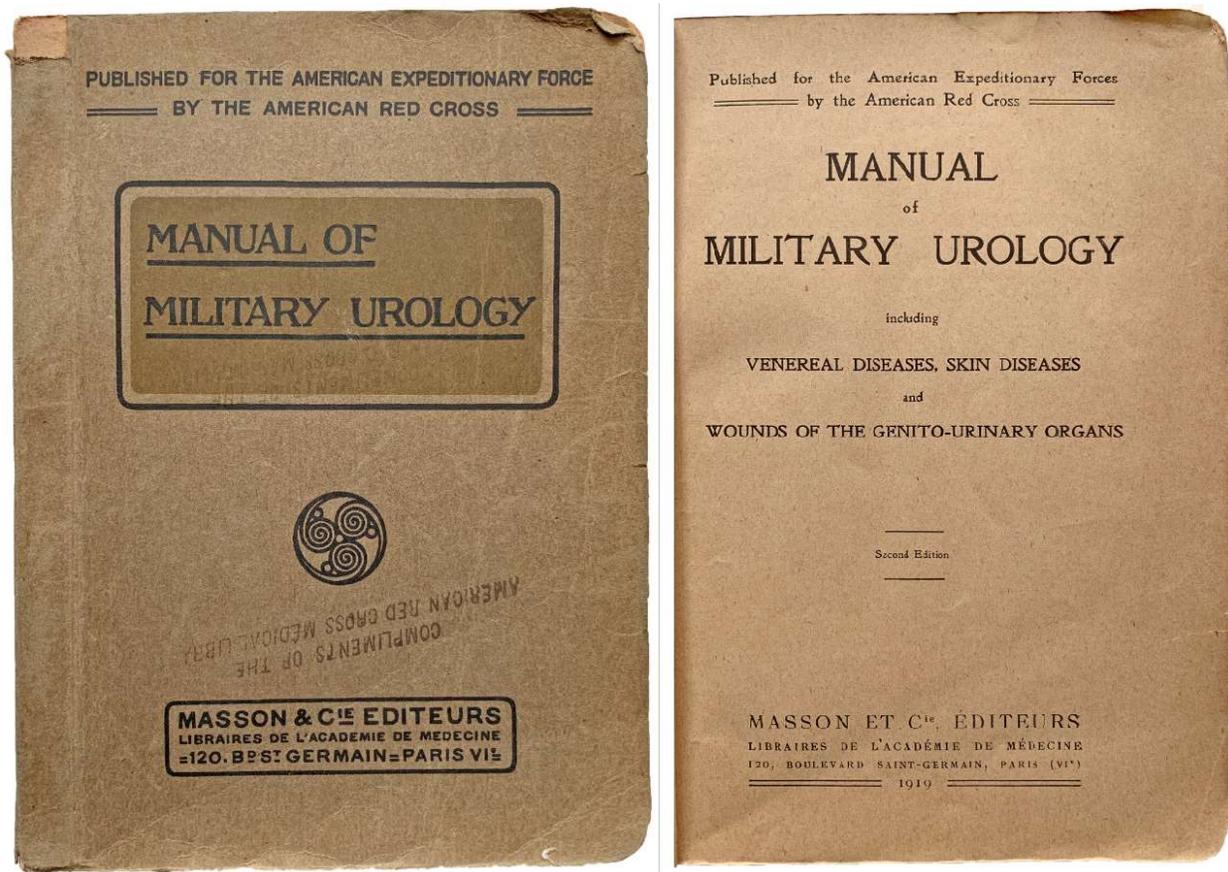
\$ 6

Davis was “president of the American College of Surgeons, long-term editor of *Surgery, Gynecology and Obstetrics*, founding member of the American Board of Surgery, recipient of the Legion of Merit for work as a consultant during World War II, and honorary Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons of England and Edinburgh.”

“I heard many stories about Dr. Davis. He was a brilliant surgeon; an author; a tyrant; he kept an enemies list. His former residents recollected that they were on call every night and had to call for his permission to leave the hospital; if he happened to be away the permission had to be granted by the wife or failing that, by the housekeeper. I also heard that many residents, resentful of his tyranny, whenever they had to go out

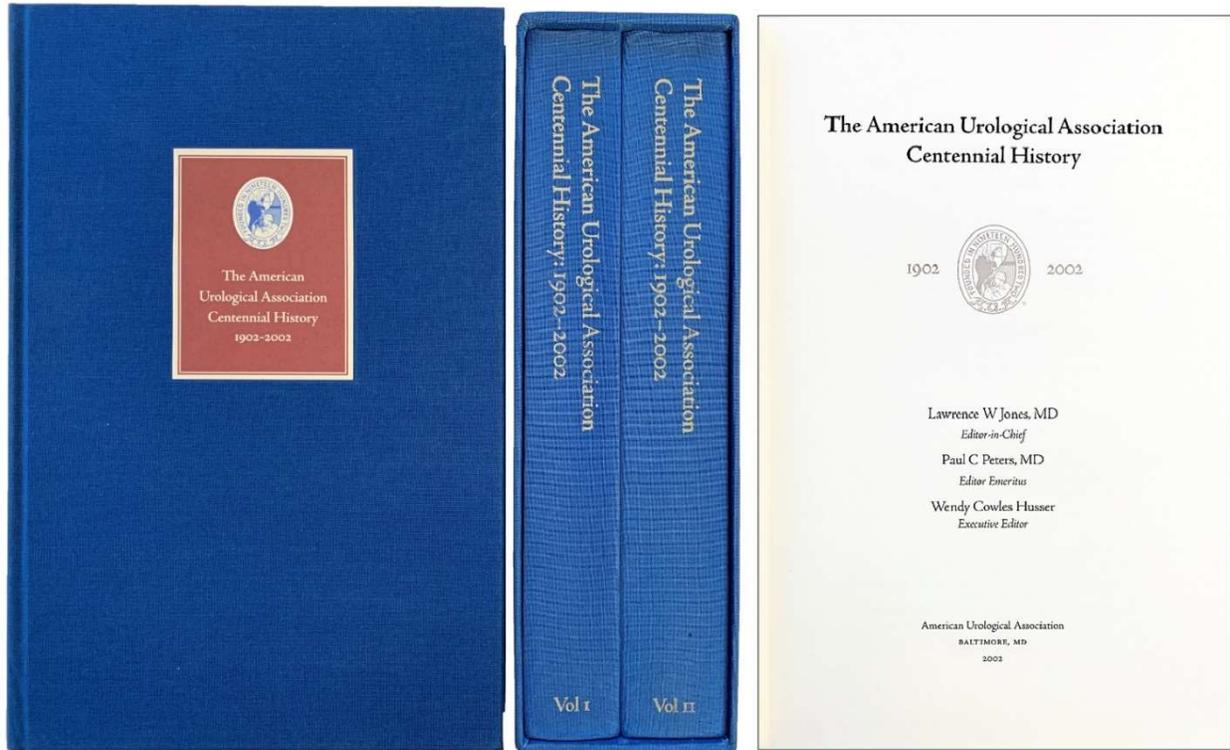
into the community to deliver babies would name them Loyal. It was to be expected that many young men grew up bearing that name.” – George Dunea, “Loyal Davis, legendary neurosurgeon (1896-1982).” – *Hektoen International Journal*.

Nancy Davis Reagan (1921-2016) was his daughter, and wife of President Ronald Reagan.



4. **American National Red Cross.** *Manual of Military Urology including venereal diseases, skin diseases and wounds of the genito-urinary organs; published for the American Expeditionary Forces. Second edition.* Paris: Masson et cie, 1919. ¶ Small 8vo. xii, 290, [2] pp. 31 figs., 8 plates. Original printed wrappers; light wear to extremities. Ownership signature of W. D. Rolph. Very good. Scarce.

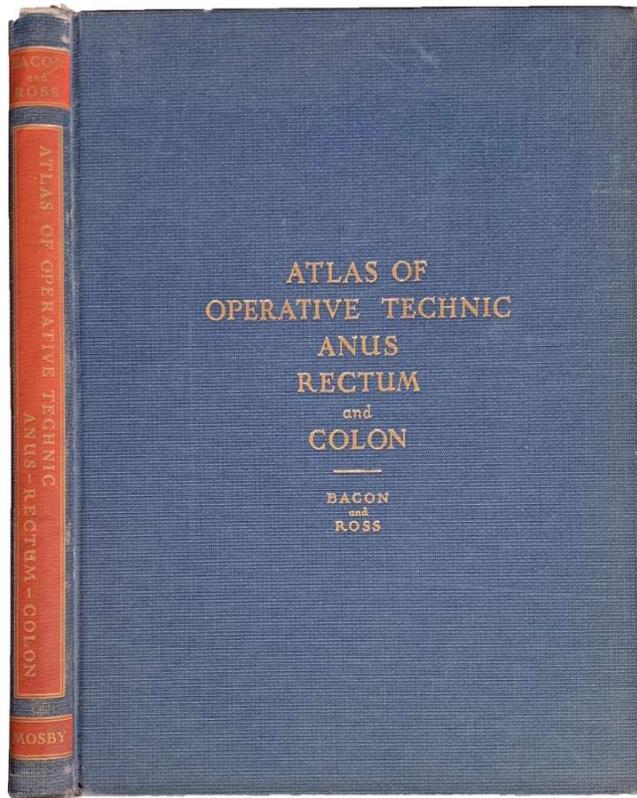
\$ 25



5. [American Urological Association] Lawrence W. JONES; Paul C. PETERS; Wendy Cowles HUSSER (editors). *The American Urological Association Centennial History 1901-2002*. Baltimore: American Urological Association, 2002. ¶ 2 volumes. 4to. xiii, [1], 381, [3], 31, [1]; xiii, [1], 383-824, [2], 31, [1] pp. Profusely illustrated, index. Blue cloth, label mounted on upper covers, spine titles stamped in white. Slip-case. Fine.

\$ 45

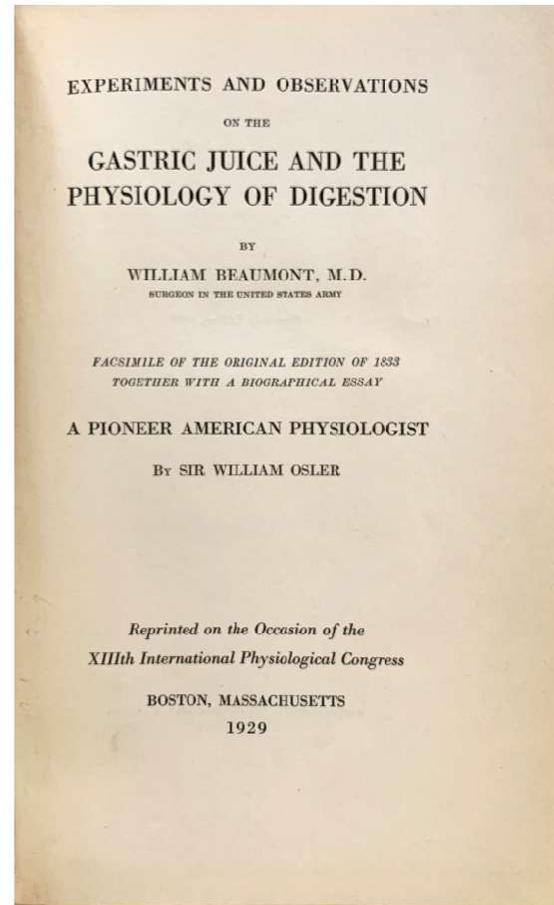
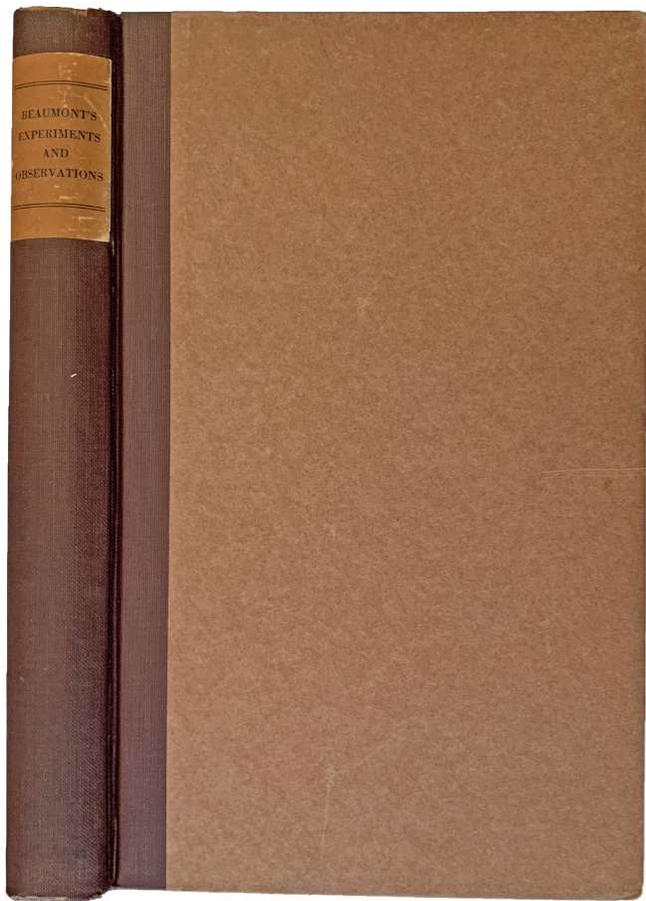
Despite being overbearing, the history does contain all the pertinent names of urological physicians and numerous portraits.



6. **BACON, Harry Ellicott, & Stuart T. ROSS.** *Atlas of operative technic: anus, rectum, and colon.* St. Louis: Mosby, 1954. ¶ 4to. 301 pp. 403 illus. (drawings), index. Blue cloth; rubbed. Very good. M1497

\$ 18

Harry E. Bacon (1900-1981) a proctologist and specialist in intestinal surgery, was a professor emeritus of surgery at Temple University. He served as President of the International Society of Colon and Rectal Surgeons. "His stellar contribution was the establishment of the Journal, Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, of which he was the Editor-in-Chief. He was a past president of ASCRS and ABCRS. Dr. Bacon was the founder of the International Society of University Colon and Rectal Surgeons." [ASCRS].

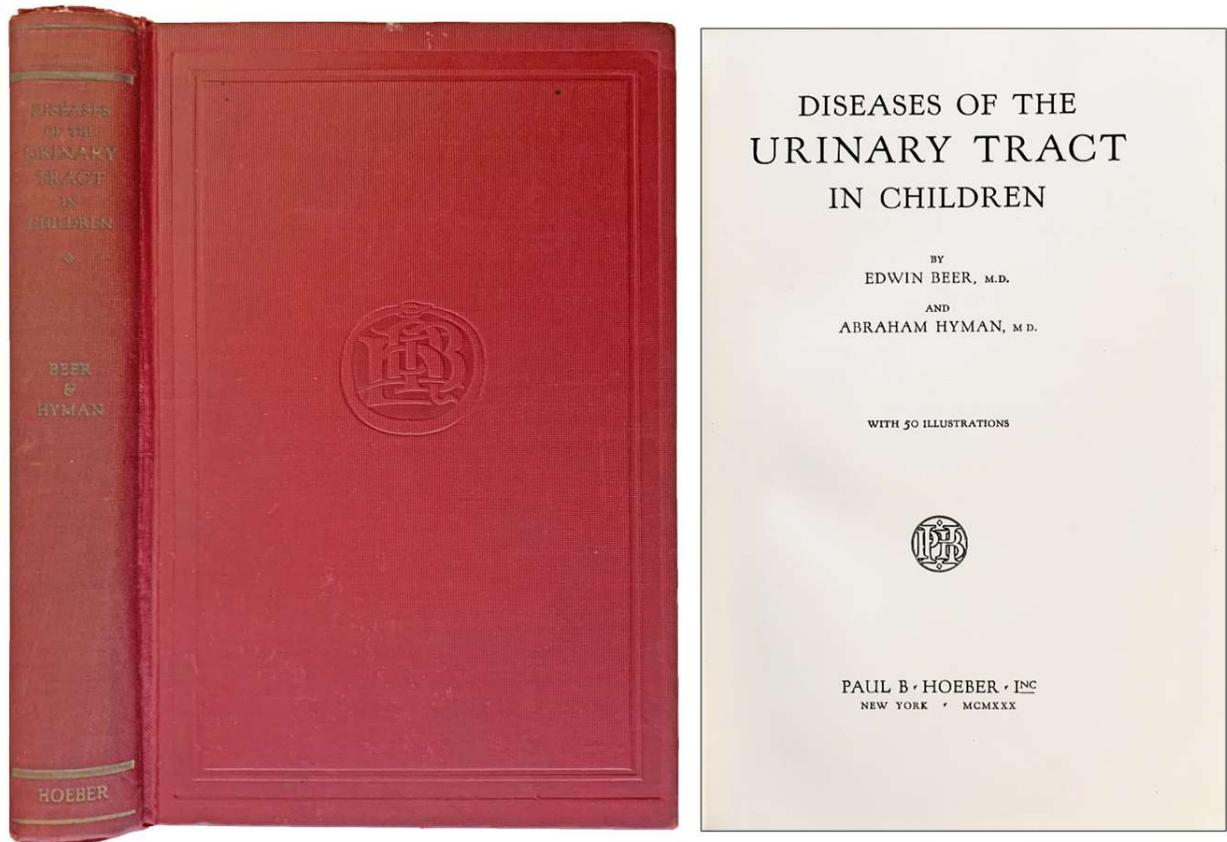


7. **BEAUMONT, William** (1785-1853). *Experiments and Observations on the Gastric Juice and Physiology of Digestion. Facsimile of the original edition of 1833 together with a biographical essay: A pioneer American physiologist, By Sir William Osler.* Boston: [Harvard Univ. Press], 1929. ¶ Reprinted on the Occasion of the XIIIth International Physiological Congress. 8vo. XL, 280 pp. Frontis. portrait, fac. Title-page, figs. Original brown cloth-back boards, printed paper spine label; spine ends lightly worn. Very good.

\$ 13

“Alexis St. Martin, a Canadian half-breed who had sustained a gastric fistula, was treated and investigated by Beaumont. With his human medium, Beaumont was the first to study digestion and the movements of the stomach in vivo. His work on the subject was the most important before Pavlov. Edinburgh imprint, 1838. Second edition, corrected, Burlington, Vt., 1847. Facsimile reprint, Cambridge, Harvard Univ. Press, 1929.”

See: Garrison and Morton 989 (1833 edition).



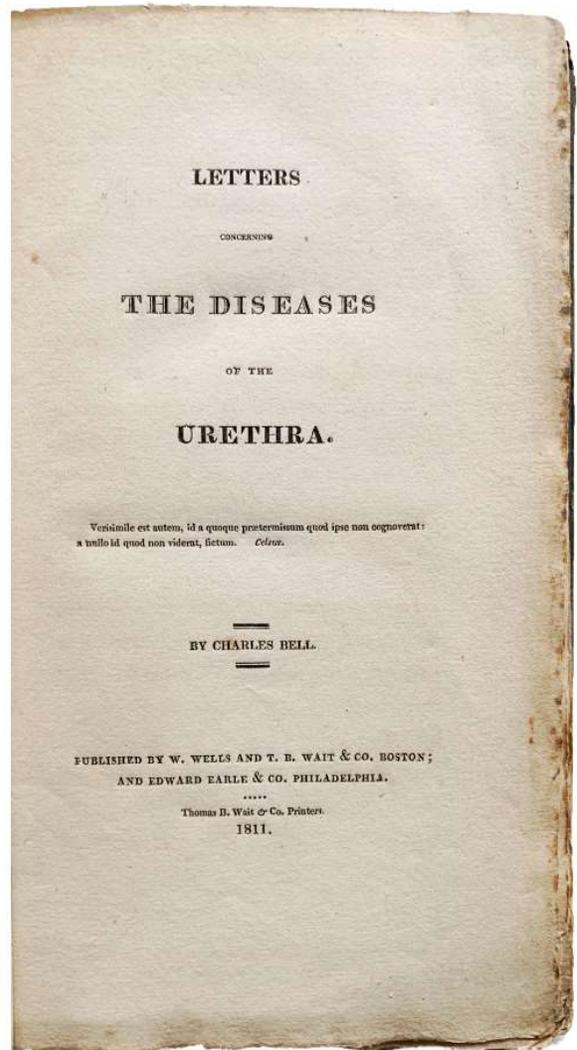
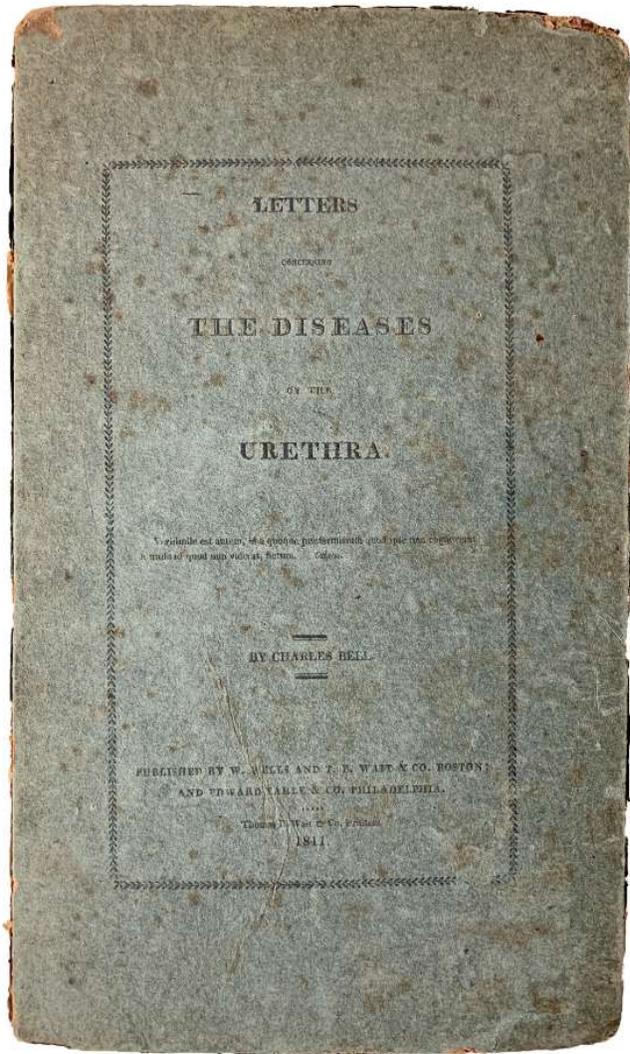
8. **BEER, Edwin; Abraham HYMAN.** *Diseases of the Urinary Tract in Children.* New York: Paul B. Hoeber, 1930. ¶ 8vo. x, 318 pp. 50 illustrations, index. Original maroon blind and gilt-stamped cloth; extremities a bit frayed. Endleaves with several rubber stamps of previous owner: Dr. Robert V. Day, Los Angeles. Very good.

\$ 150

First edition. "The authors base their work on twenty years' experience with diseases of the genito-urinary tract in children. The preliminary chapter is devoted to the symptomatology of genitourinary disease in young life. The technic of cystoscopy and pyelo-ureterography is discussed in some detail. Intravenous pyelography by the use of sodium-2-oxo-5-iodo-pyridine-n-acetate is described and its advantages and indications are pointed out. The use of the Bucky diaphragm is not advised. Edwin Beer writes on enuresis in childhood. He emphasizes the need for a thorough examination in order to determine the etiologic factor. Hyman writes the

important chapter on infections of the urinary tract (cystitis, pyelitis, pyelonephritis). He presents the most recent contributions to bacteriologic, experimental, surgical, cystoscopic and roentgenographic progress. He appropriately avers that "pyelitis" is a misnomer which covers a number of conditions, and that "pyuria" is more applicable until the true nature of the underlying lesion is understood... This monograph presents the essential clinical and special urologic data in a clear, practical manner." – JAMA. 1930;95(17):1286.

See: G. W. Kaplan, "Edwin Beer--a patriarch of pediatric urology." *Urology*, 1999, Jan;53(1):236-8. Kiefer 634.

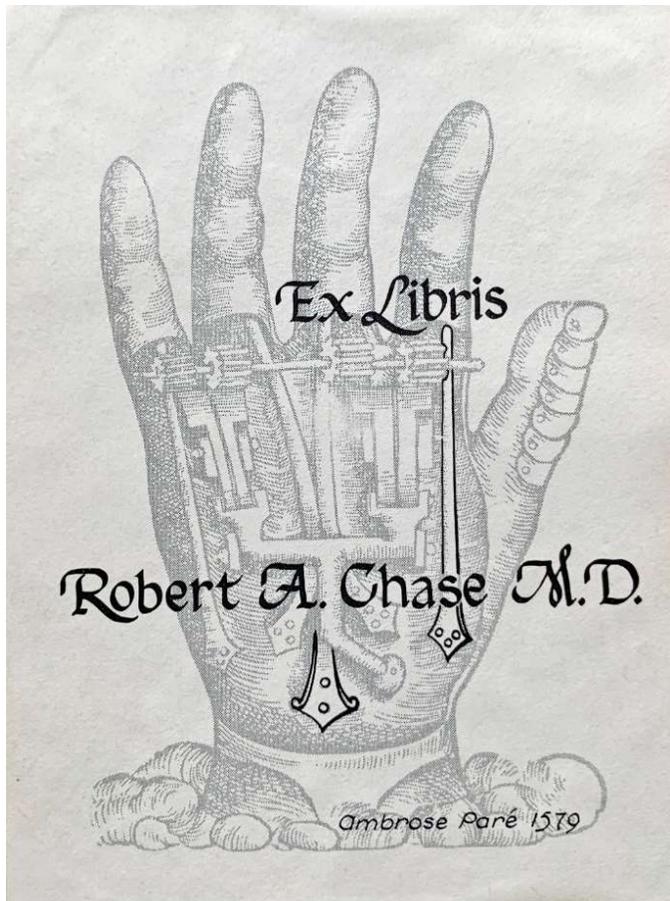


Original Blue Printed Paper Over Boards

9. **BELL, Sir Charles** (1774-1842). *Letters concerning the diseases of the urethra*. Boston: W. Wells and T.B. Wait; Philadelphia: Edward Earle, 1811. ¶ 228 x 136 mm. Small 4to. [viii], (13)-155, [1 blank], [6], [ads 2] pp. 6 engraved plates drawn by Charles Bell and engraved by Leney, UNTRIMMED; last 2 plates moderately foxed. ORIGINAL PRINTED BOARDS; extremities and spine chipped. Bookplate of Robert A. Chase. Very good. VERY RARE IN ORIGINAL PRINTED BOARDS. Laid in a new blue cloth drop-back box, black calf spine label. M6767

\$ 400

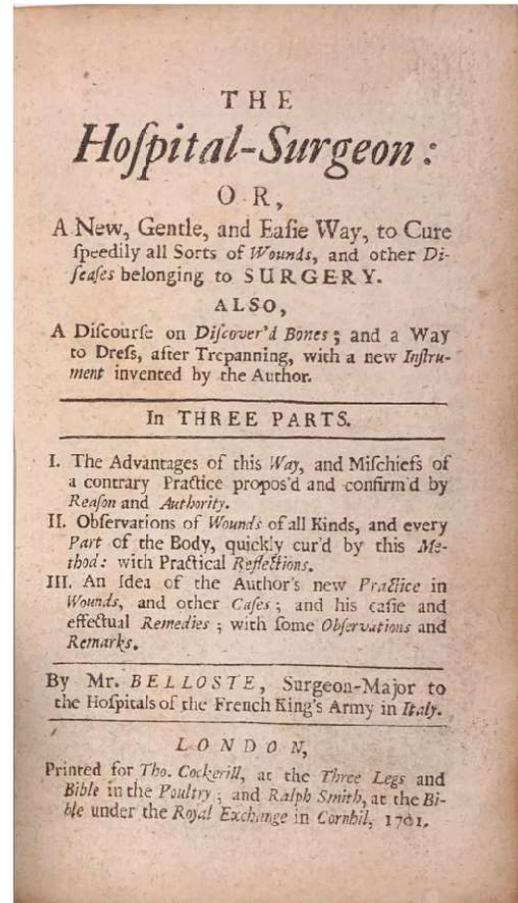
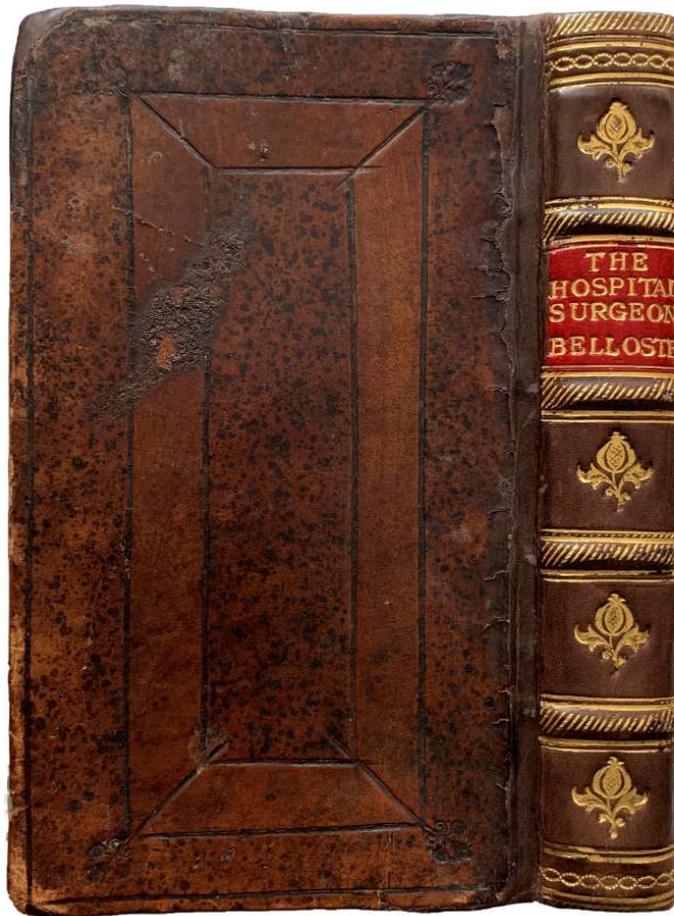
FIRST AMERICAN EDITION. First published London, 1810. In a series of three letters, Bell presented "his observations on various types of strictures in the urethra. He differentiated between simple, bridle, dilatable, spasmodic, callous, and ulcerated types of strictures and discussed their diagnosis, etiology, prognosis and treatment. All six plates were drawn by Bell, and two were also etched by him." *Heirs of Hippocrates*.



PROVENANCE: Robert A. Chase (1923-), "is an honored surgeon, researcher, educator, and pioneer in the field of hand surgery and plastic & reconstructive surgery. As a longtime member and former President of the American Society for Surgery of the Hand (joined in 1960), Dr. Chase's innovative career was the inspiration for this multimedia library. / Dr. Chase obtained a Bachelor of Science from the University of New Hampshire in 1945 and earned his medical degree from Yale University in 1947. He completed his residency at Yale University and at the University

of Pittsburgh before establishing Yale's first section of plastic surgery. In 1963, he was appointed Professor and Chairman of Surgery at Stanford University, where he was instrumental in the creation of an integrated general and plastic surgery program. Later, many schools around the nation would adopt a similar model. / In 1973 Dr. Chase became Acting Chairman of the Department of Anatomy at Stanford University. From 1974 through 1977, he served as President and Director of the National Board of Medical Examiners in Philadelphia. Dr. Chase returned to Stanford in 1977 and assumed the position of Chief of the Division of Human Anatomy until 1992. In 1988, he became Professor of Surgery, Emeritus and remained active in teaching Human Anatomy." – *American Society for Surgery of the Hand*. He was a serious collector of Sir Charles Bell.

☼ Austin 183; Cushing B262; Gordon Taylor 9; Heirs of Hippocrates (London, 1810); Hirsch, I, 377 (London, 1810); Thornton, *Medical books, libraries and collectors*, rev. ed., 153-154 (London, 1810); Wellcome, II, 136.



10. **BELLOSTE, Augustin** (1654-1730). *The Hospital-Surgeon: or, A new, gentle, and easie way, to cure speedily all sorts of wounds, and other diseases belonging to surgery. Also, a discourse on discover'd bones; and a way to dress, after trepanning, with a new instrument invented by the author ...* London: Tho. Cockerill, and Ralph Smith, 1701. ¶ 12mo. [36], 295, [5] pp. Lacks frontispiece. Original blind-stamped calf, rebacked with raised bands, gilt-stamped spine compartments, red leather label, corners renewed. Early ownership signatures (including in Preface) of Johannis Dalrymple. Very good copy, noting the frontispiece supplied in photocopy.

\$ 175

English edition. The work was first issued in 1695 and 1705, under the title of *Suite du chirurgien d'hôpital*, Paris, with a second volume issued in 1725.

Belloste describes his work thusly: “I have divided this little *Treatise*, into three Parts: In the First, I treat of *Tents* [*Patients*], and of the *Mischiefs*, that continually accompany the use of [th]’em: And after I have made it appear, that the Air is pernicious to Wounds; I add on that Occasion, a *Dissertation* on *Uncovered* Bones: And then I describe my way of *Dressing*, after performing the Operation of *the Trepan*, with a New Instrument, of my own Invention. / The second Part, contains a *Collection* of some *Cures* that I have done ... There wou’d be Reason, indeed, to think, that I had accommodated *Nature*, to my own *Sentiments*, and the *Success* of my *Practice*, might justly be call’d in question; if I had not related many very important *Experiences*, and such as were publickly perform’d ... / The third and last Part, ... with some *Observations*, and a *Description* of the simple *Remedies* that I use in the Cure of *Wounds* ...”

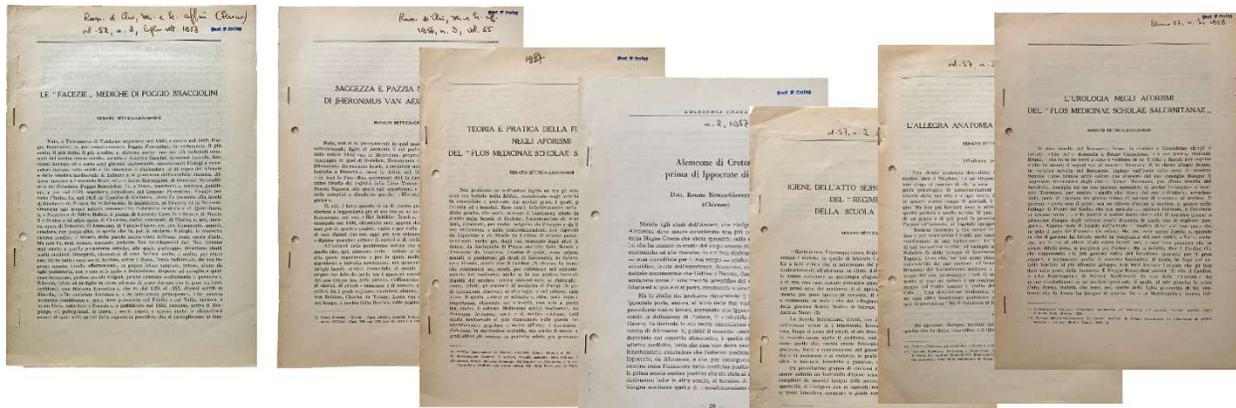
CONTENTS: Of dressing wounds; Wounds of the head, face, tongue, neck, breast, lower belly & reins, ventricle, perineum, “of the fundament”, shoulders, arms, hands, thigh, knees, leg, feet; Of tumors & abscesses, gangrene, ruptures, wounds, gun-shot wounds, burns, ulcers, fractures, dislocations, etc.

Belloste, Augustine, a French surgeon, was born at Paris in 1654, and after studying medicine and surgery, became surgeon-major to the French army in Italy, and afterwards first surgeon to the duchess dowager of Savoy. His practice was extensive and successful, and he had also cultivated polite literature with considerable enthusiasm. He is now, however, principally known by a work, which was long very popular, under the title of “*Le Chirurgien de l’hospital*,” Paris, 1695, 1705, and translated into English and most of the continental languages. There were five editions at least of the Dutch translation. In 1725 the author published a second volume at Paris, in which he advances many facts and experiments relative to the effects of mercury, of which Bianchi, professor of anatomy at Turin, availed himself in his Latin dissertation on the use of that mineral, and is said to have claimed discoveries which were really made by Belloste. The latter, however, appears to have been somewhat of a quack, as we are told that he bequeathed to his son the secret of compounding those mercurial pills, of

which he speaks so often in his “Hospital Surgeon.” – Chalmer’s Biography. Vol. IV, p. 403.

Sprengel: Belloste (Augustin). In: Johann Samuel Ersch, Johann Gottfried Gruber (Ed.): General Encyclopedia of Sciences and Arts, 1st section, 8th vol. (1822), p. 459; Belloste, Augustin. In: Heinrich August Pierer (Ed.): Universal lexicon of the present and the past. 4th edition, 2nd vol. (1857), p. 546.

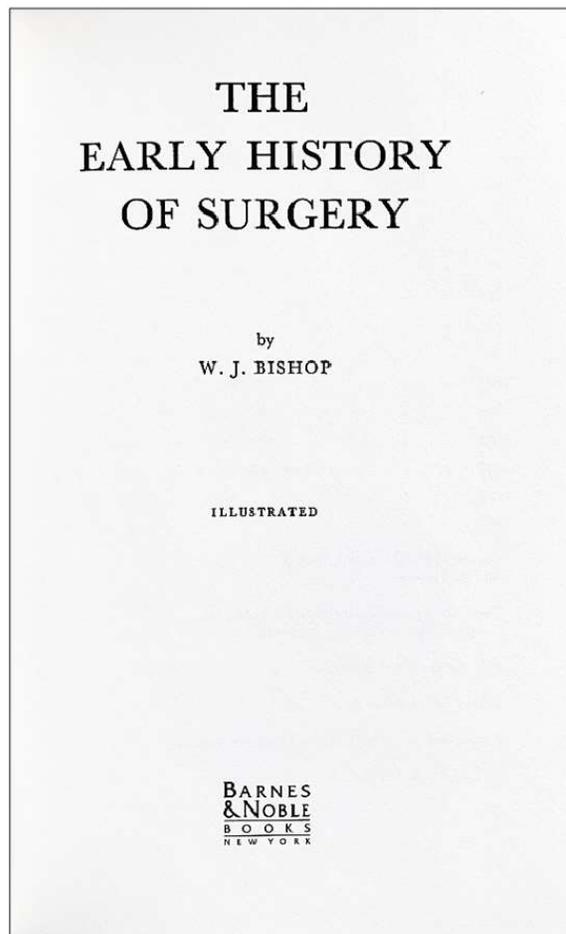
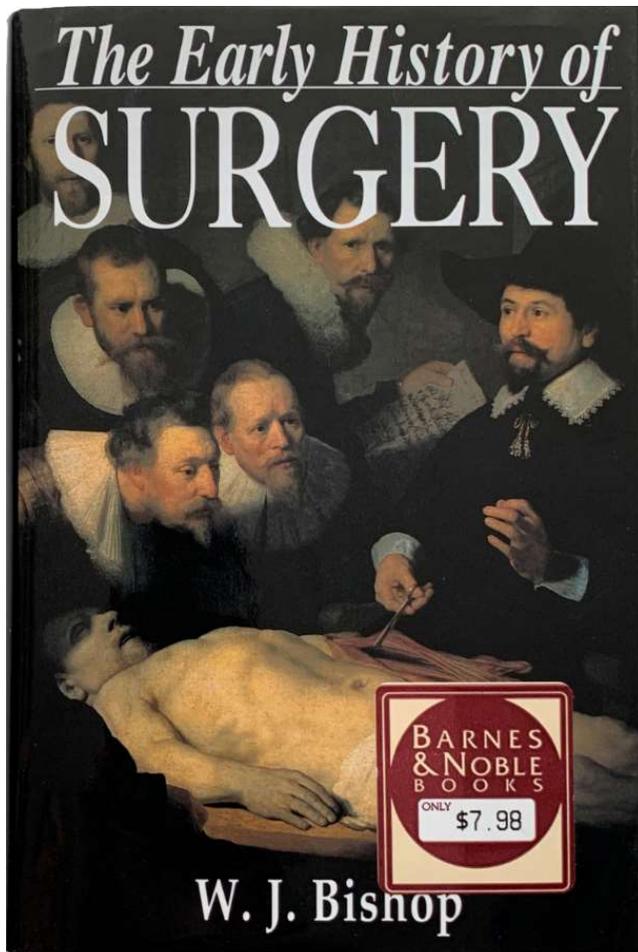
ESTCT142557.



11. **BETTICA-GIOVANNINI, Renato.** [OFFPRINT COLLECTION] A set of fourteen offprints by Renato Bettica-Giovannini on gynecology. [Italy]: dated 1953-1977. ¶ 8vo. Various paginations. Half appear to be extracted from their journal sources, while an additional seven are offprints in their original wrappers. All have ownership rubber stamps. Three are INSCRIBED BY THE AUTHOR. Very good. RARE. M5884

\$ 75

Several of these papers concentrate on the work of Giuseppe Berruti, the nineteenth century gynecologist who founded the Hospital of Maria Vittoria in Torino. Also represented in several of these papers is the School of Salerno and its recommended treatments in the late Middle Ages, including phlebotomy, urology, and sexual hygiene. Hippocrates is the earliest subject of Bettica-Giovannini's pen in this group.



12. **BISHOP, W. J.** *The Early History of Surgery*. New York: Barnes & Noble, 1995. ¶ 8vo. 192 pp. Figs., index. Cloth-backed boards, dust-jacket. Fine. \$ 6.95

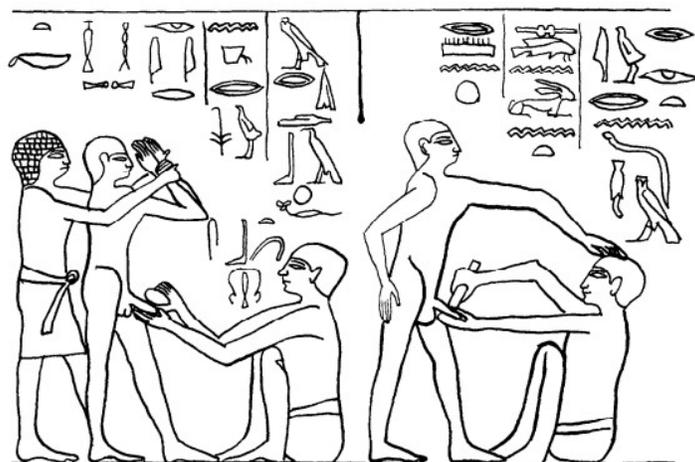
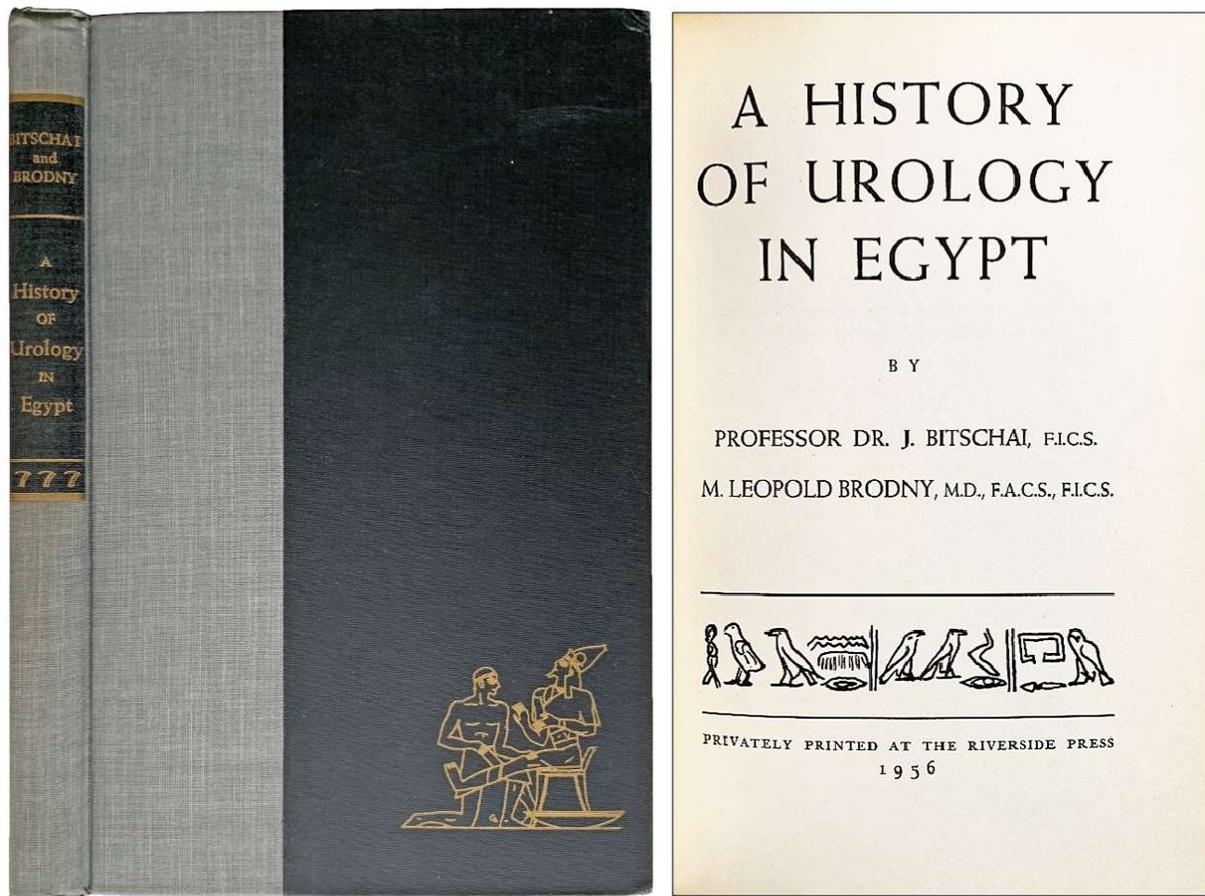


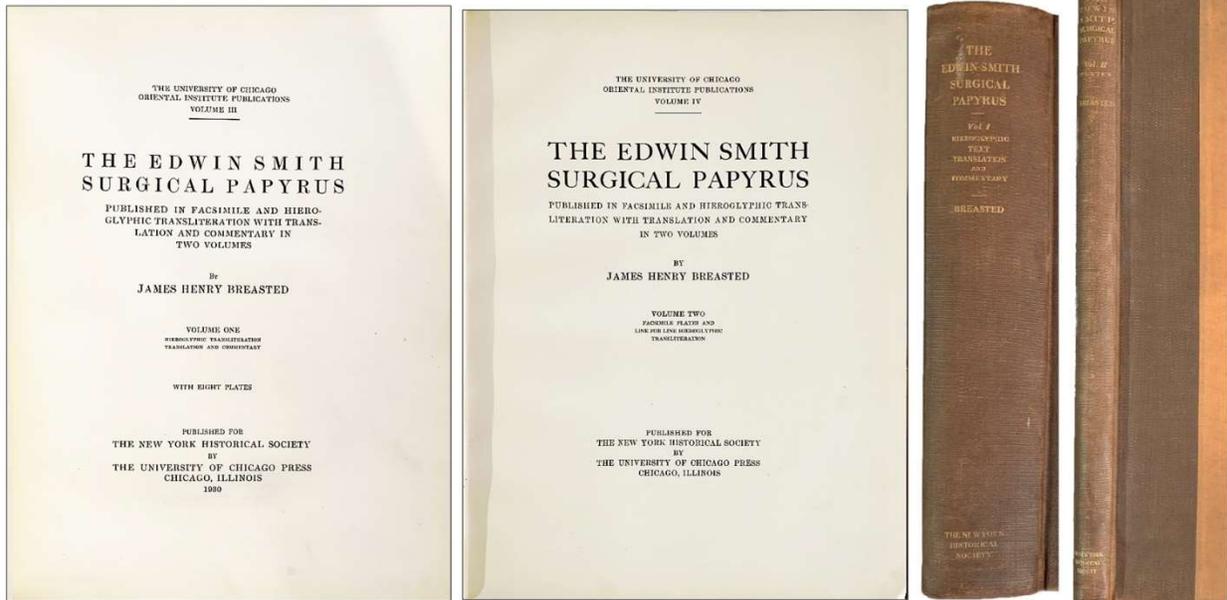
Figure 2: Egyptian Surgeon performing the operation of circumcision.



13. **BITSCHAI, J., F.I.C.S.; Max Leopold BRODNY** (1905-1979). F.A.C.S, F.I.C.S. *A history of urology in Egypt*. Cambridge (MA): Privately Printed at the Riverside Press, 1956. ¶ 8vo. vi, 122 pp. Frontis. port. of Edwin Speidel, figs. Gilt-stamped cloth. Very good.

\$ 6

Bitschai was from Alexandria, Egypt. Both authors were Fellows of the International College of Surgeons.

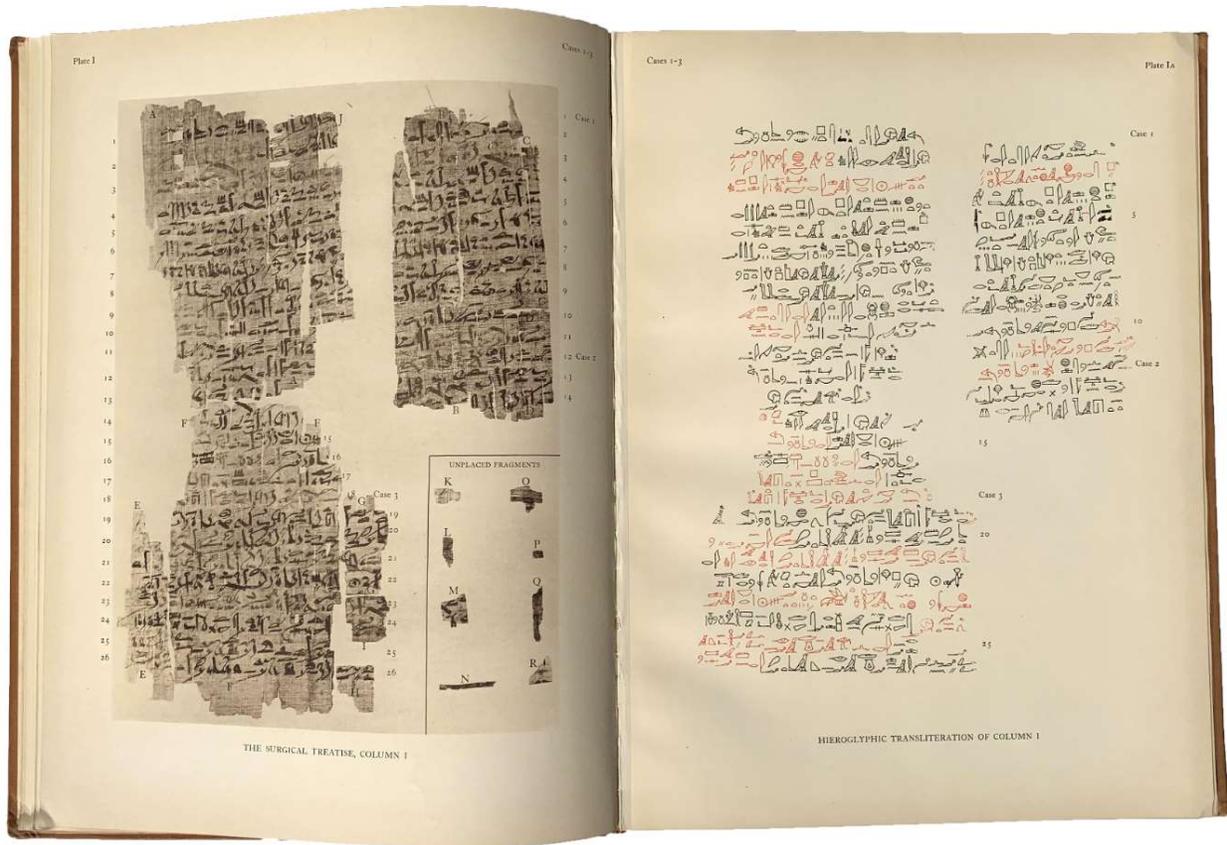


"The most complete and important treatise on surgery of all antiquity . . ."

14. **BREASTED, James Henry** (1865-1935). *The Edwin Smith Surgical Papyrus; published in facsimile and hieroglyphic transliteration with translation and commentary*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1930. ¶ Series: The University of Chicago Oriental Institute Publications, vols. III, IV. 2 volumes. Text and Atlas volumes: hieroglyphic transliteration, with translation and commentary. Complete. TEXT: [24 x 30 cm.] 4to. xxiv, 596 pp. 8 plates; ATLAS: [32 x 41 cm.]. Folio. xiii, [iii] pp. 22 double-page facsimile plates facing line-to-line hieroglyphic transliteration. Printed in red and black; some offsetting to one of the Atlas pls. Original chocolate brown cloth-backed tannish-brown boards, gilt titles; rubbed, a few minor white or black stains to covers. Bookplate of Honor M. Kidd. Very good. [M13825] \$ 325

First edition. "The Edwin Smith Papyrus is not only the oldest known medical writing but also the most complete and important treatise on surgery of all antiquity. Acquired at Luxor in 1762, it was given to the New York Historical Society by Smith's daughter in 1906. In 1920 Breasted began his careful study of the document, which culminated in a

magnificent publication (1930) with the collaboration of Dr. Arno B. Luckhardt, who paid particular attention to the interpretation of the words indicating diseases and their treatment. It was written about 1700 B.C. and was evidently a copy of a much more ancient manuscript written about 3000 B.C. . . ." [Castiglioni, *A History of Medicine*, p. 55].



The original text was written about 3000 B.C., and the present manuscript is a copy dating about 1600 B.C. It is the oldest known surgical treatise and consists entirely of case reports; it described 47 different cases of injuries and affectations of the head, nose, and mouth, together with different methods of bandaging” (Garrison & Morton 5547). “Compiled by an unknown author at a time when medicine was magico-religious, when the vocabulary of science had not yet been created, and when the first groping steps in inductive reasoning were being taken, this volume [the papyrus] is

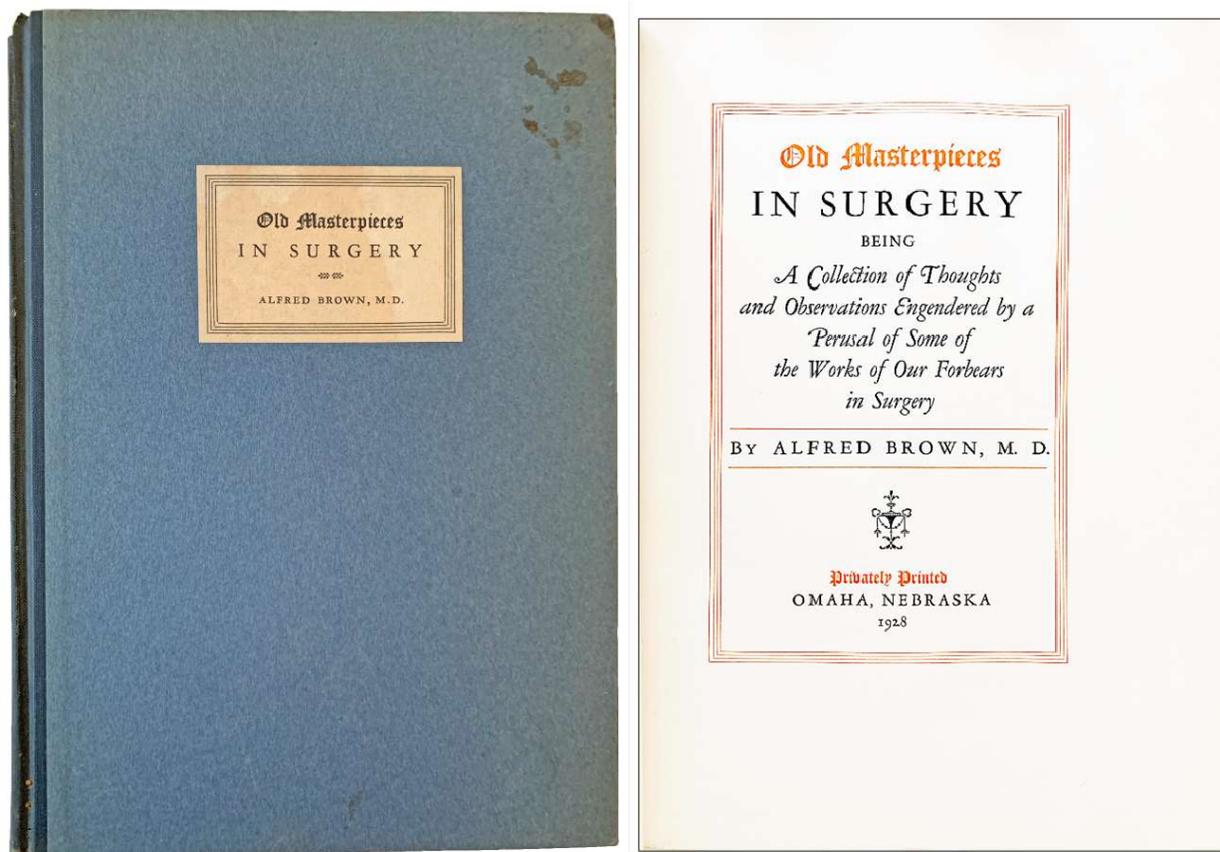
as logical as a modern textbook in surgery. In addition to its description of clinical methods then in use, it contains astonishingly accurate observations in anatomy, physiology, and pathology. Magic and mysticism are almost entirely absent. Many inferences as to medical practice in this ancient period can be drawn from this document” (Zimmerman & Veith, p. 1). The papyrus “is of special interest to the neurosurgeon because it contains the first descriptions of the cranial sutures, the meninges, the external surface of the brain, the cerebrospinal fluid, and the intracranial pulsations. It also contains the first account of surgical stitching and of various types of dressings” (Wilkins, p. 1).

"At Luxor, Egypt, in 1862 the American collector and dealer in papyrus Edwin Smith purchased the papyrus which bears his name. It is preserved at the New York Academy of Medicine. The original text was written about 3000 BCE; the present manuscript is a copy dating from about 1600 BCE. It is the oldest known surgical treatise and consists entirely of case reports; it describes 47 different cases of injuries and affections of the head, nose, and mouth, together with methods of bandaging."

"A more recent edition in French is: Claude Carrier and Dider Fournier, *Le papyrus chirurgical Edwin Smith* (New York Academy of Medicine Library). Brest: PAM, 2015. This edition includes a transcription of the text with philological analysis followed by a medical analysis case by case." [Garrison & Morton, 5547].

See: Zimmerman, Leo M.; Ilza Veith. *Great Ideas in the History of Surgery*. Novato, CA: Norman, 1993; Wilkins, Robert H. *Neurosurgical Classics*. Stuttgart: Thieme, 1992; Winnett Orr, 166.

PROVENANCE: Honor M. Kidd, MD (fl.ca.1947-1965), Vancouver, Canada. He is the author of, "Vitamin B12 Content of Circulating Leukocytes as an Aid in the Differentiation of the Acute Leukemias." *Can. Med. Assoc. J.* 1965 Feb 6; 92(6): 261–263. See also: "John Antle," by Honor M. Kidd. *Canadian Medical Assoc. J.* 1951 Nov; 65(5): pp. 484–489.



15. **BROWN, Alfred Jerome** (1878-1960). *Old Masterpieces in Surgery; being a collection of thoughts and observations engendered by a perusal of some of the works of our forbears in surgery.* Omaha, Nebraska: Privately Printed, 1928. ¶ 4to. xviii, 263 pp. Illus. Navy cloth-backed blue boards, paper spine and cover labels; but minor wear, but the text-block is waterstained (warped, and without stain marks). As is. Good. \$ 15

First book edition. This is a collection of published papers on leaders in medical history and printed in *the Surgery, Gynecology and Obstetrics* journal. It covers classical names such as Oribasius of Sardis, Alexander of Tralles, Paulus of Aegina, Roger of Salerno, John Ardene, Hans con Gerssdorff, Jacob Berengarius of Carpi, Rueff, John de Vigo, Paracelsus, John Tagault, Ambroise Pare, Pierre Franco, Leonardo Botallo, Giovanni Andrea Dalla Croce, Thomas Gale, William Clowes, Peter Lowe, John Colbatch, and Pierre Dionis, and much more.

Brown graduated from Yale University (1899) and from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University (M.D., 1903). He worked as a physician at Bellevue Hospital, New York, and later practiced medicine in Omaha, Nebraska. Brown was

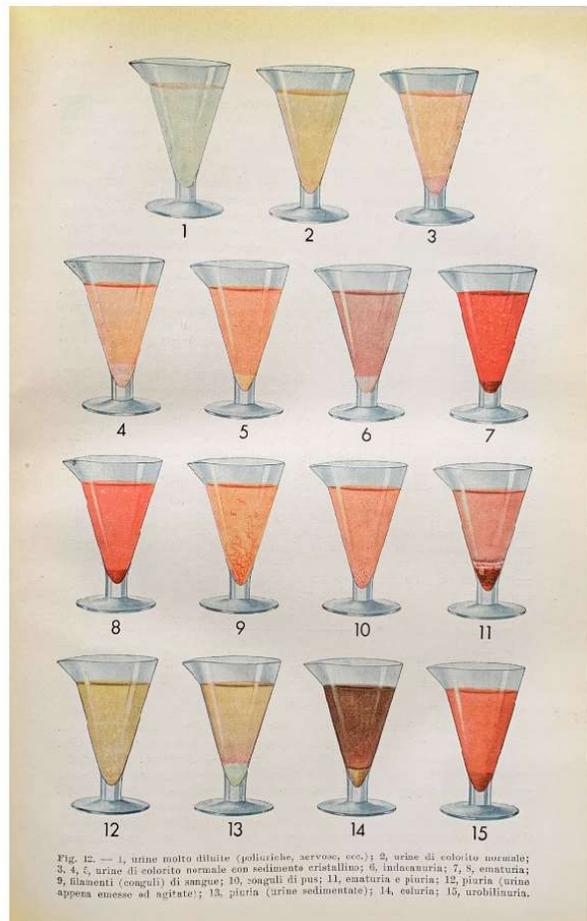
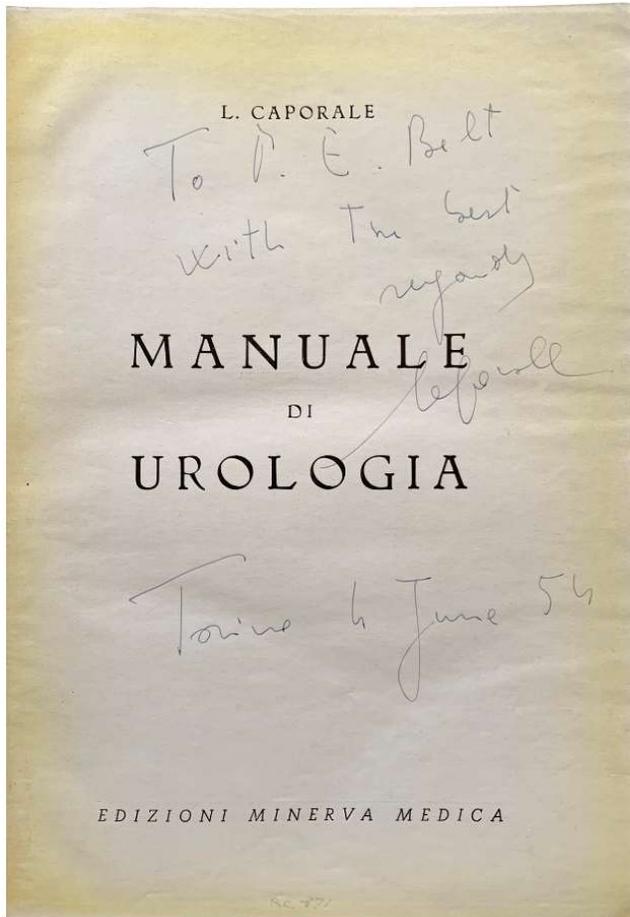
also an avid book collector. His collection on surgery was sold by Swann Auction Galleries, March 31, 1949.



16. **BRUNSCHWIG, Hieronymus** (1440-1512). *Bis ist das buch der Cirurgia. [Book of Surgery]*. New York: Editions Medicina Rara, [1971?]. ¶ 4to. CXXVIII ff. Illustrations (some color). Quarter parchment, mauve paper over boards, slip-case. Fine.

\$ 45

Limited edition of 2500 copies with this binding. Facsimile of the Strassburg Grünninger, 1497 edition. "The first illustrated textbook printed in the field of surgery." See: Garrison and Morton 5559.

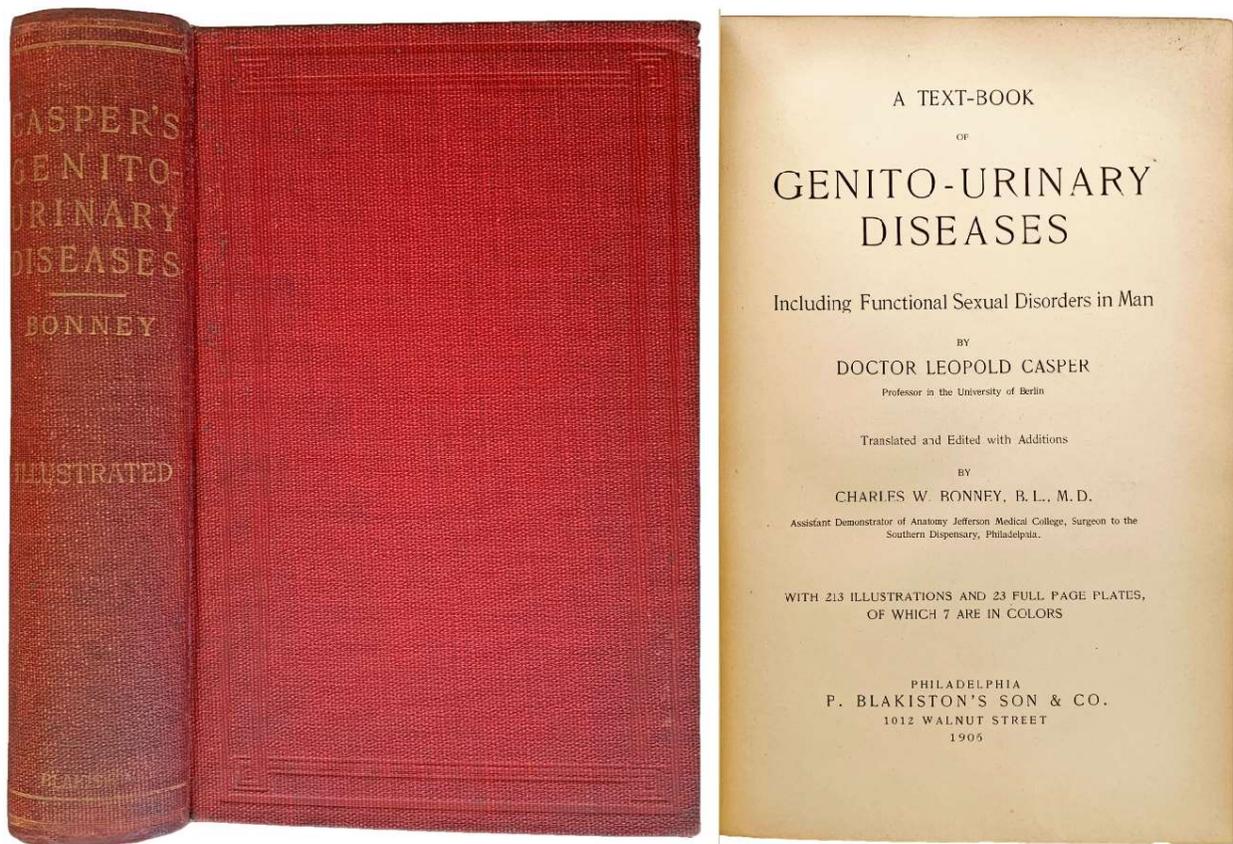


Elmer Belt's Copy & Inscribed by the Author to Him

17. **CAPORALE, Luigi** (1900-). *Manuale di urologia*. (Torino): Minerva Medica, (1952). ¶ 258 x 188 mm. Tall 8vo. xx, 838 pp. 438 figs. (some color or highlighted with colors); dis-colored edges. Gilt-stamped green cloth; spine and edges sunned. Bookplate of Elmer Belt. PRESENTATION COPY INSCRIBED BY THE AUTHOR on the title. Very good. RARE. M4739

\$ 50

PROVENANCE: Elmer Belt (1893-1980), American urologist, studied at Berkeley and took the first course offered by Herbert McLean Evans. He became a leading urological surgeon and pioneer in sex reassignment surgery. A passionate bibliophile, he excelled in his library of da Vinciana, the works by and relating to Leonardo da Vinci, located at University of California, Los Angeles Library.



18. **CASPER, Leopold** (b. 1859). *A text-book of genito-urinary diseases including functional sexual disorders in man. Translated and edited with additions by Charles W. Bonney.* Philadelphia: P. Blakiston's Son, 1906. ¶ 242 x 163 mm. 8vo. xii, 618 pp. 213 figs., 23 flats (7 color), index. Blind-stamped red cloth, gilt spine; expertly re-cased. Bookplate of Elmer Belt. Fine. M4740

\$ 40

FIRST AMERICAN EDITION. Represents the latest and best teaching in genito-urinary diseases and presents such innovations as radical operations for hypertrophy of the prostate. See: Murphy, History of urology, passim. Cordasco 00-0525.

CASPER →

PLATE I

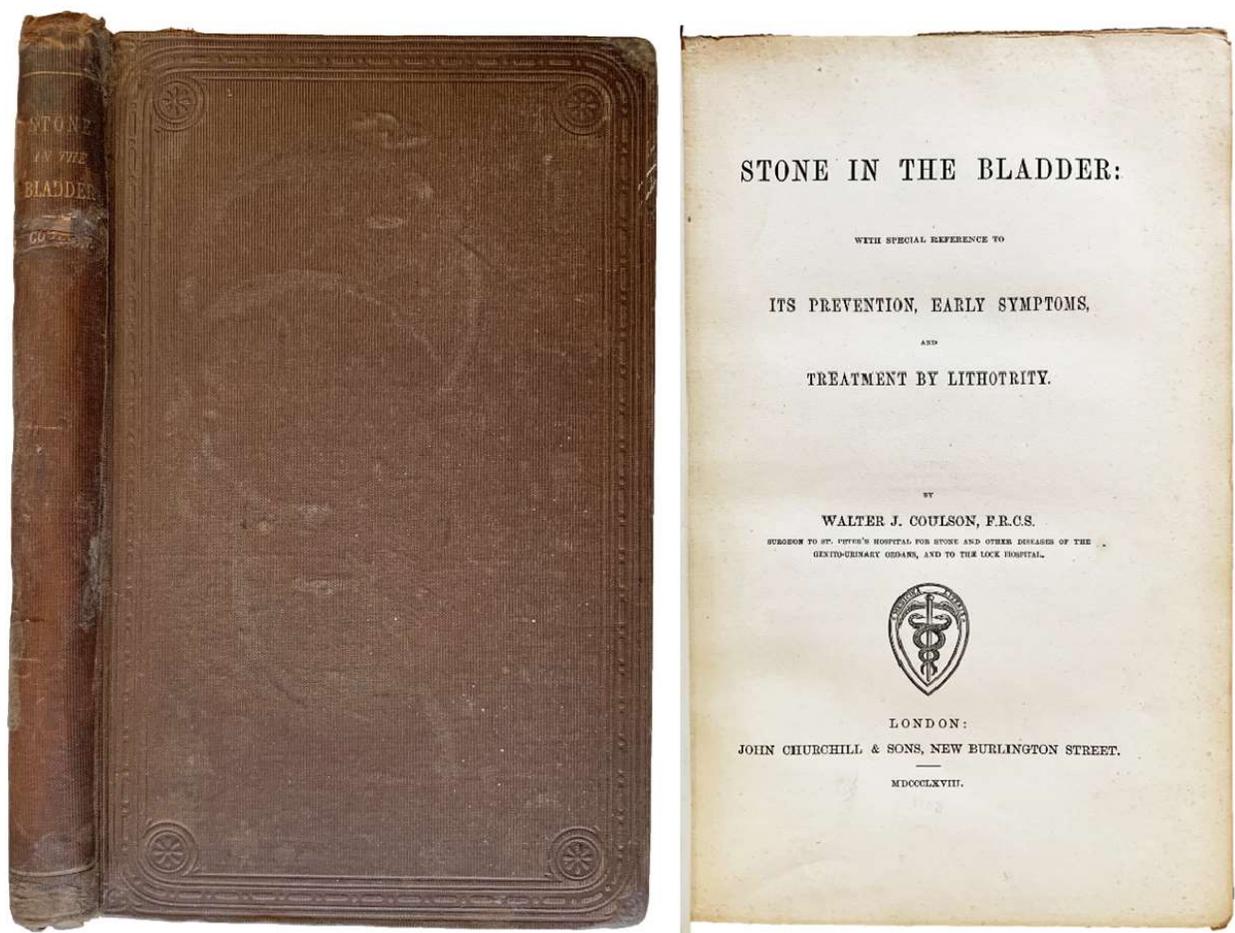


CARCINOMA OF THE PENIS (ROHMANN).

PLATE XIV



CHRONICALLY INFLAMED TESTICLE REMOVED FROM THE ABDOMEN.
TORSION OF THE CORD AND HEMORRHAGE HAD OCCURRED.
(DRAWING FROM A SPECIMEN PRESENTED TO THE
EDITOR BY DR. L. W. STEINBACH.)



19. **COULSON, Walter John, F.R.C.S.** *Stone in the Bladder; with special reference to its prevention, early symptoms, and treatment by lithotripsy.* London: John Churchill and sons, 1868. ¶ 8vo. xviii, 124 pp. Original dark brown blind and gilt-stamped cloth; kozo repairs to extremities. Good copy. Scarce.

\$ 75

First edition. Coulson was elected Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, was surgeon to St. Peter's Hospital for stone and other diseases of the genito-urinary organs, and to the Lock Hospital.

CROSSE →

Mr Rowland Tomes Esq

in token of esteem for
his arrangements & services
with the most steady & amicable to the Department

John Green Esq

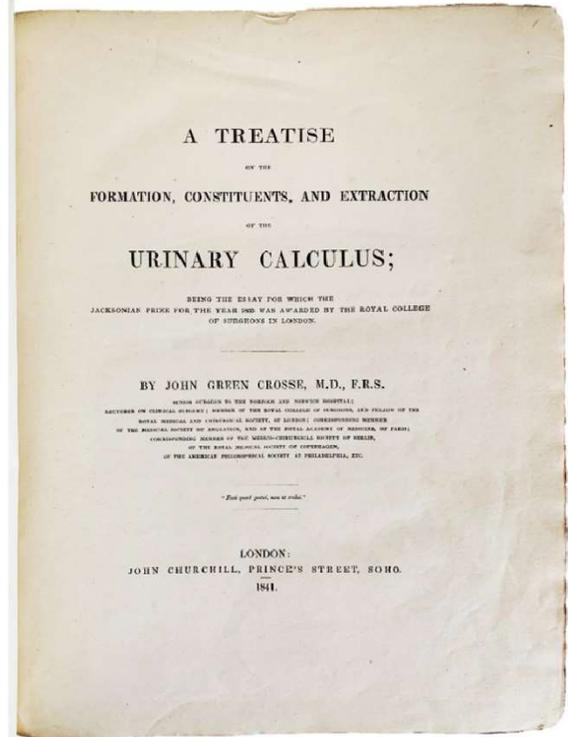
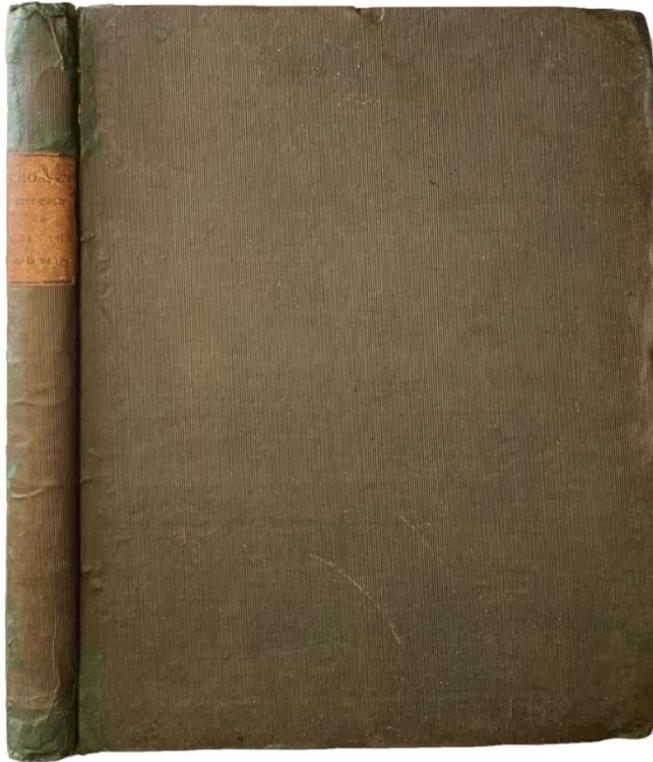
Norwich

May 16/45 —

Hygiamas on examining the body of Hellet de
Cauter Christmas Lane 1. 1842. 27

It considerable quantity of sperm tapers with stone
was found in the cavity of the right Uterus. The cavity
of the left Uterus was obliterated by the calcification.
The lungs themselves were not diseased.

The Plicae Seminales was much thickened, and on being
cut, it's cavity was found filled with conglomerate
stone. In the spermatophore of 10 or 12 O's, which had become
a little above it origin in the left Uterus. On
laying open the coats there was seen a small vessel
from which arise glands and sperm tapers. The
coat of the vessel for some distance, & in the
about an inch above the Plicae Seminales. The
Christoph then having thus found the stone
been shown by the action of the acid, the stone
into a considerable coat of the artery, the stone
then from one another, through the stone
from the origin of the coats of the Uterus
a kind he found the left Uterus. The Plicae
than a species of Plicae Seminales. The sperm
to make quantity of conglomerate stone. The
throughout, was consisted of sperm tapers



Presentation Copy
Jacksonian Prize Essay on Kidney Stone Disease

20. **CROSSE, John Green, F.R.C.S., F.R.S.** (1790–1850). *A Treatise on the Formation, Constituents, and Extraction of the Urinary Calculus; being the essay for which the Jacksonian prize for the year 1833 was awarded by the Royal College of Surgeons in London.* London: John Churchill, 1835.

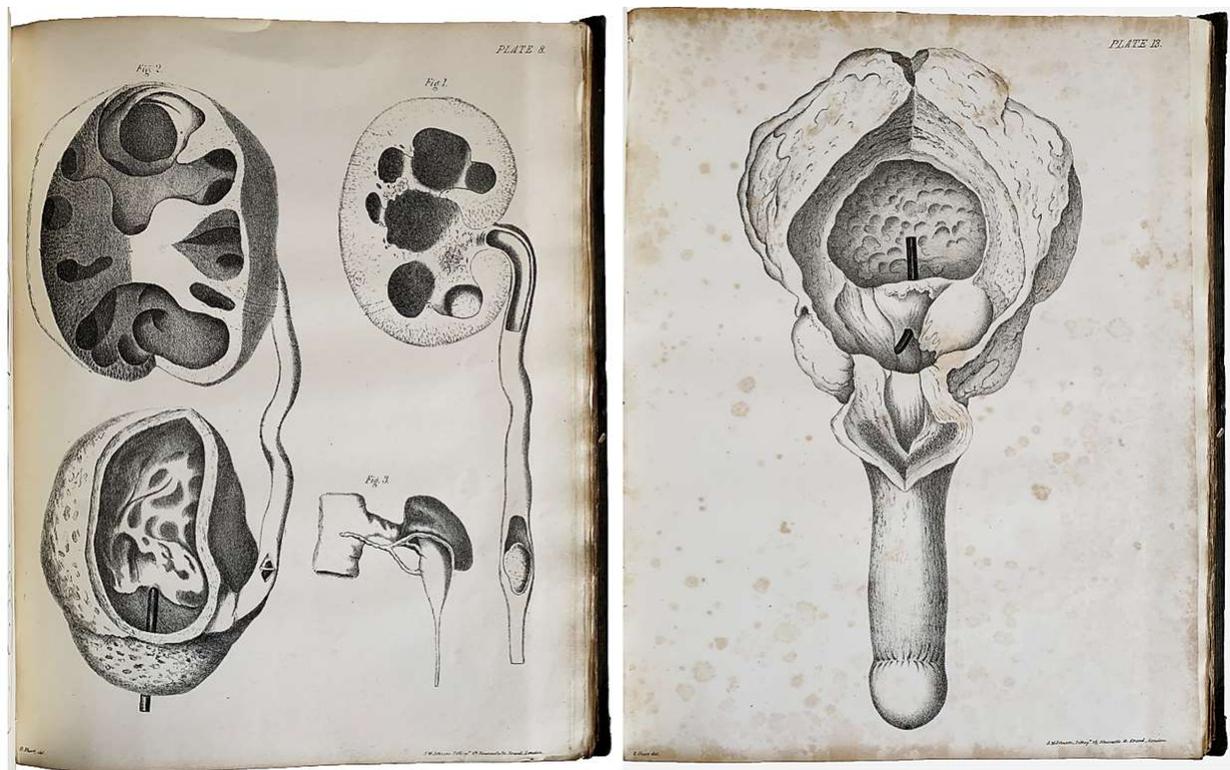
¶ 4to. 231, [1] pp. 29 lithographic plates (printed by J.M. Johnson). Original full green ribbed publisher's cloth, paper spine label (soiled); spine ends and inner joints mended with kozo, corners reinforced. Very good.

PRESENTATION COPY, "To Mr. Rowland Townshend Cobbold in token of esteem for his acquirements conjoined with the most steady & amiable Department. John Green Crosse, Norwich, May 16/45."

\$ 1250

Second issue (previously issued in 1835). Both issues are very scarce and probably they are the same, as the paginations & plate counts match.

This work on kidney stone disease was the subject of the Jacksonian prize awarded by the Royal College of Surgeons in London, who recognized the knowledge and experience of Dr. Crosse in his "very extensive" research in to the field. Crosse was, at the time, serving in the "notorious Norfolk and Norwich Hospital which had the highest incidence of stone disease in England. This institution had the largest collections of stones for analysis... He organized the work into 12 chapters that presented the different chemical types of stones, the proposed mechanism of growth, and the origins in the kidneys and then diverts our attention to the surgical aspects as might be expected from a surgeon. He unlike many others, however, pointed to many of the problems of current surgery including the reliance on poor diagnostic methods, such as sounding." (Moran, p. 113).



In addition to the presentation volume there is a two-page autograph letter, being the correspondence of one physician to another over a medical case study. This is the medical report on examining the post-mortem body of Sir Arthur Chichester, M.D., 7th Baronet, June 3, 1842. (1790-1842). [see below]

"The labours of Drs. Yelloly and Prout have of late thrown so much light upon the formation and chemical composition of urinary deposits, that our author has not thought it expedient to dilate much upon these topics. With regard to the causes of calculous disorders, he agrees with all other writers, that they are generally consequent on dyspepsia; but he attributes more importance to sudden changes in the temperature of the atmosphere than, we believe, they are generally acknowledged to deserve. It is, in his opinion, to this cause that the county of Norfolk owes its unfortunate preeminence in the frequency of these affections; and, in support of this hypothesis, our author asserts that he has 'repeatedly known persons, who were free from gravelly complaints whilst residing in the metropolis, affected by them, on spending a few weeks in the county referred to, and relieved, or entirely freed from them, on a change of residence, although in each situation they followed carefully the same diet.'" (p. 3). *The Medical Quarterly Review*, IV, (1835), pp. 156-7. (see: pp. 156-174).

Crosse taught Dr. Thomas Spencer Cobbold, F.R.S., F.L.S. (1828-1886), helminthologist, at Norfolk and the Norwich Hospital. Thomas Spencer Cobbold's father was the Rev. Richard Cobbold (1797-1877). While I know that Thomas Spencer Cobbold and Rowland Townshend Cobbold are related, it is difficult to ascertain by what relation they are connected.

John Green Crosse was a well-known English surgeon of his day, at the Norfolk and Norwich Hospital. After completing his apprenticeship in Stowmarket, he studied at St. George's Hospital and at the Windmill Street School of Medicine in London. He then moved to Dublin and Paris, finally settling in Norwich in 1815. In 1823 he became assistant-surgeon to the Norfolk and Norwich Hospital, and in 1826 surgeon. His reputation as a lithotomist, and in 1836 he was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society. In 1833 he obtained the Jacksonian prize of the Royal College of Surgeons of England for a work on *The Formation, Constituents, and Extraction of the Urinary Calculus*, which was published in 1835, with illustrations by the Norwich artist

Obadiah Short.[3] He also published several papers in the Transactions of the Provincial Medical and Surgical Association, of which he was president in 1846. [Wikip.]. *DNB*, V, p. 225.



PROVENANCE: Rowland Townshend Cobbold (1821-1895), M.R.C.S., surgeon, "who went to great pains to interest his children in the love and knowledge of birds, beasts and flowers and probably of stones and fossils." Rowland Townshend Cobbold's father was Robert Knipe Cobbold (1792-1859)

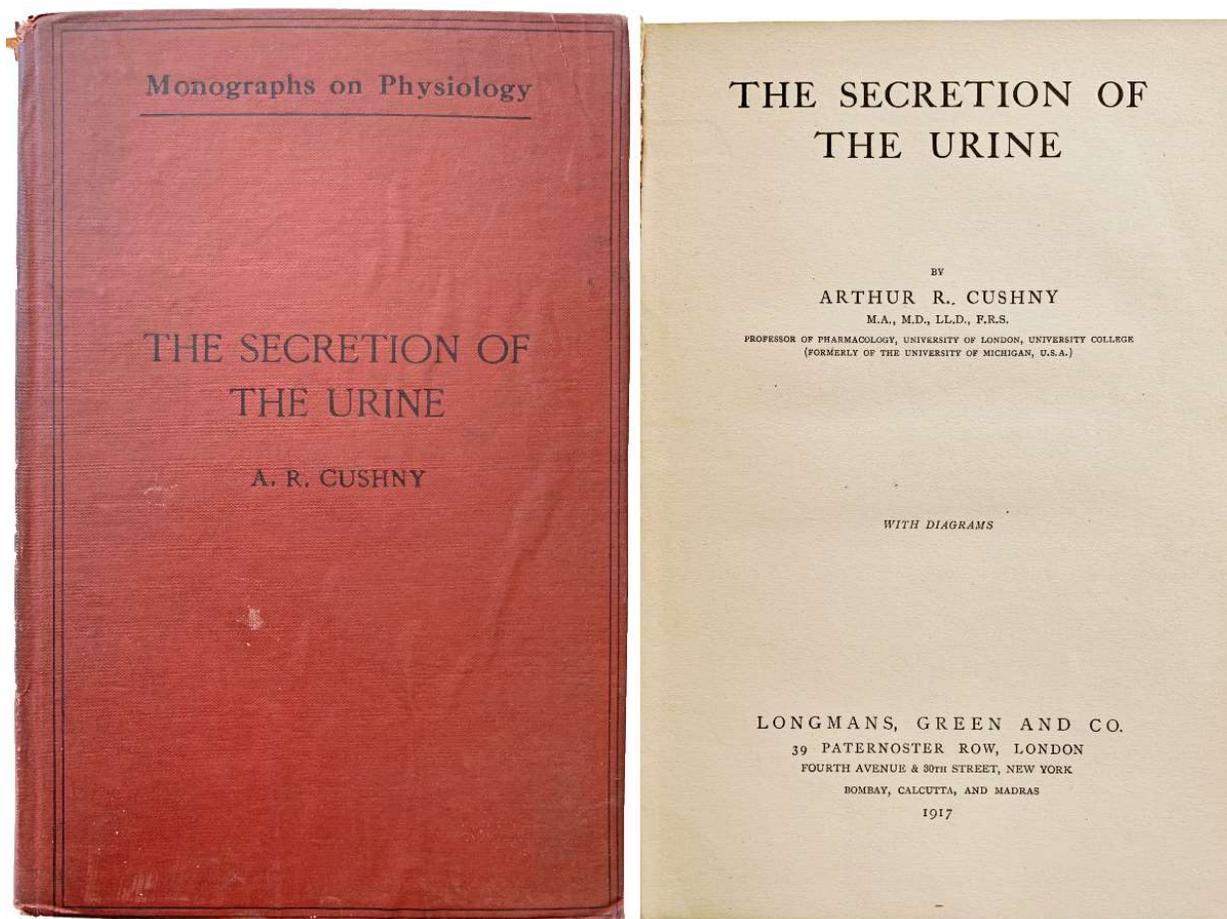
Kiefer 126; Wellcome II, p. 410.

See: Michael E. Moran, *Urolithiasis: A Comprehensive History*, Springer, (2013), page 113.

[Manuscript: Autopsy report, British] Appearances on examining the body of the late Sir Arthur Chichester June 1, 1842. [signed] J. T.

A considerable quantity of serum tinged with blood was found in the cavity of the right plexus. The cavity of the left plexus was obliterated by old adhesions. The lungs themselves were not diseased.

The pericardium was much distended, and on opening into it, it's cavity was found filled with coagulated blood to the spleen of 10 or 12 ounces, which had found its way through a small aperture in the aorta a little above its origin in the left ventricle. On laying open the aorta there was seen a small ulcerated aperture through the inner + middle coats from either side of which ascent through the two coats extended for some distance, + situated about an inch above the ventricular valves. Through this opening thus formed the blood had been forced by the action of the heart between the outer and middle coats of the artery separating them from one another, through the whole extent from the origin of the aorta in the ventricle to a point beyond the left Subclavian Artery, forming thus a species of diffused aneurysm, which contained a considerable quantity of coagulated blood. This coagulum though recent, was evident by [some?] days older date then that contained in the pericardium. The opening in the outer coat, by which the blood escaped into the pericardium, was not opposite to that in the other coats. The artery, with the above exception was healthy, presenting no dilatations nor deposits into coats. The other cavities of the body we're not examined. June 3, 1842.



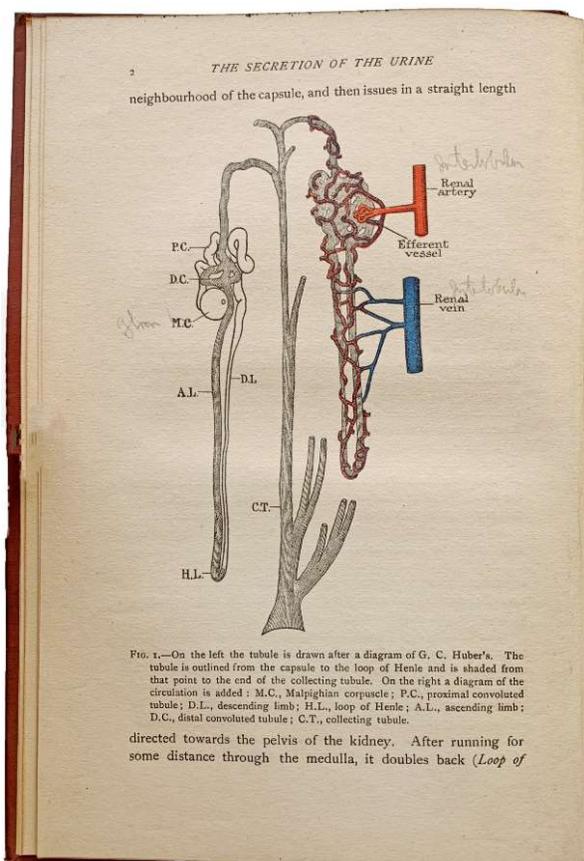
21. **CUSHNY, Arthur Robertson** (1866-1926). *The secretion of the urine*. London: Longmans, Green, 1917. ¶ Series: Monographs on Physiology. 8vo. xi, 241 pp. Figs. (some in color), diagrams, index. Brown cloth printed in black; bottom of spine bumped, spine top frayed. Bookplate of Willard E. Goodwin. M4741

\$ 45

"Ludwig's theory was revived with modifications in 1917 by Arthur Cushny, a scientific grandson of Ludwig for he had studied with one of Ludwig's pupils. Cushny claimed for the new theory not only that it was more consistent with experimental results but that it offered a plan for further work. The later development of kidney research has bound him out. Most recent research on the kidney has consisted of further exploration of particular aspects of Cushny's theory. One of his most

important contributions was to introduce the concept of 'threshold bodies' which is fundamental to all modern renal theory and to renal function tests." Fulton and Wilson, *Selected Readings in the History of Physiology*, pp. 350, 365.

Arthur Robertson Cushny studied medicine at Marischal College, Aberdeen, and became a Scottish pharmacologist and physiologist. He was chair of pharmacology at University College London from 1905, then in 1918 he went to Edinburgh for the chair formerly held by Sir Thomas Fraser whom he succeeded. He was elected, in 1919, a Fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh.

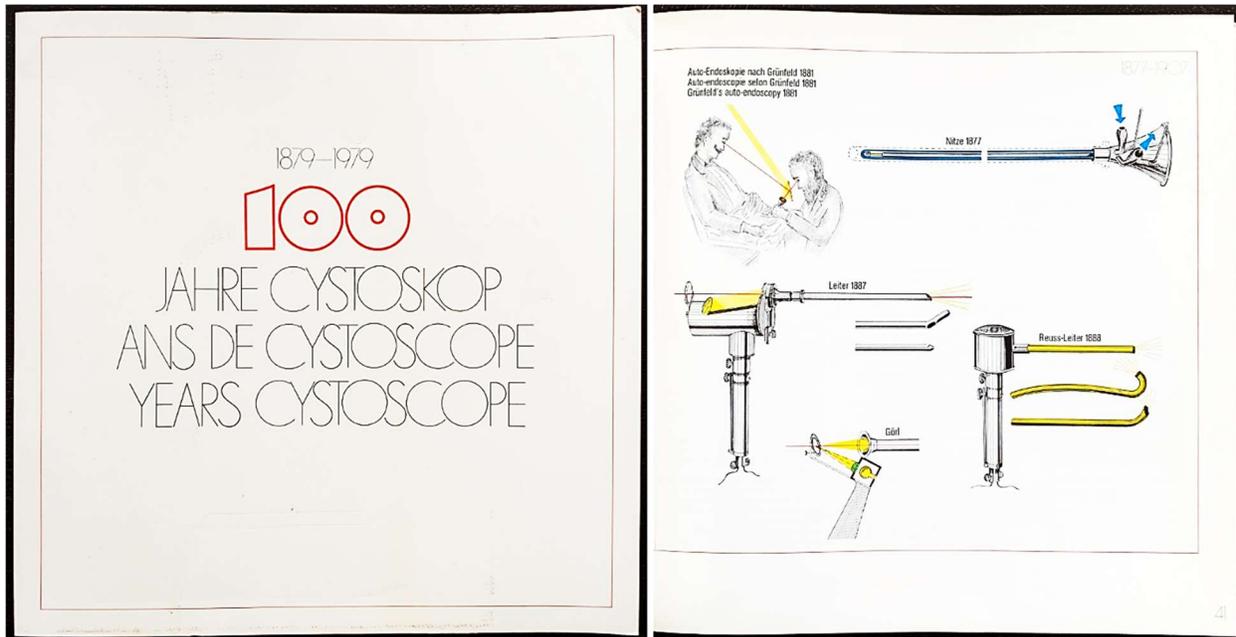


PROVENANCE: Willard Elmer Goodwin (1915-1998), Willard Elmer Goodwin, M.D. (1915-1998) was the founding chair of the Division of

Urology in the Department of Surgery at the UCLA School of Medicine, best known for his innovative techniques in urology and his work in organ and graft transplantation. Collection consists of Goodwin's personal and professional correspondence, photographs, publications, early manuscript drafts, scrapbooks, slides, miscellaneous papers and a cystoscope set.

Dr. Starzl wrote: " Dr. Willard E. Goodwin was a successful surgeon, urologist, and longtime companion and colleague of Dr. Starzl. Born and raised in California, Goodwin attended the University of California at Berkeley before moving on to Johns Hopkins to pursue his medical degree. Goodwin was heavily influenced by his uncle, Dr. Elmer Belt, one of the founders of the University of California at Los Angeles Medical Center; Goodwin followed in his footsteps and pursued a similar career in urology. He interned at Johns Hopkins' Brady Urological Institute for just over a year before being swept up by World War II, where he served both in the South Pacific and England. Returning to the Brady after the war's end, he soon began making waves with novel urological discoveries. In 1951, Goodwin accepted a position at UCLA as the Head of the Division of Urology. Under his leadership, the fledgling program began to take off, introducing new techniques, procedures, and tools, such as the percutaneous nephrostomy tube. " – Thomas E. Starzl.

☀ Garrison and Morton 1237. Gottschalk, *Renal Physiology*, 171. See: Ganesh S. Palapattu, David A Bloom, Robert B Smith, Richard J Boxer, "Willard E. Goodwin: educator, innovator and pioneer," *Journal of Urology*, 2004 Jul;172(1):40-4.



22. **[Cystoscope] Richard Wolf GmbH. 1879-1979: 100 Jahre Cystoskop; [100] Ans de Cystoscope; [100] Years Cystoscope.** Knittlingen: Richard Wolf, 1979. ¶ 24 cm square. 115 pp. Illustrated. Printed wrappers; upper cover with some creasing. Very good. Scarce.

\$ 55

Illustrating one hundred years of the cystoscope, from the invention by Nitze in 1879. “Leiter and other manufacturers developed endoscopes with identical or similar design features for all the other special fields of medicine.” Text in German, French, English.

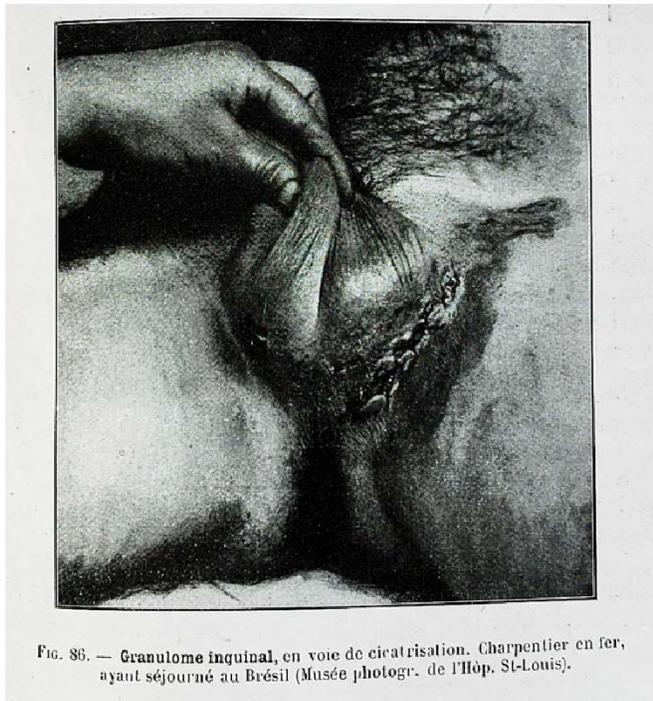
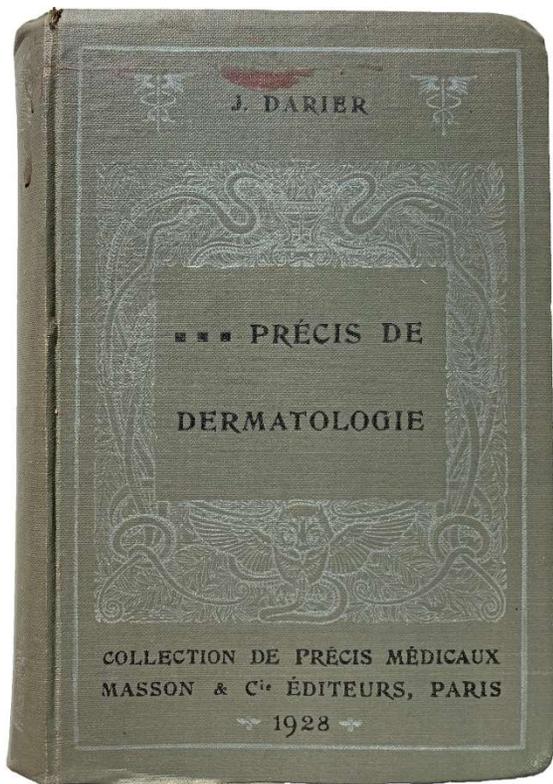


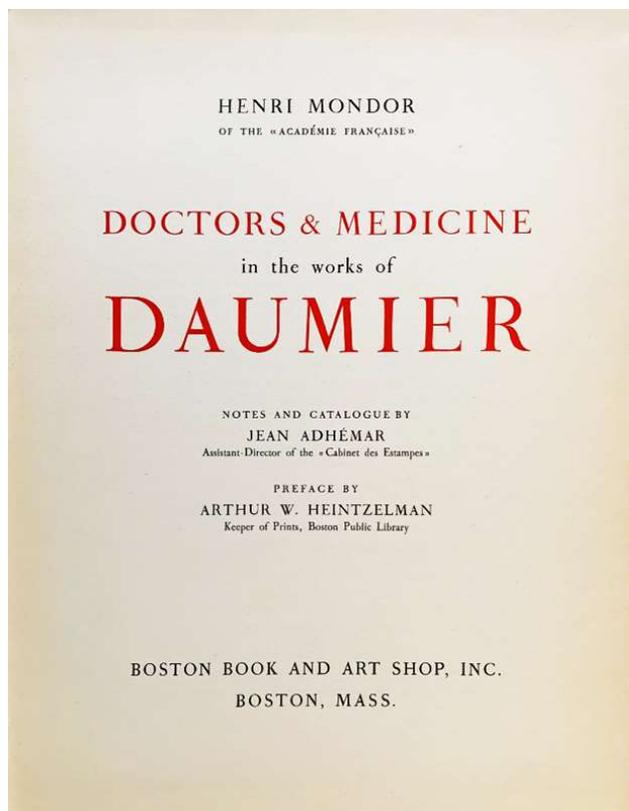
Fig. 86. — Granulome inguinal, en voie de cicatrisation. Charpentier en fer, ayant séjourné au Brésil (Musée fotogr. de l'Hôp. St-Louis).

23. **DARIER, Jean** (1856-1938). *Precis de Dermatologie*. Paris: Masson et Cie, 1928. ¶ Thick small 8vo. 220 figures, index. Original gray cloth stamped in black and white. Bookplate of Andrew M. Davidson; ex-library bookplate of Stanford University School of Medicine. Very good. M13884

\$ 30

Fourth edition, revised and enlarged. Jean Darier is known for his contributions in dermatology, including the classification of the skin eruptions associated with tuberculosis (Garrison and Morton 4122), the identification of Acanthosis nigricans (Garrison and Morton 4113), and the description of Dyskeratosis follicularis ("Darier's disease" Garrison and Morton 4097).

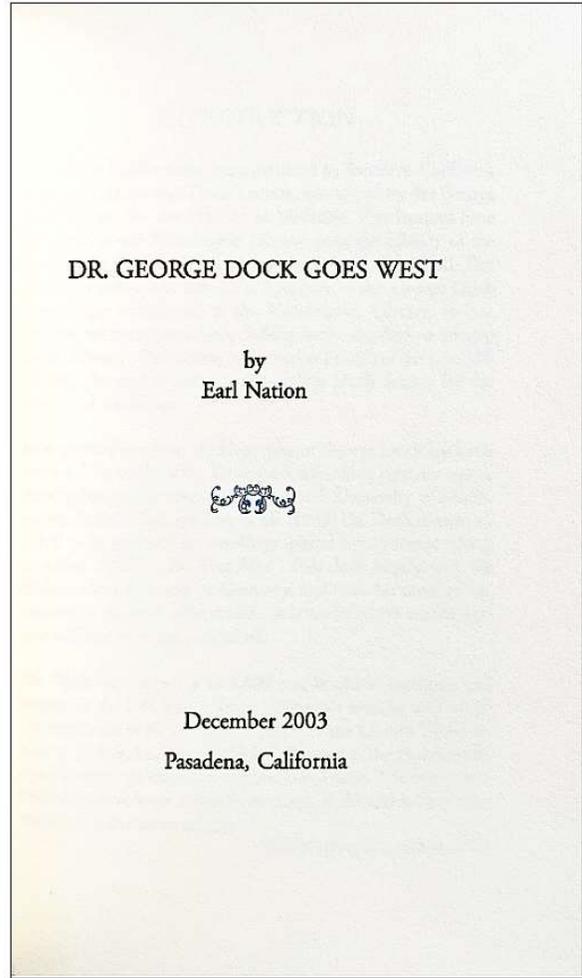
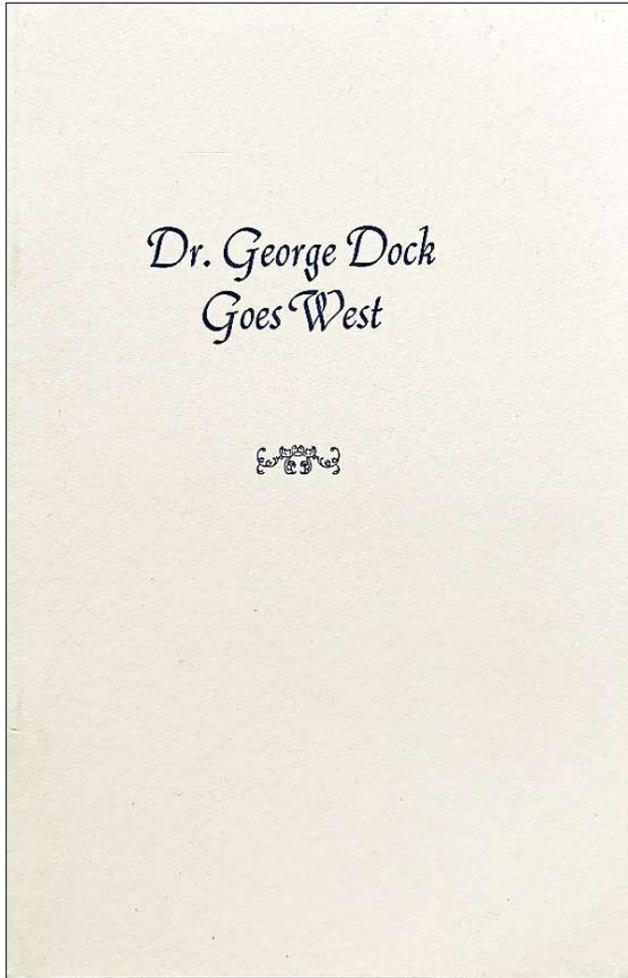
PROVENANCE: Dr. Andrew M. Davidson, took his residency at the Winnipeg Children's Hospital, later was in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. His library went to the Stanford University School of Medicine, Dept. of Dermatology.



24. **DAUMIER, Honoré (1808-1879); Henri MONDOR.** *Doctors & Medicine in the Works of Daumier. Notes and catalogue by Jean Adhémar. Preface by Arthur W. Heintzelman.* Boston: Boston Book and Art Shop, 1960. ¶ 4to. 135, [1] pp. 48 plates. Cloth. Very good.

\$ 10

Translated from the French by C. de Chabanne.

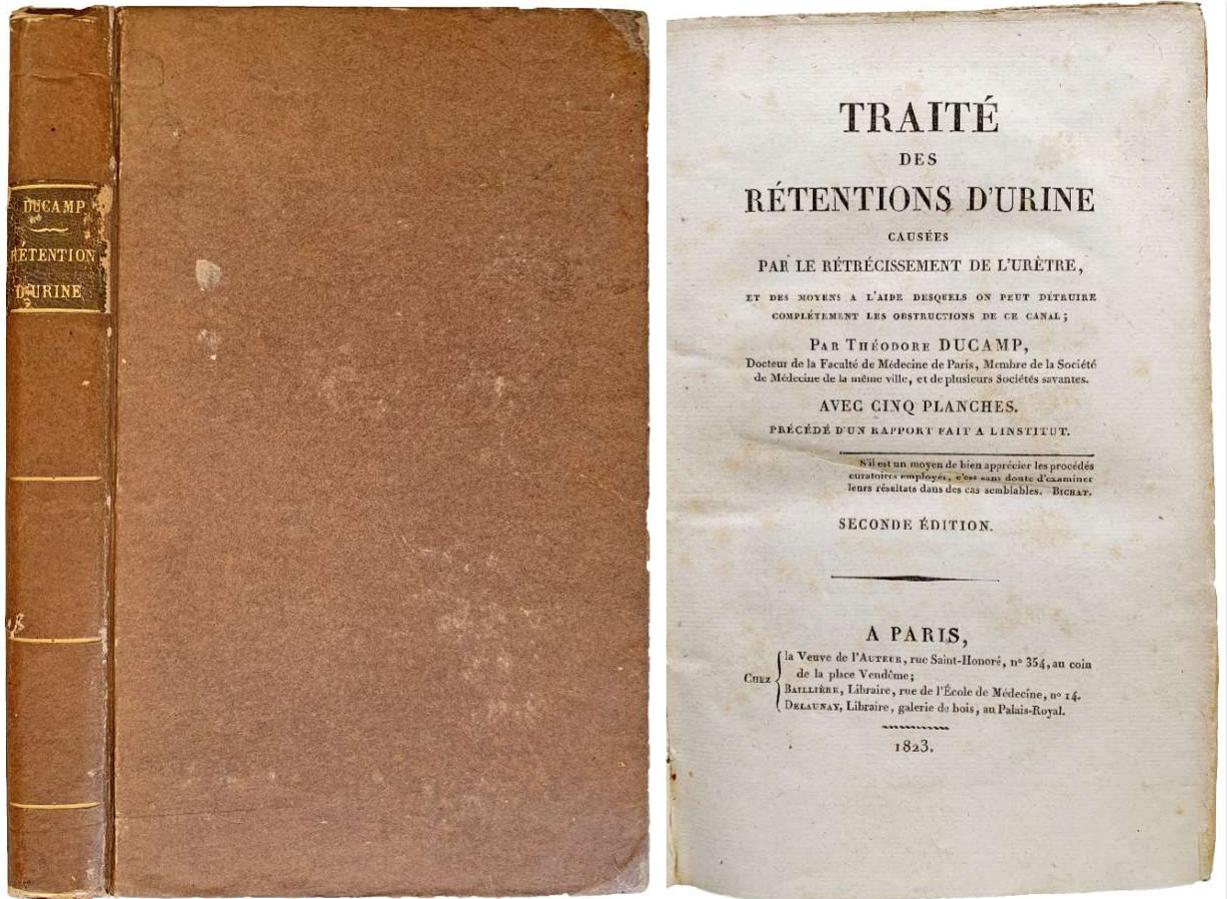


25. [DOCK, George (1860-1951)] Earl F. NATION (1910-2008).
Dr. George Dock Goes West. Pasadena, 2003. ¶ 21cm. 29 pp. Figs.
Printed wrappers. Fine.

\$ 22

Nation served as president of the American Urological Association in 1977. The AUA History Forum Award for the best paper and presentation, the AUA Earl Nation Retrospectroscope Award, was named in his honor.

See: Suzanne C. Fallot, "*George Dock, M.D. 1860-1951.*" *Bulletin Med. Library Assoc.* 1951 Oct; 39(4): 382-383; James Tobin, "*Doctor Dock.*" University of Michigan, Heritage Project.



26. **DUCAMP, Theodore** (1792-1823). *Deals with the retentions of urine caused by the retrenciation of the urethra, and the means by which one can completely destroy the obstructions of this channel. . . .* Paris: la Veuve de l'Auteur; Bailliere, Delaunay, 1823. ¶ 220 x 138 mm. 8vo. xvi, 320 pp. Lithographic frontis. Port. of the author, 5 engraved plates. Contemporary boards, gilt spine, brown leather spine label; rubbed, corners showing. Very good. M1897LV

\$ 125

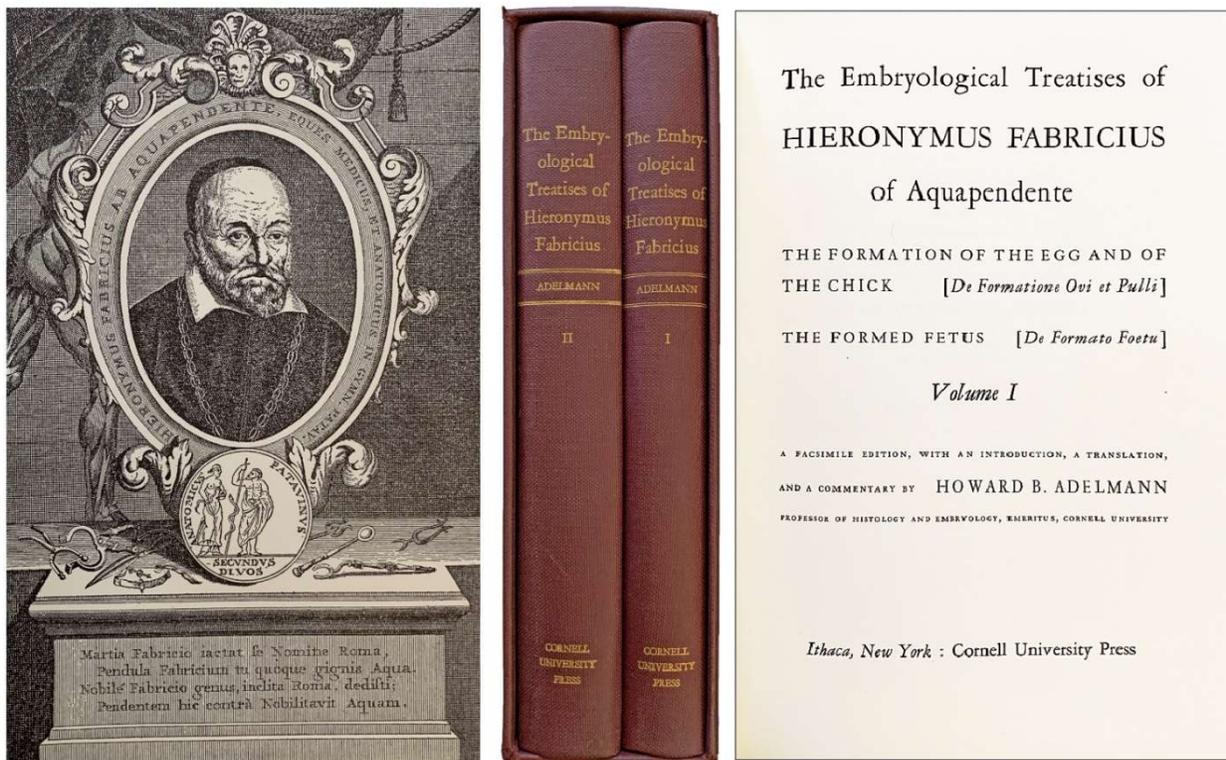
SECOND EDITION. This is Ducamp's most important work, an exhibition of the author's method of treating strictures of the urethra by cauterization, which contributed to his reputation as one of the reformers of French surgery at the beginning of the nineteenth century. He took a mold of the stricture, then introduced a filiform candle through an open-ended catheter and dilated the stricture sufficiently to admit his caustic-carrier. The caustic was placed in a small cavity near the end of a platinum

rod that was carried to the stricture through an open-ended tube to protect the distal urethra. Ducamp realized that the strictness was not eradicated by the caustic and that subsequent dilation was necessary, and this after-treatment was probably the secret of his success. (Murphy).



Ducamp, of Bordeaux, was a French military surgeon, who practiced at Strassburg and then at Val-de-Grace, and a contributor to the French medical journals. The present work was his major publication and was issued at Paris in 1822 and re-issued after his death by his widow in 1823.

☼ Hirsch, II, 224; Murphy, *History of urology*, 159; Wellcome, II, 491.

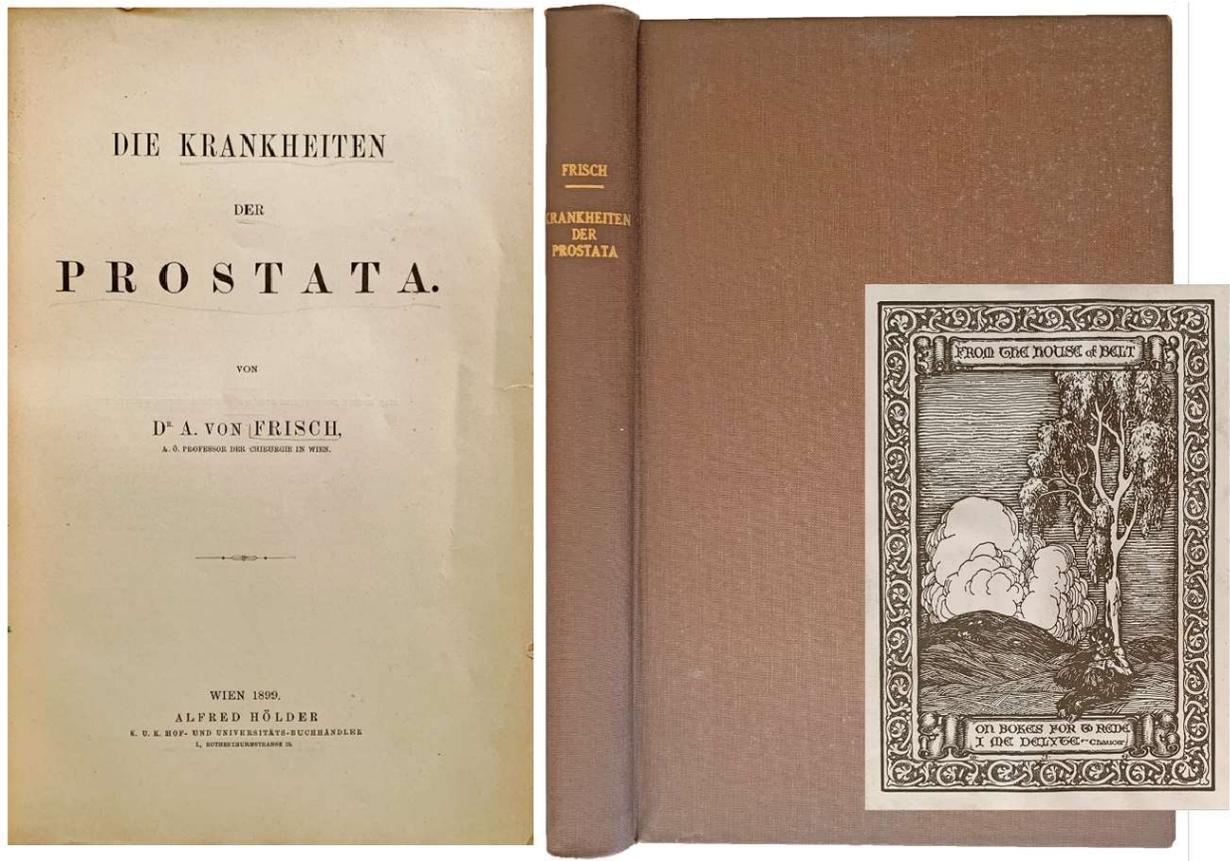


27. **FABRICIUS, Hieronymus** (1533-1619); **Howard B. ADELMANN** (1898-1988). *The Embryological Treatises of Hieronymus Fabricius of Aquapendente. The formation of the egg and of the chick [De Formatione Ovi et Pulli], The formed fetus [De Formato Foetu]. A Facsimile Edition, with an Introduction, a Translation, and a Commentary by Howard B. Adelmann.* Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 1967. ¶ Two Volumes. Tall 8vo. xxiii/xiii, [883] pp. Frontis., illustrations, index. Burgundy cloth, gilt-stamped spine titles. Housed in burgundy cloth slipcase. Ink signature and notation made on front pastedown of Vol. I. Near Fine.

\$ 60

Reprint of the 1942 edition. This work includes The Formation of the Egg and of the Chick [De Formatione Ovi et Pulli] and The Formed Fetus [De Formato Foetu].

Howard Bernhardt Adelmann was an American zoologist-embryologist and historian of science. He was professor of histology and embryology at Cornell University from 1921 until 1963.



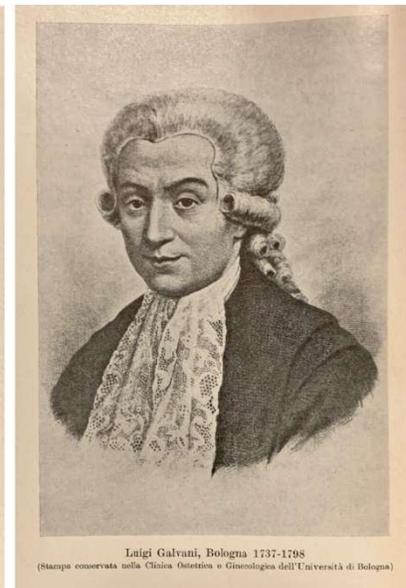
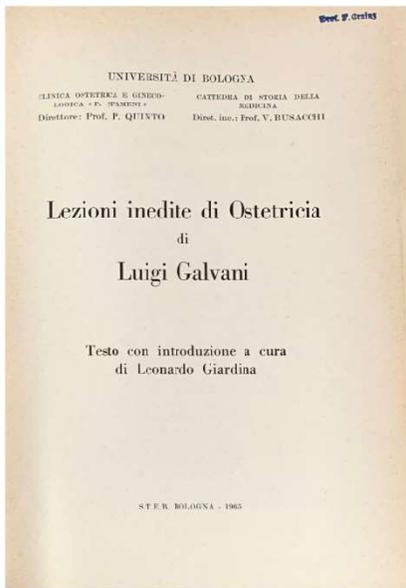
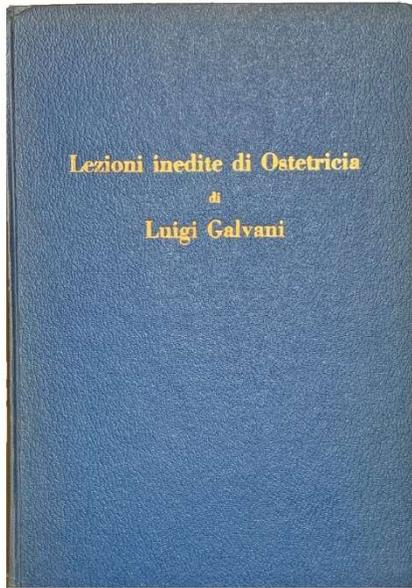
Collection of Elmer Belt

28. **FRISCH, Anton von** (1849-1917). *Die Krankheiten der Prostata*. Vienna: -Alfred Hoelder, 1899. ¶ Series: *Specielle Pathologie und Therapie*, XIX, II theil, III heft. 8vo. vii, 259 pp. Extensive bibliog. Modern brown cloth. Bookplate of Elmer Belt. M4744

\$ 40

First edition. On diseases of the prostate. Anton von Frisch, full name Anton Ritter von Frisch, was an Austrian urologist. Frisch was born in Vienna. He studied at the Pasteur Institute in Paris, afterwards returning to Vienna, where he served as a demonstrator under Josef Hyrtl and as an assistant to Theodor Billroth.

PROVENANCE: Elmer Belt (1893-1980), American urologist, studied at Berkeley and took the first course offered by Herbert McLean Evans. He became a leading urological surgeon and pioneer in sex reassignment surgery. A passionate bibliophile, he excelled in his library of da Vinciana, the works by and relating to Leonardo da Vinci, located at University of California, Los Angeles Library.

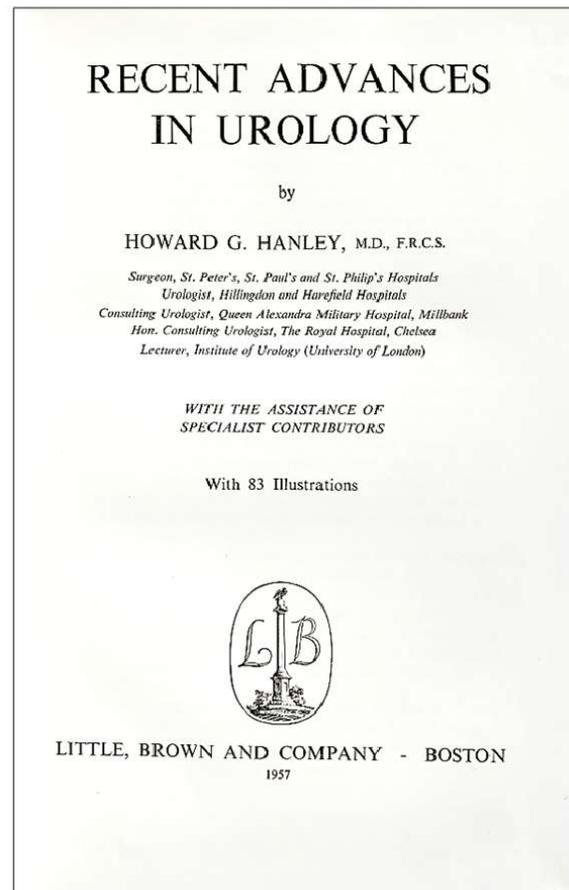
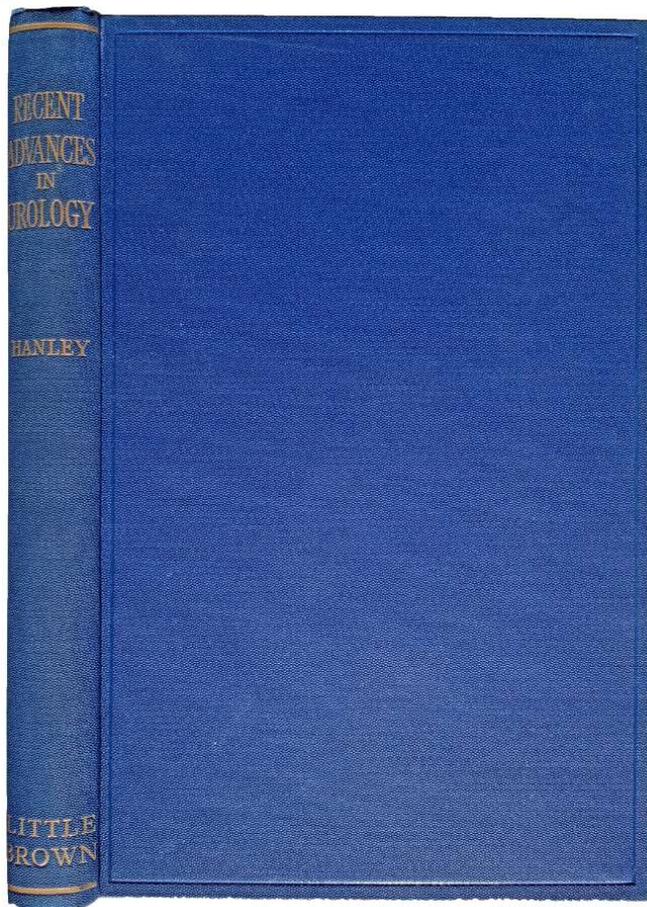


29. **GALVANI, Luigi** (1737-1798). *Lezioni inedite di ostetricia di Luigi Galvani. Testo con introduzione a cura di Leonardo Giardina*. Bologna: S.T.E.B., 1965. ¶ At head of title: Università di Bologna. . . 245 x 172l mm. 8vo. lxii, 136 pp. Frontis. port., 9 plates, bibliog.; pages xxxi-xxxvi creased with small holes. Gilt-stamped blue leatherette; spine lightly faded, bumped. INSCRIBED BY THE EDITOR. Ownership rubber stamp of Franco Crainz on title. Very good. M6125

\$ 45

Luigi Galvani (1737-1798) was appointed as assistant professor of anatomy at the University of Bologna. His extraordinary surgical skills went on to earn him the chair in Obstetrics at the Academy of Sciences, of which he later became president in 1772. Galvani famously "caused muscular contraction by touching the exposed muscle of one frog with the nerve of another and thus established for the first time that bioelectric forces exist within living tissue." – [hhp.uh.edu].

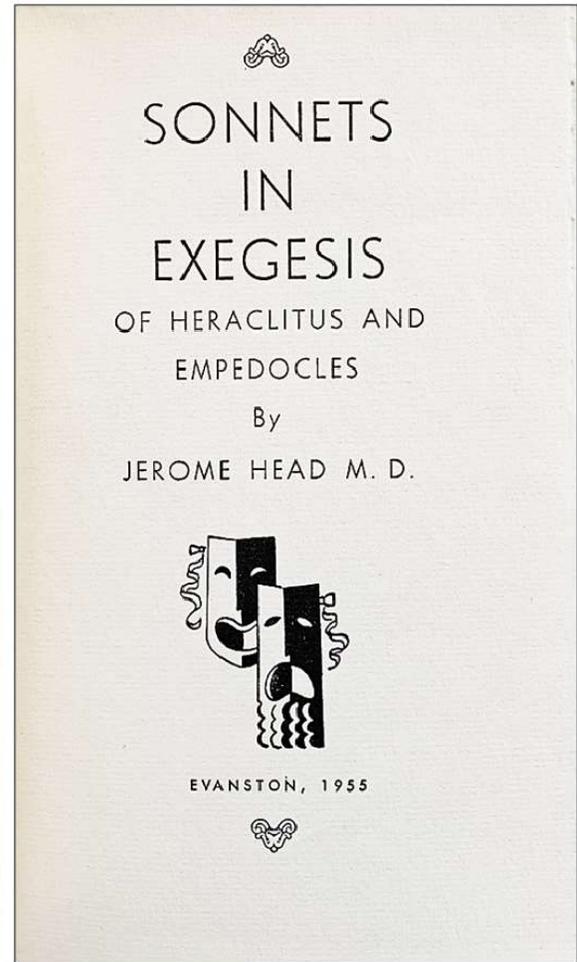
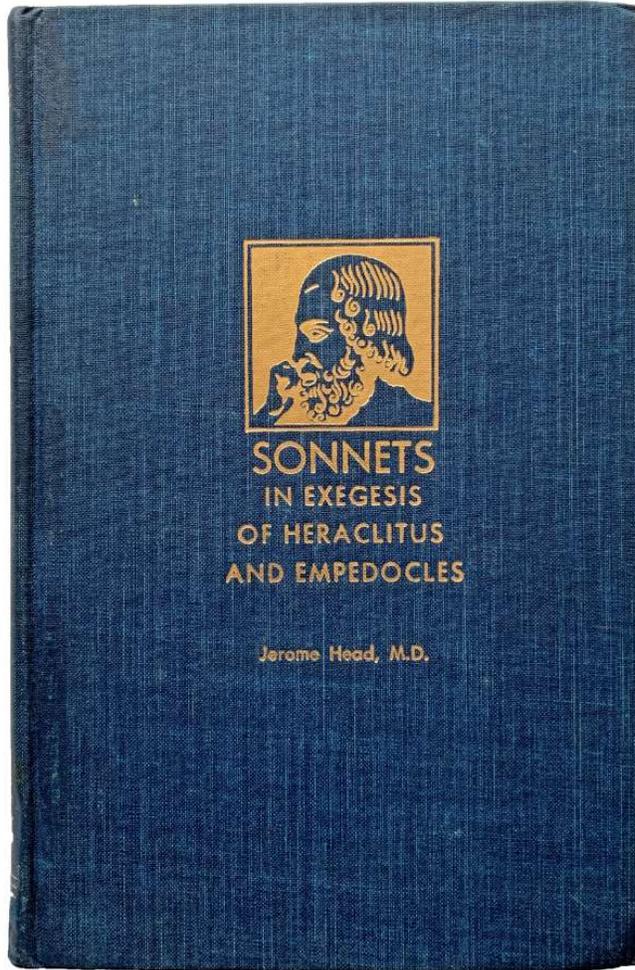
PROVENANCE: Professor Franco Crainz (1913-2004) Obstetrics and gynecology, university professor, took his medical degree in 1936 at the University Rome, the Italian Society of Obstetrics and Gynaecology; he was Head obstetrics-gynecology Department, University Novara, Italy, 1956-1964, later becoming head obstetrics-gynecology Department, University Rome, 1972-1988. Crainz wrote on the history of medicine including a monograph: *The Life and Works of Matthew Baillie MD, FRS L&E, FRCP, Etc.* (1761-1823), [1995], and, *An Obstetric tragedy: the case of Her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte Augusta : some unpublished documents of 1817*, [1977], collected books & papers (mostly Italian & European) in the history of gynecology. Posthumously published was a paper with John Dewhurst, "Dr John Sims. A mystery solved", *BJOG*, 17 May 2005.



30. **HANLEY, Howard Granville** (1909-2001) F.R.C.S. *Recent advances in urology*. Boston: Little, Brown, 1957. ¶ 211 x 137 mm. 8vo. viii, 270 pp. 83 figs., index. Blind-stamped blue cloth, gilt spine. Ownership signature. Almost fine. M8042

\$ 15

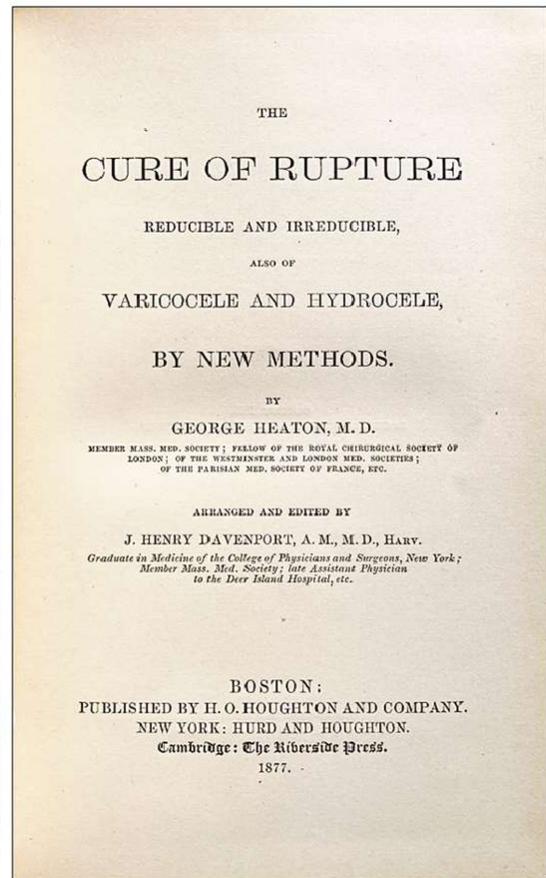
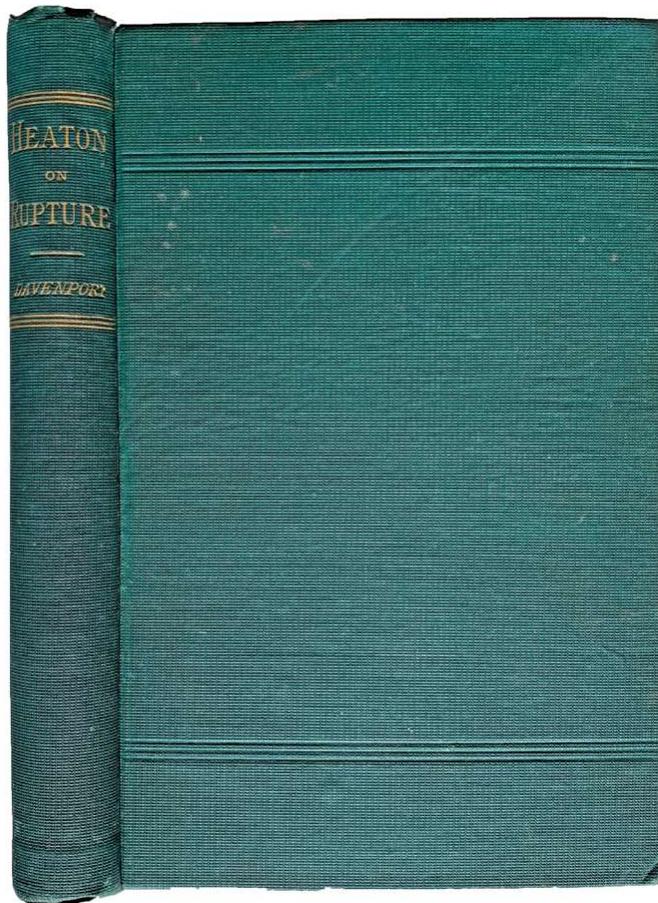
"Howard Hanley was an energetic and engaging urologist, one of those who in the early years of the NHS ensured that it would provide for specialist urology at a time when there was considerable opposition from the general surgeons." – The Royal College of Surgeons of England.



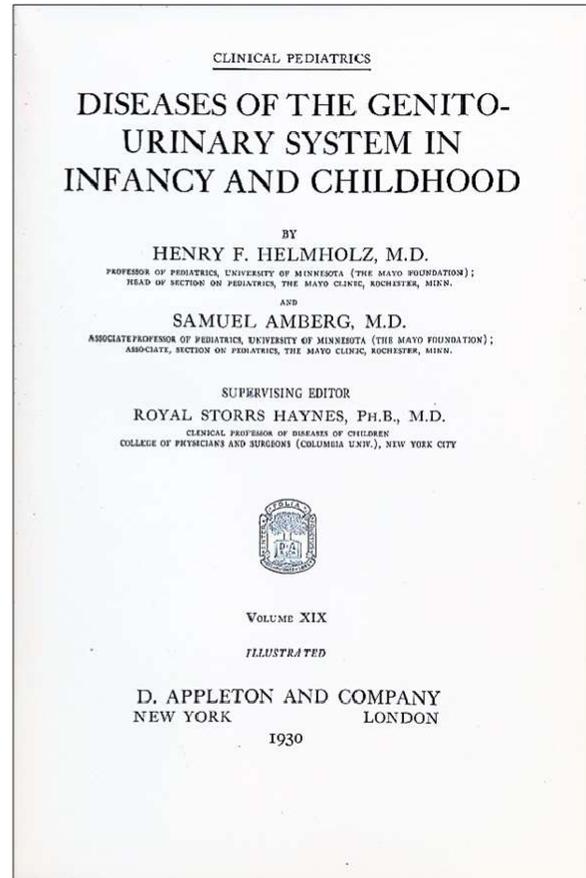
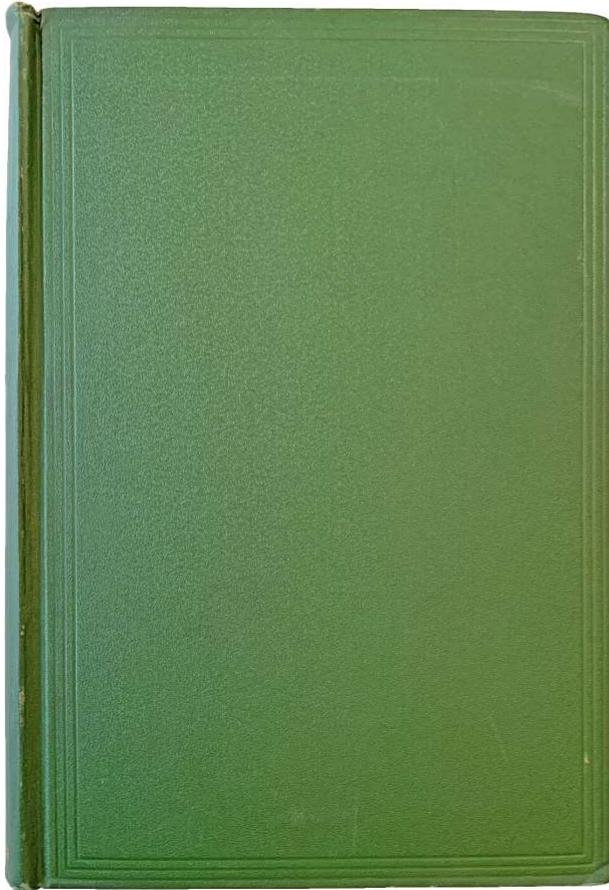
31. **HEAD, Jerome** (1893-1974). *Sonnets in Exegesis of Heraclitus and Empedocles*. Evanston, 1955. ¶ Small 8vo. LXIV pp. Decorative figs. Dark blue gilt-stamped cloth. Bookplate of H. J. Kaplan – with related inscription.

\$ 15

Dr. Jerome Reed Head Sr., Chicago chest surgeon, was associate professor emeritus of surgery at Northwestern Memorial Hospital and a founder and member of the American Board of Thoracic Surgery. At one time he was medical director of Edward Sanatorium, now Edward Hospital. He also was a past president of the board of the Suburban Cook County Tuberculosis District.



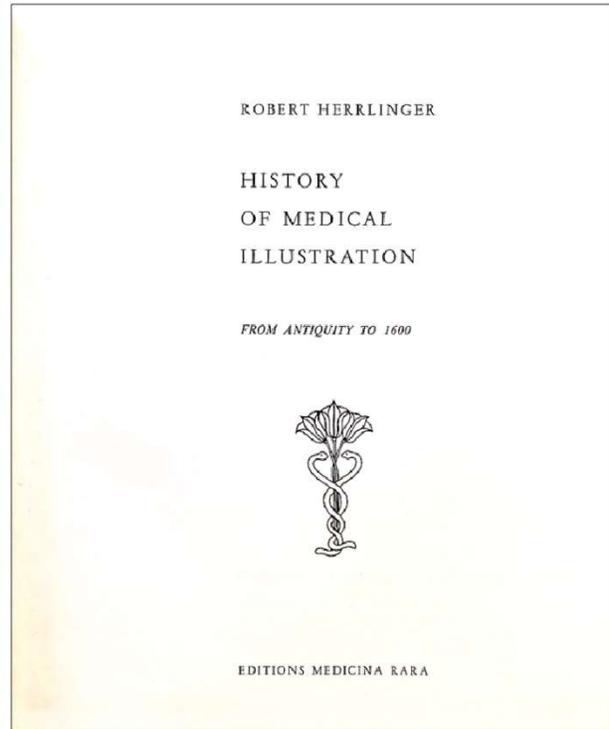
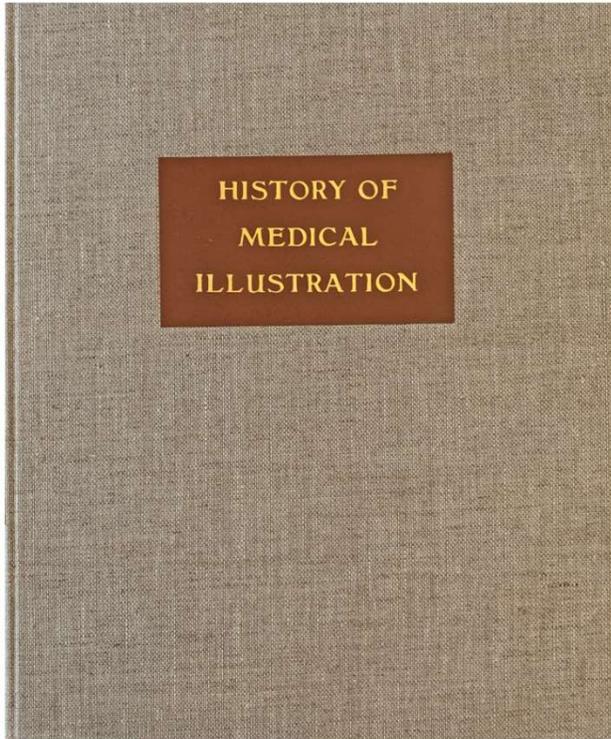
32. **HEATON, George; DAVENPORT, J. Henry** (ed.). *The Cure of Rupture Reducible and Irreducible, Also of Varicocele and Hydrocele, by new methods*. Boston: H. O. Houghton and Co., 1877. ¶ **FIRST EDITION**. Small 8vo. 196 pp. Illustrations, figs. Green cloth, gilt-stamped spine title; minor rubbing. Almost fine. M09995 \$ 65



33. **HELMHOLZ, Henry F.** (1882-1958); **Samuel AMBERG.** *Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System in Infancy and Childhood.* Supervising editor Royal Storrs Haynes. *Volume XX.* New York: D. Appleton, 1930. ¶ 8vo. xii, [2], 239, [1] pp. 27 figs., index. Original blind-stamped green cloth, gilt spine. Very good.

\$ 25

“Dr. Helmholz was interested in and most active in societies and organizations that had to do with children. In addition to being one of the early organizers of the American Academy of Pediatrics, he served on the Executive Board and as President and as a member of several Academy committees. He was Chairman of the Section on Pediatrics of the American Medical Association (1922-23); a member of the American Pediatric Society of which he was President in 1937; and was President of the Fifth International Congress of Paediatrics (1947). He was an Honorary Member of the Cuban, Mexican, Swedish and Brazilian Pediatric Societies.” E. H. Christopherson, M.D. [obituary], American Academy of Pediatrics. Kiefer 726.



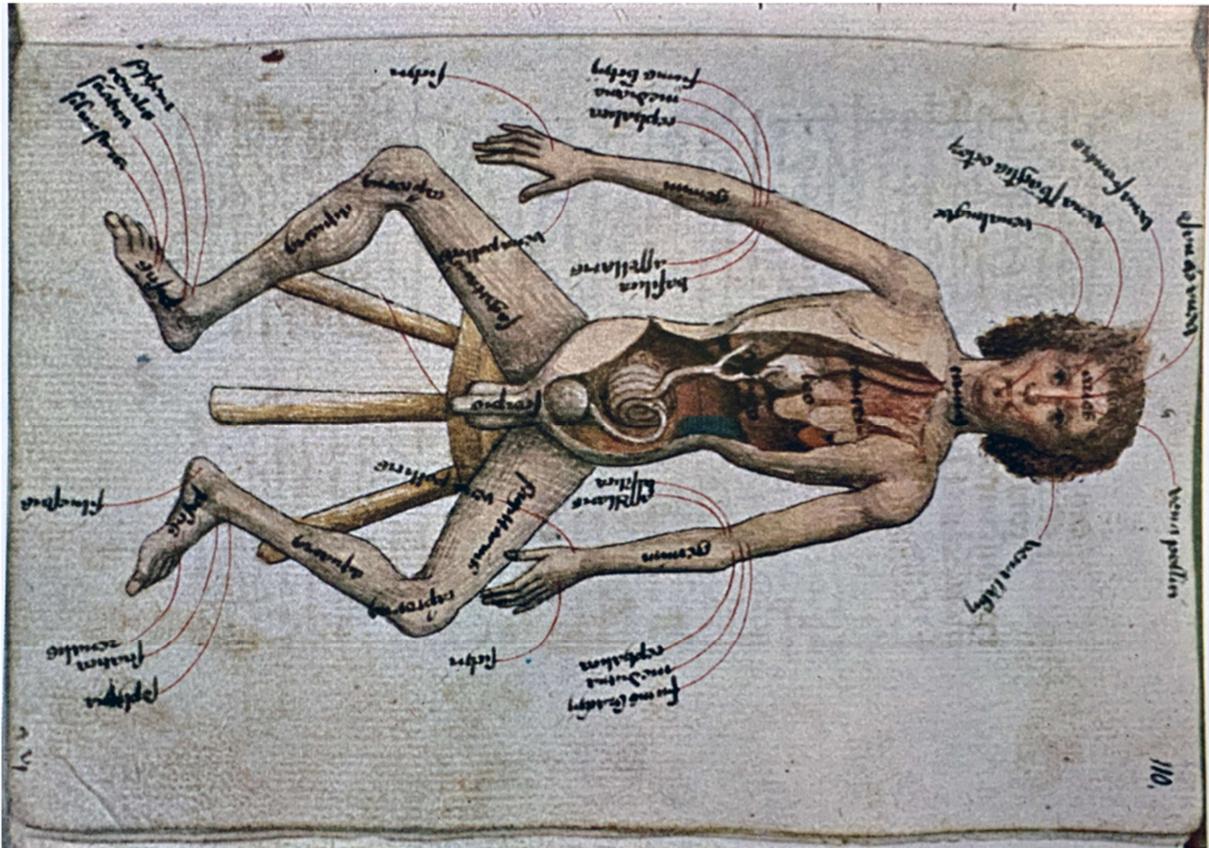
34. **HERRLINGER, Robert** (1914-1968). *History of Medical Illustration from Antiquity to 1600*. New York: Editions Medicina Rara, 1970. Sq. 4to. 178 pp. Illustrated, plates (some color), index. Cloth, slip-case. Fine.

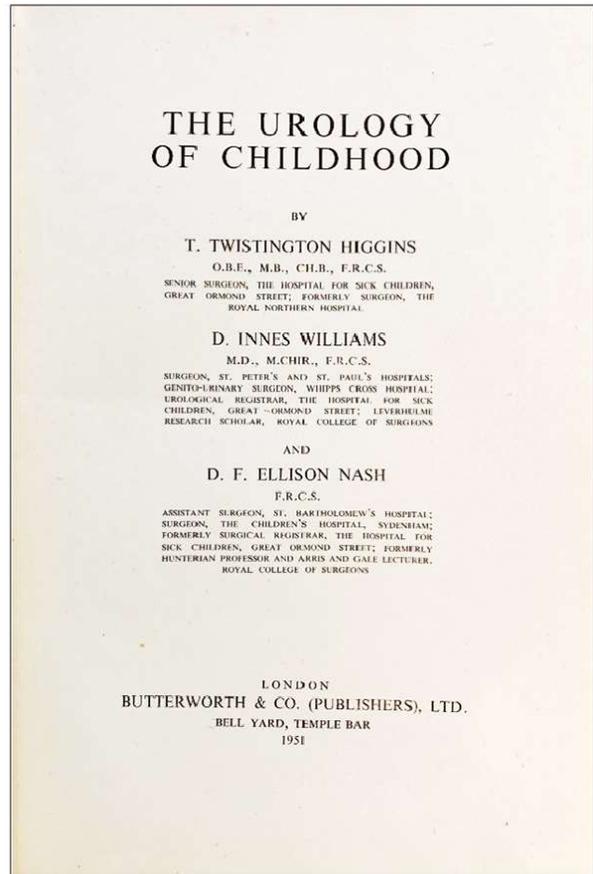
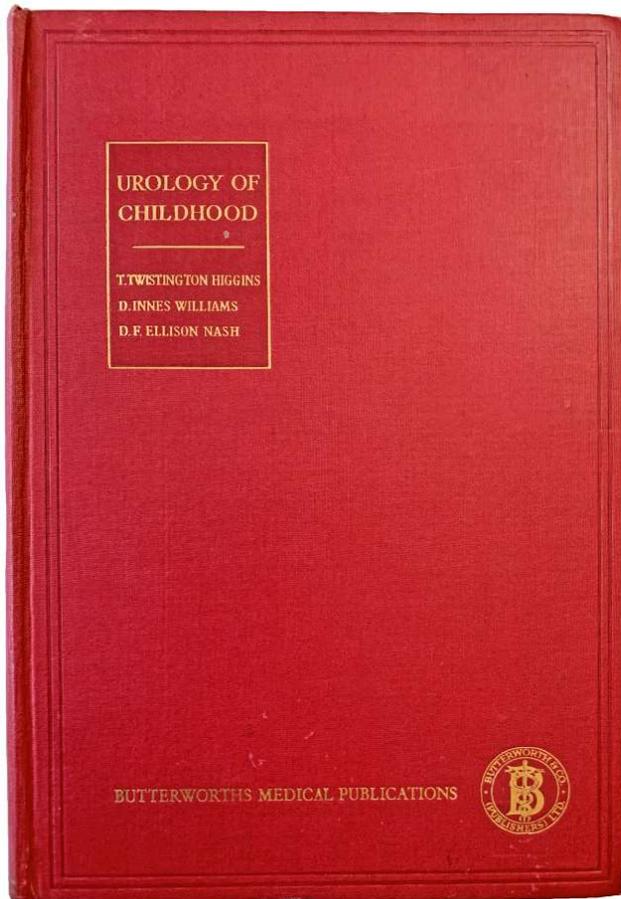
\$ 25

English translation of the first volume of Herrlinger's, *Geschichte der medizinische Abbildung*, 1967-72 (the second volume published posthumously).

See: Garrison and Morton 6610.4.

HERRLINGER →





35. **HIGGINS, Thomas Twistington** (1887-1966); **D. Innes WILLIAMS** (1919-2013). *The Urology of Childhood*. By ... and *D.F. Ellison Nash*. London: Butterworth & co., 1951. ¶ 8vo. x, 286 pp. 136 figures, index; occasional spotting. Original ref gilt and blind-stamped cloth. Armorial bookplate and ownership signature of John Vernon Cannadine Braithwaite, F.R.C.P. Very good copy.

\$ 100

First edition. "Williams is widely regarded as the founder of the modern medical field of paediatric urology. In 1948, Williams was a resident in Urology at St Peter's. A boy was brought to the hospital who was suffering from urinary retention. Williams was shocked to know that not even senior staff in the hospital had any knowledge on how to treat the child. /

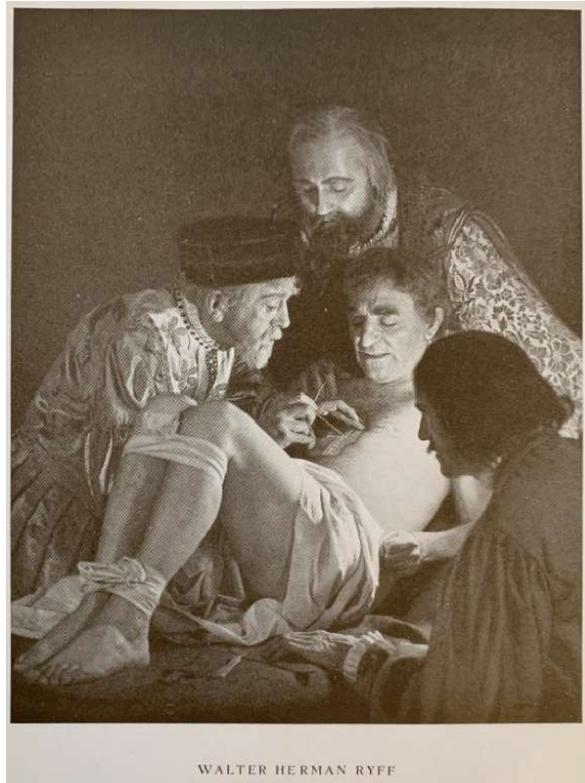
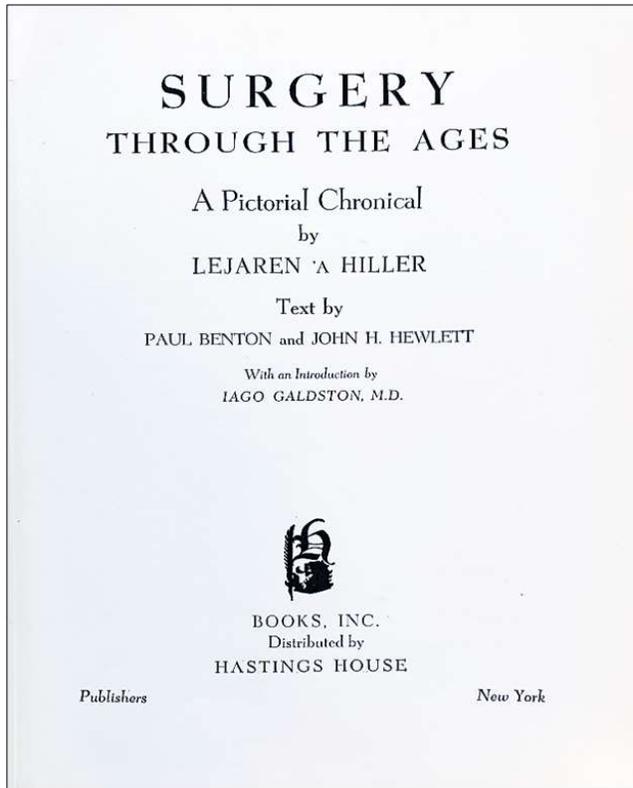
Williams also came to know that there was no literature in the field. Deciding that the field needed to be studied more, he began collaboration for a book with Twistington Higgins, a general surgeon interested in urology. Williams, Higgins, and DF Ellison Nash co-wrote *The Urology of Childhood*, which was published in 1951 and the book became a milestone in the development of child urology.”



Thomas Twistington Higgins worked at the Great Ormond Street Hospital between 1919 and 1953; while there, he furthered the field of pediatric medicine, and was largely responsible for pediatric surgery becoming a special branch of medicine. “Paediatric medicine had long been established as a specialty, but it was largely due to Higgins that the surgery of children also became recognized as a special branch.” – Royal College of Surgeons of England.

PROVENANCE: John Vernon Cannadine Braithwaite, F.R.C.P., *Lancet*, 1969, Nov 1;2(7627):965-6.

See: Watts, Geoff (2013). "Sir David Innes Williams". *The Lancet*. 382 (9891): 500; "Sir David Innes Williams". *The Times*. London, 7 June 2013.



WALTER HERMAN RYFF

36. **HILLER, Lejaren 'a [Sr.]** (1880-1969). *Surgery Through the Ages A Pictorial Chronical ... Text by Paul Benton and John H. Hewlett.* New York: Books, Inc., 1944. ¶ 4to. xiv, 176 pp. Numerous large photo portraits and illus. of surgery in history with accompanying descriptions. Gilt stamped off-green cloth. Very good.

\$ 20

FIRST EDITION. Beautifully illustrated account of surgery through history, with many photo recreations of historical events. With an Introduction by Iago Galdston. Hiller is considered the “creator of American photographic illustration.” “From 1927-50 Hiller was commissioned by Davis & Geck to produce the prints for a series of historic advertisements entitled “Sutures in Ancient Surgery,” and published in 1944 as “Surgery through the Ages”. Hiller used elaborate costumes, dramatic backdrops and lighting, and had half-clad models posing as patients. The images depicted a broad range from mediaeval and Aztec surgeons, to surgeons from ancient Egypt and India. The collection was widely acclaimed, and in 1937 won the Edward Bok Award for advertising. The originals of this series were donated to the Art Institute of Chicago.” – Wikip.



37. **HINMAN, Frank [Sr.]** (1880-1961). *The Principles and Practice of Urology*. Philadelphia and London: W. B. Saunders, 1935. ¶ Thick 8vo. 1111 pp. With 513 illustrations and 48 tables, index. Original blind and gilt-stamped navy cloth. Very good.

\$ 75

First edition. Frank Hinman, graduated from Stanford, took his medical training at Johns Hopkins Medical School (under Osler, Kelly, Welch, Halsted, and Hugh Hampton Young), and was Clinical Professor of Urology at Berkeley. He was the first trained urologist in California. His son, Frank Hinman Jr., also followed him in this same field with distinction and worked with each other in private practice.

"In 1935 Hinman published his *Principles and Practice of Urology*, a scholarly text in which he emphasized structure and function in health and disease and clinical urology rather than operative surgery, and it remains a valuable source book." – Murphy, *History of Urology*, p. 199.

THE PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE

of

UROLOGY

By

FRANK HINMAN

A. B. Island Stanford Junior University
M.D. Johns Hopkins Medical School

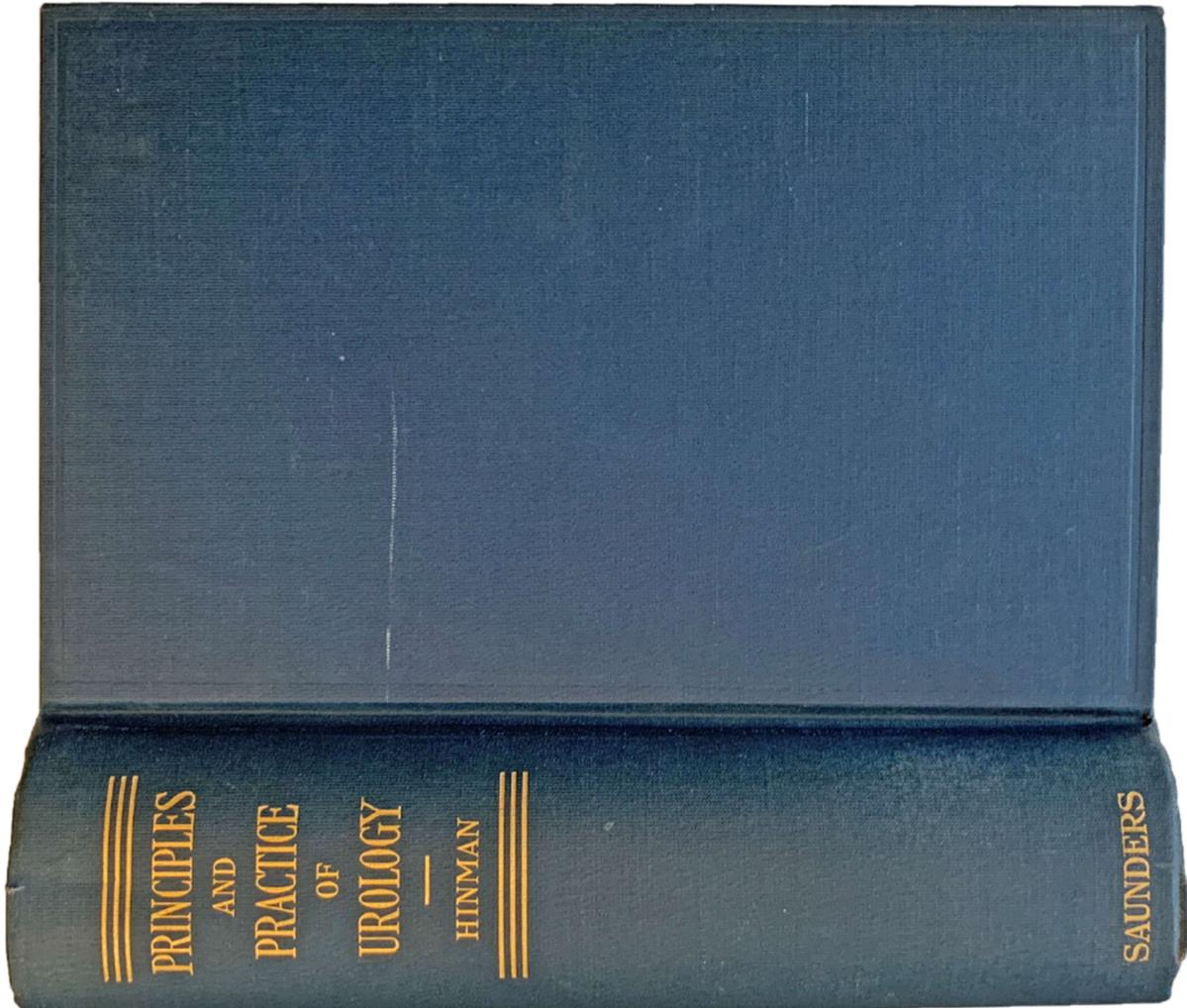
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at the University of California Medical School*

WITH 513 ILLUSTRATIONS
AND 48 TABLES

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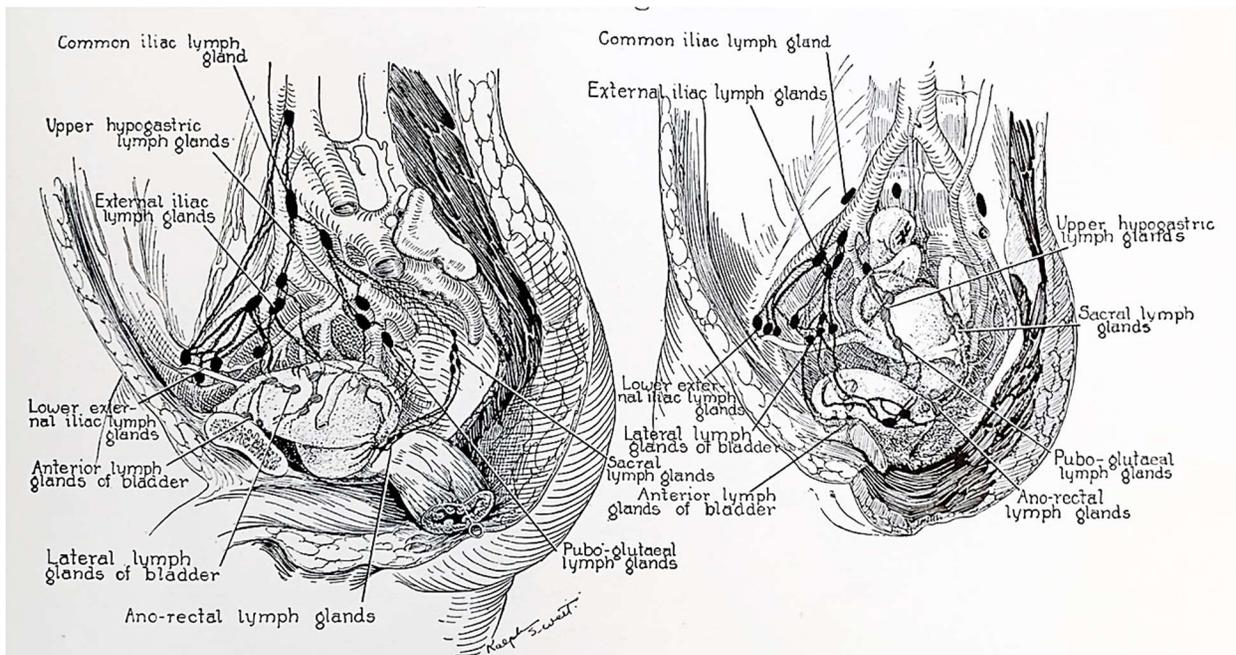
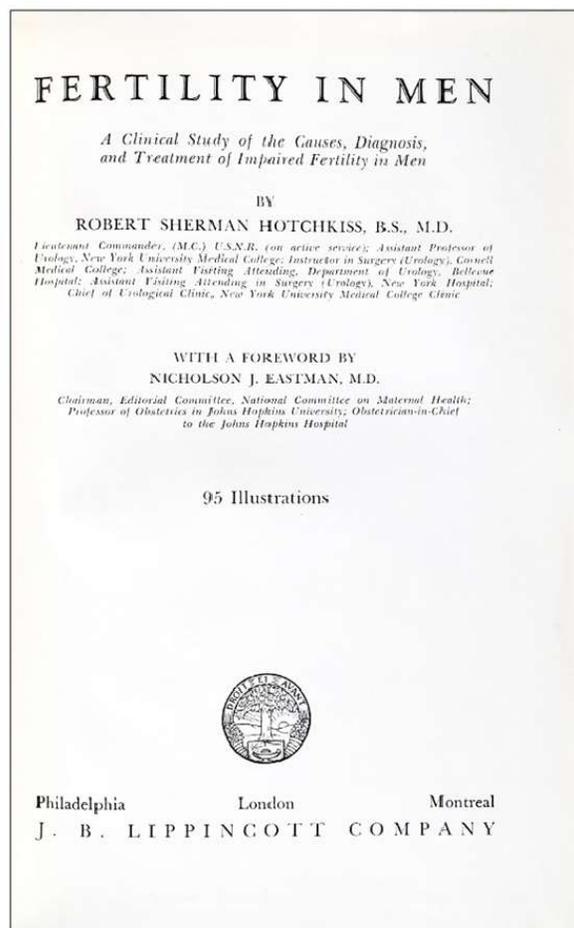
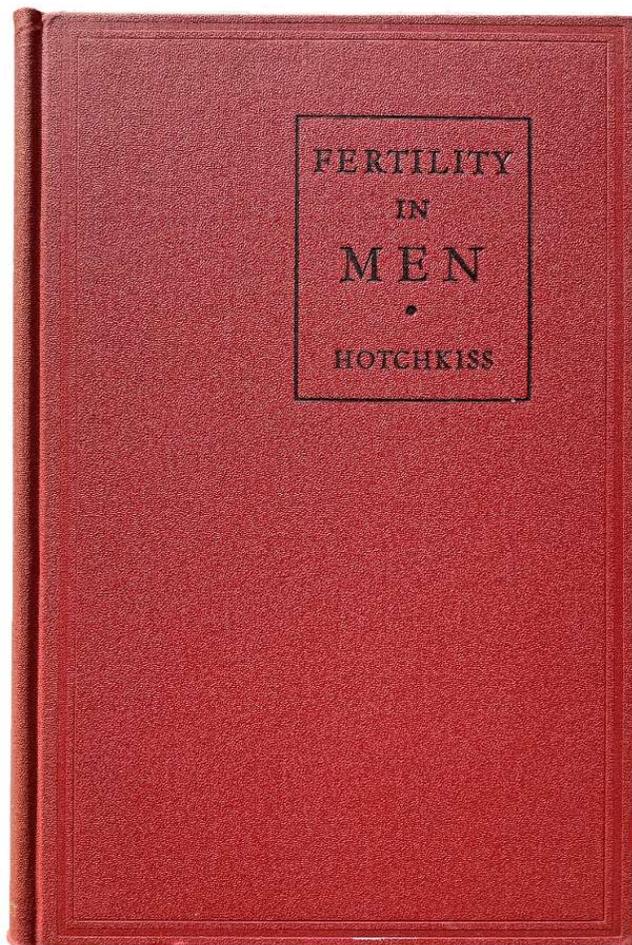


Fig. 80.—The lymphatic drainage of the male and female bladder.

“Besides being an outstanding clinician, Dr. Hinman was a scientist at heart. Whenever he faced a problem in his clinical practice, his mind immediately shifted to the research lab. His broad research interests covered diverse topics: hexamethylenamine, priapism, the waxed-tipped catheter, renal and prostatic (perineal) operative techniques, radical surgery for testicular tumors, renal counterbalance, pyelovenous back flow, operative treatments for megaureter, gonadotropins in testicular cancer, and many others. His great contribution, however, was his monumental work, *The Principles and Practice of Urology*, first published in 1937.” — Maurice M. Garcia, M.D., MAS, “The History of the Department of Urology, UCSF.”

See: David A. Bloom, “*Frank Hinman, Sr: a first generation urologist,*” May 2003, *Urology* 61(4):876-81. Kiefer 732.

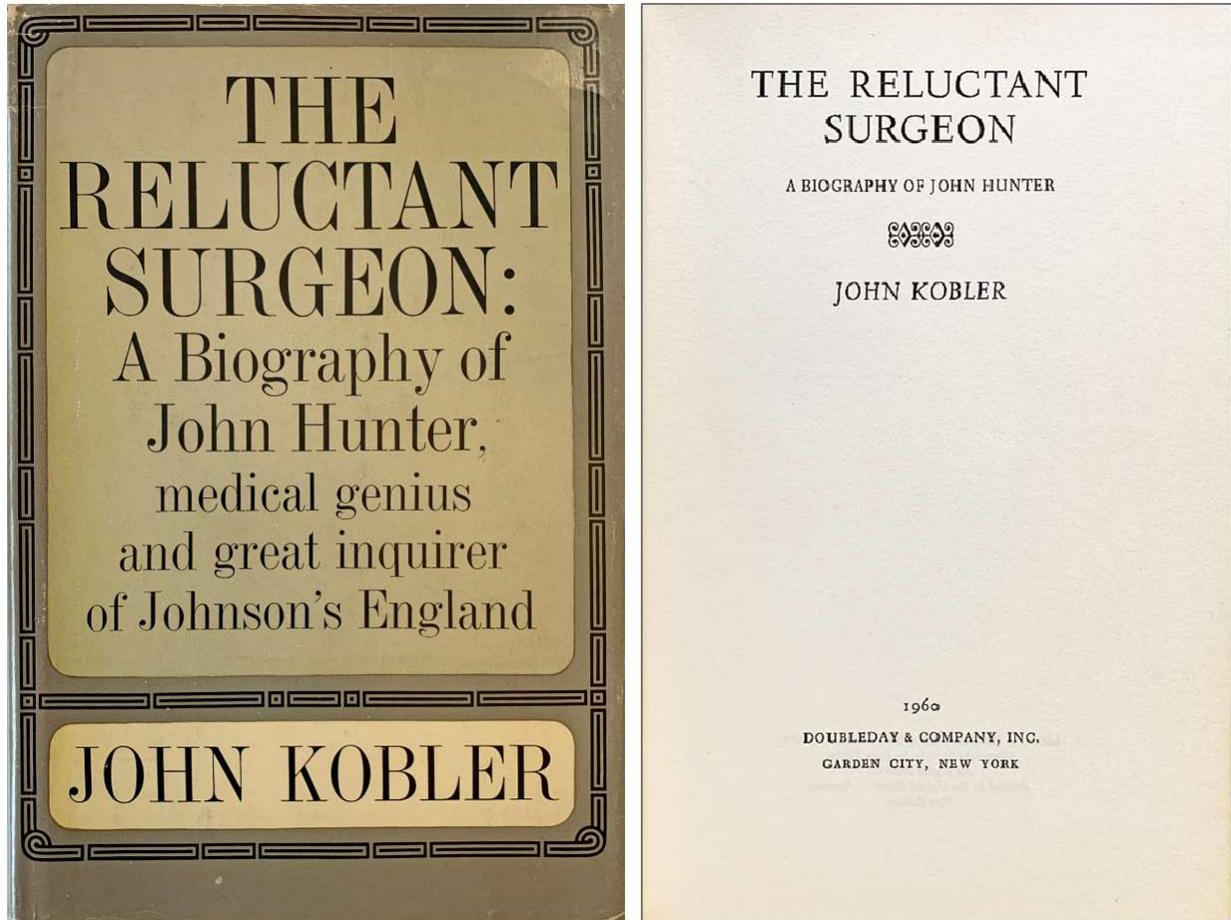


38. **HOTCHKISS, Robert Sherman** (1903-1989). *Fertility in Men; a clinical study of the causes, diagnosis, and treatment of impaired fertility in men. With a foreword by Nicholson J. Eastman.* Philadelphia, London and Montreal: J.B. Lippincott, (1944). ¶ FIRST EDITION. 8vo. xiii, 216 pp. Color frontis., 95 figs., index. It's Red cloth. Fine. A companion volume "Fertility in Women" was also issued. M0168

\$ 7

"Hotchkiss, newly appointed to his staff, was assigned by Jeck to direct this Male Sterility Clinic funded by Margaret Sanger. Henricus Stander, Director of the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, at Cornell, gave support to the venture. Paul Reznikoff provided laboratory space in the Department of Medicine, and Ephraim Schorr was an advisor who supervised endocrinologic diagnosis and treatment. Beginning the Study of Male Infertility This was occurring at a time when the importance of the role of the male in infertility was first being acknowledged. In 1929 Maeomber and Sanders had just published their article on sperm cell count. They concluded that pregnancies could occur with sperm counts of less than 60 million per: mL, but higher counts were believed to increase the chances of

pregnancy. At the same time, at Cornell' William H. Carey 2 had been studying sperm cell migration in post coital tests." See: Richard D. Amelar, Robert S. Hotchkiss, M.D.—Remembered." *Urology*, Volume 36, Issue 3, September 1990, Pages 286-288.

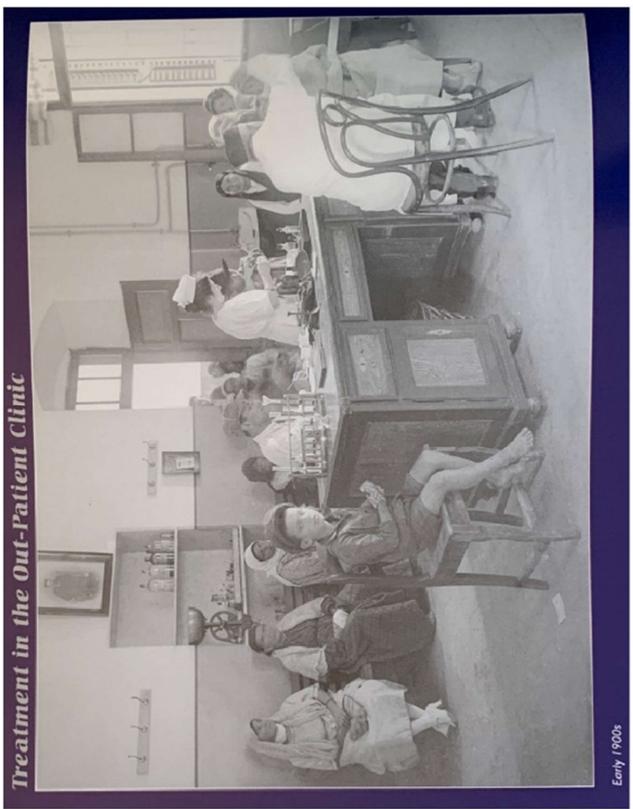
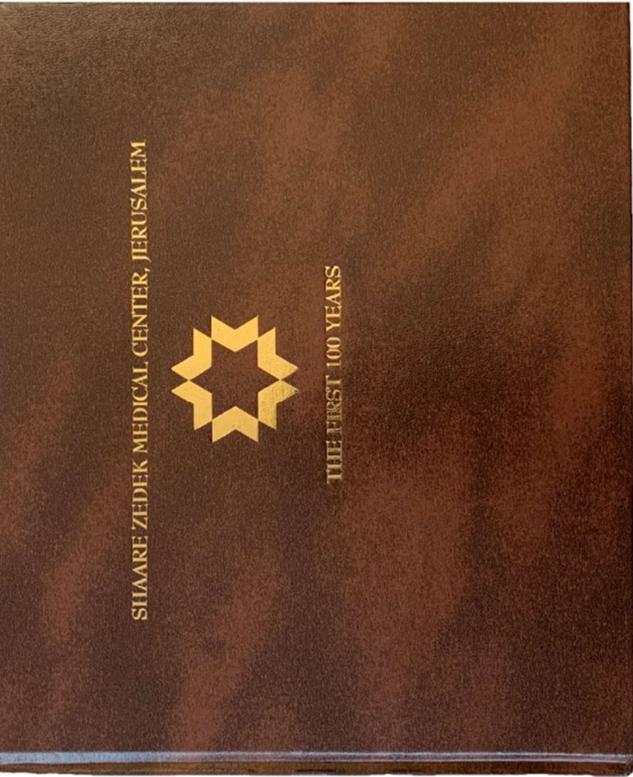


39. [HUNTER, John (1728-1793)] **John KOBLER** (1910-2000).
The Reluctant Surgeon: a biography of John Hunter. Garden City, NY:
Doubleday, 1960. ¶ 8vo. 359 pp. Index. Cloth, dust-jacket; jacket
with moderate wear. Very good.

\$ 12.50

John Hunter, surgeon, founder of pathological anatomy in England, and early advocate of investigation and experimentation. – *Britannica*.

Kobler, the author, was best known for his biography, *Capone: The Life and World of Al Capone*, (1971). He called this book on Hunter his favorite of his books.

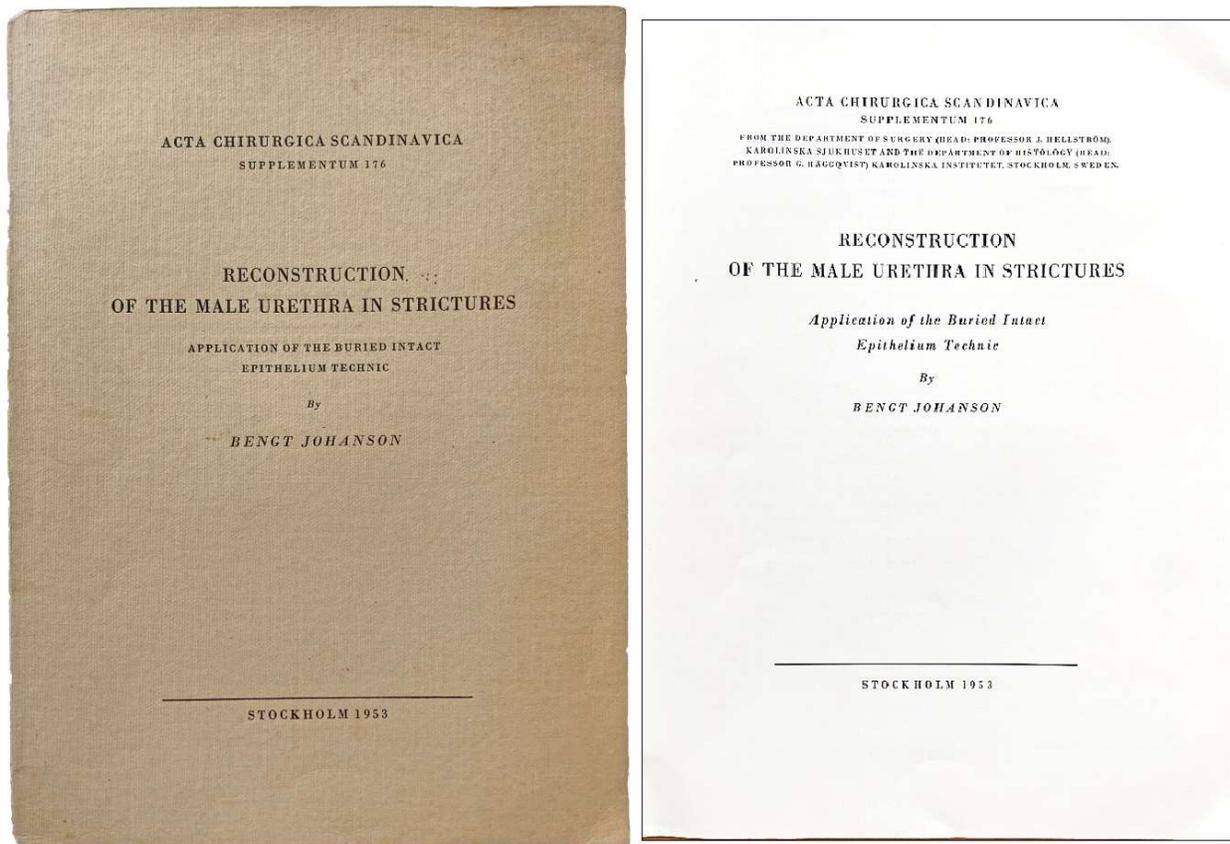


Treatment in the Out-Patient Clinic

Early 1900s

[40]

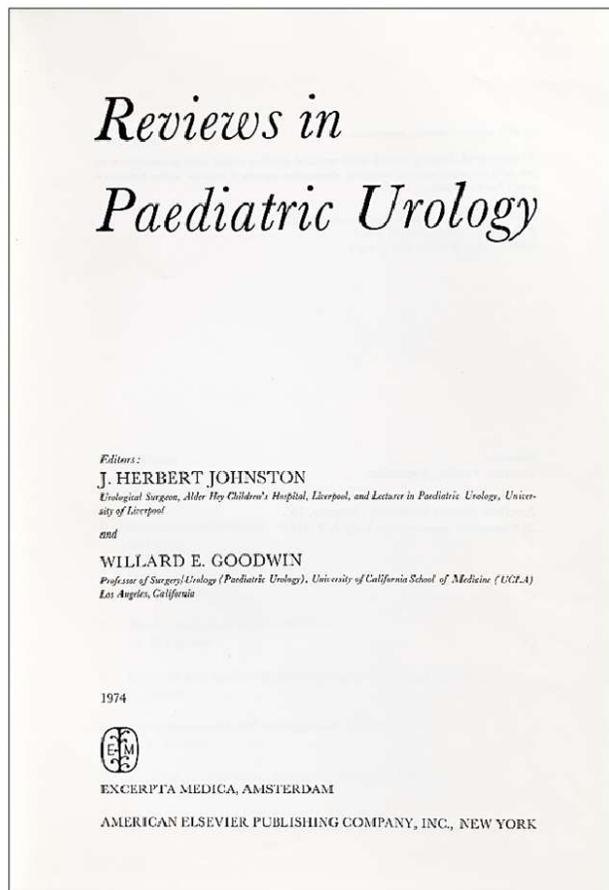
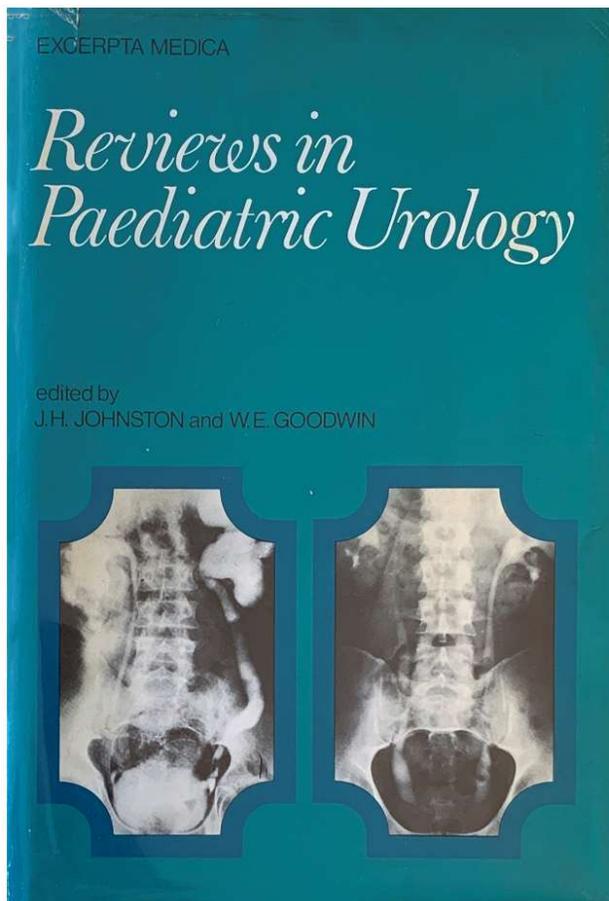
40. **[JERUSALEM] Eliyahu Shiffman; Dvora Waysman.** **Shaare Zedek Medical Center, Jerusalem.** *Shaare Zedek Medical Center, Jerusalem. The First 100 Years; a century of tradition and medical excellence.* Jerusalem: Dept. of Public Relations and Development, Shaare Zedek Medical Center, 2001. ¶ Oblong 8vo. 111, [1] pp. Illustrated throughout (many in color). Brown fabrikoid, gilt-stamped. Inscribed to George Kaplan. Very good. \$ 20



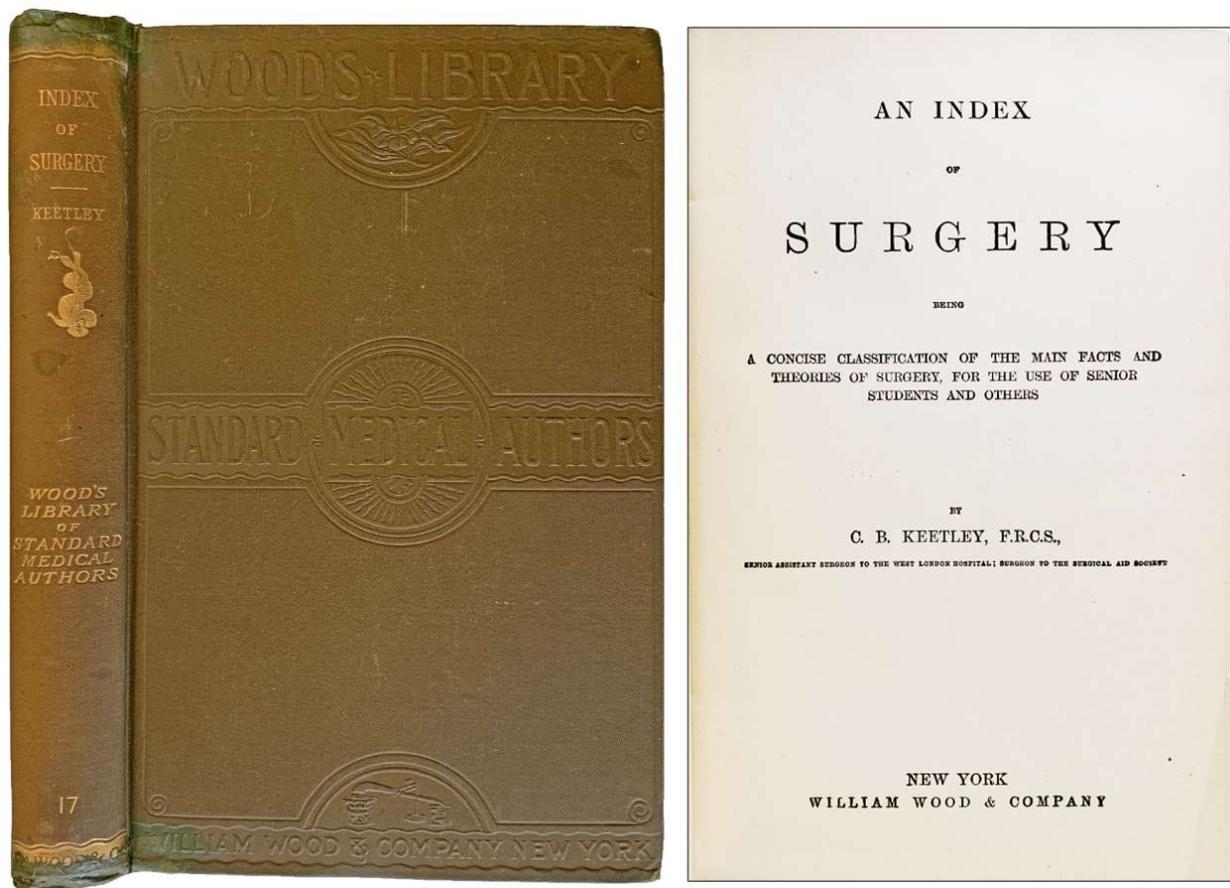
41. **JOHANSON, Bengt.** *Reconstruction of the male urethra in strictures. Application of the buried intact epithelium technic.* In Stockholm: Acta Chirurgica Scandinavica, 1953. ¶ Supplementum 176. 246 x 181 mm. Small 4to. 102 pp. Table, extensively illus., bibliog. Printed wrappers. Very good. M5624

\$ 5

Translated by Stanley H. Vernon. Illustrated by Bjorn Lindahl.



42. **JOHNSTON, J. Herbert & Willard E. GOODWIN** (eds.). *Reviews in Paediatric Urology*. Amsterdam: Excerpta Medica, 1974. ¶ 8vo. xii, 482 pp. Photos, illustrations, figs., tables. Green cloth, gilt-stamped cover and spine titles, dust-jacket; jacket has some minor tears and edgewear, else fine. Ownership rubber stamp of Willard E. Goodwin (editor's copy). Very good. M10113 \$ 20

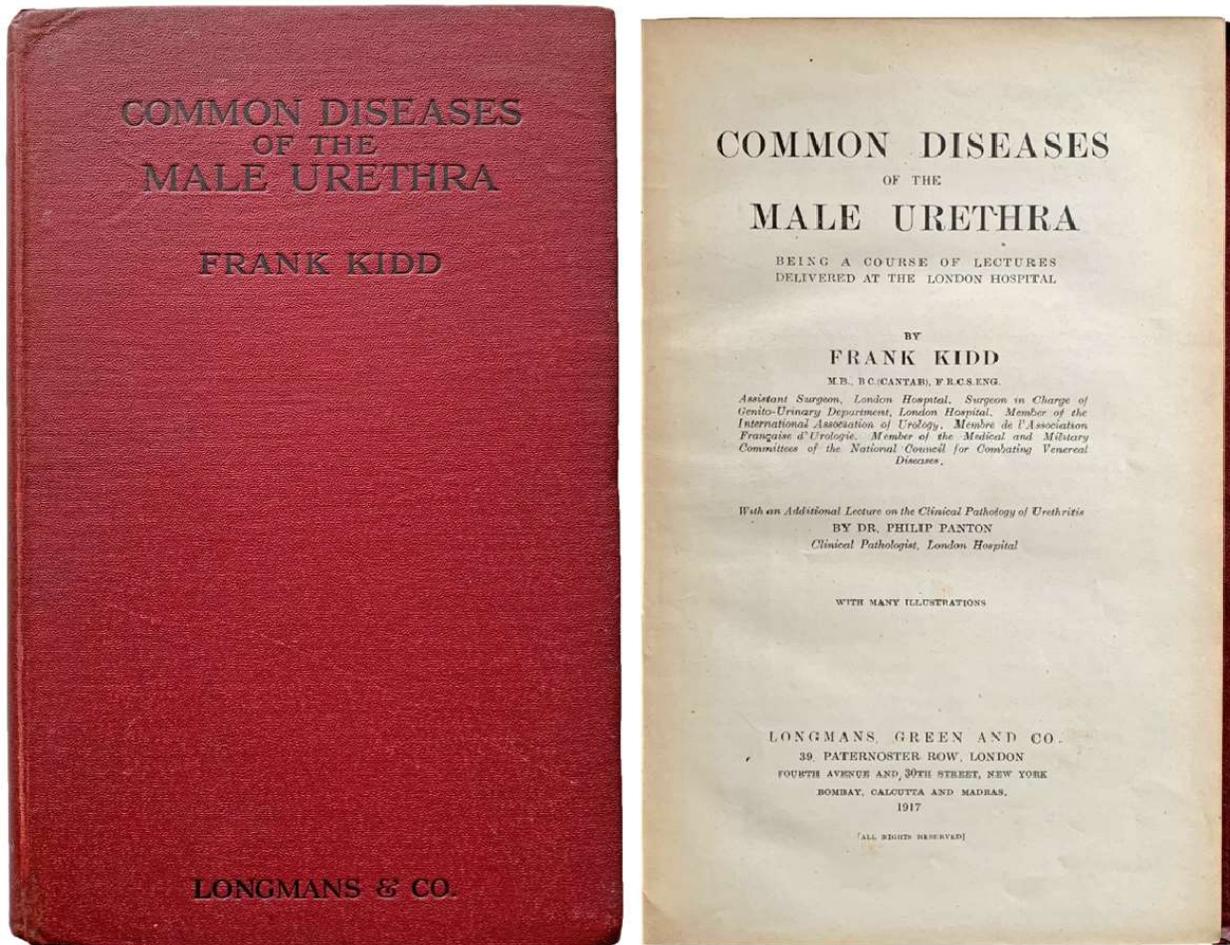


43. **KEETLEY, Charles Robert Bell** (1848–1909). *An Index of Surgery: being a concise classification of the main facts and theories of surgery, for the use of senior students and others*. New York: William Wood, [1881]. ¶ Series: Wood's Library, 17. 8vo. vi, 320 pp. Index. Original olive green blind and gilt-stamped cloth; spine headed neatly repaired. Ownership signatures of C. E. Reid, MD. Very good.

\$ 25

American issue (undated), and first issued in England in 1881, with a fourth edition issued in 1887. Just the sort of text to let one know what was known or described at the time, omitting much else. Essentially this is a late nineteenth century medical subject dictionary.

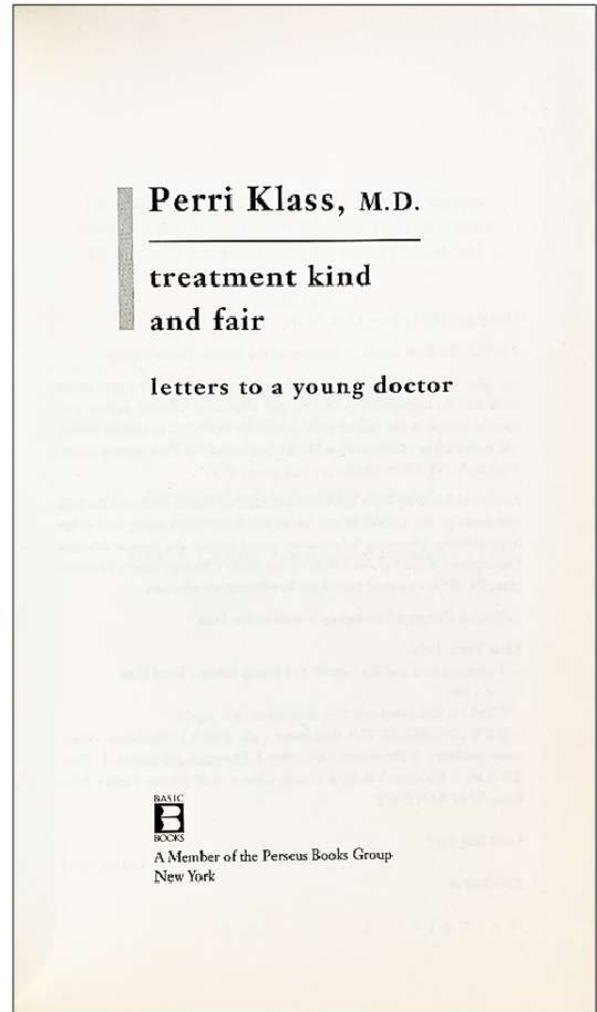
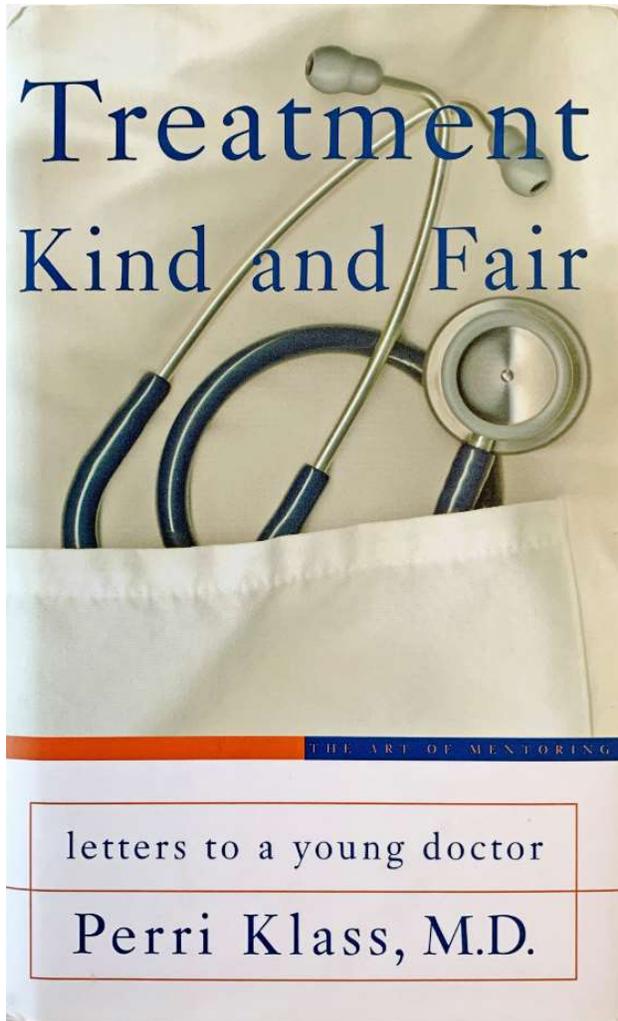
Keetley, who was co-editor of the *Annals of Surgery*, vols. i.–xiv. (London and New York, 1885–91), published: 1. 'The Student's Guide to the Medical Profession,' 1878; 2nd edit. 1885. 2. 'An Index of Surgery,' 1881; 4th edit. 1887. 3. 'Orthopædic Surgery; a Handbook,' 1900. 4. 'Kallos. A Treatise on the Scientific Culture of Personal Beauty and the Cure of Ugliness,' 1883; this work deals with the influence of Hellenic culture on the world's ideal of beauty, and in it Keetley anticipated some of the ideals of the later eugenics school. – DNB.



44. **KIDD, Frank.** *Common Diseases of the Male Urethra; Being a course of lectures delivered at the London Hospital. With an additional lecture on the clinical pathology of urethritis by Philip Panton.* London: Longmans, Green, 1917. ¶ Small 8vo. vii, 132 pp. Frontis., figs., plates, index; some leaves creased. Original maroon, black- and gilt-stamped cloth. Ownership signature of Rudolph W. Feuser[?], 1918. Very good.

\$ 30

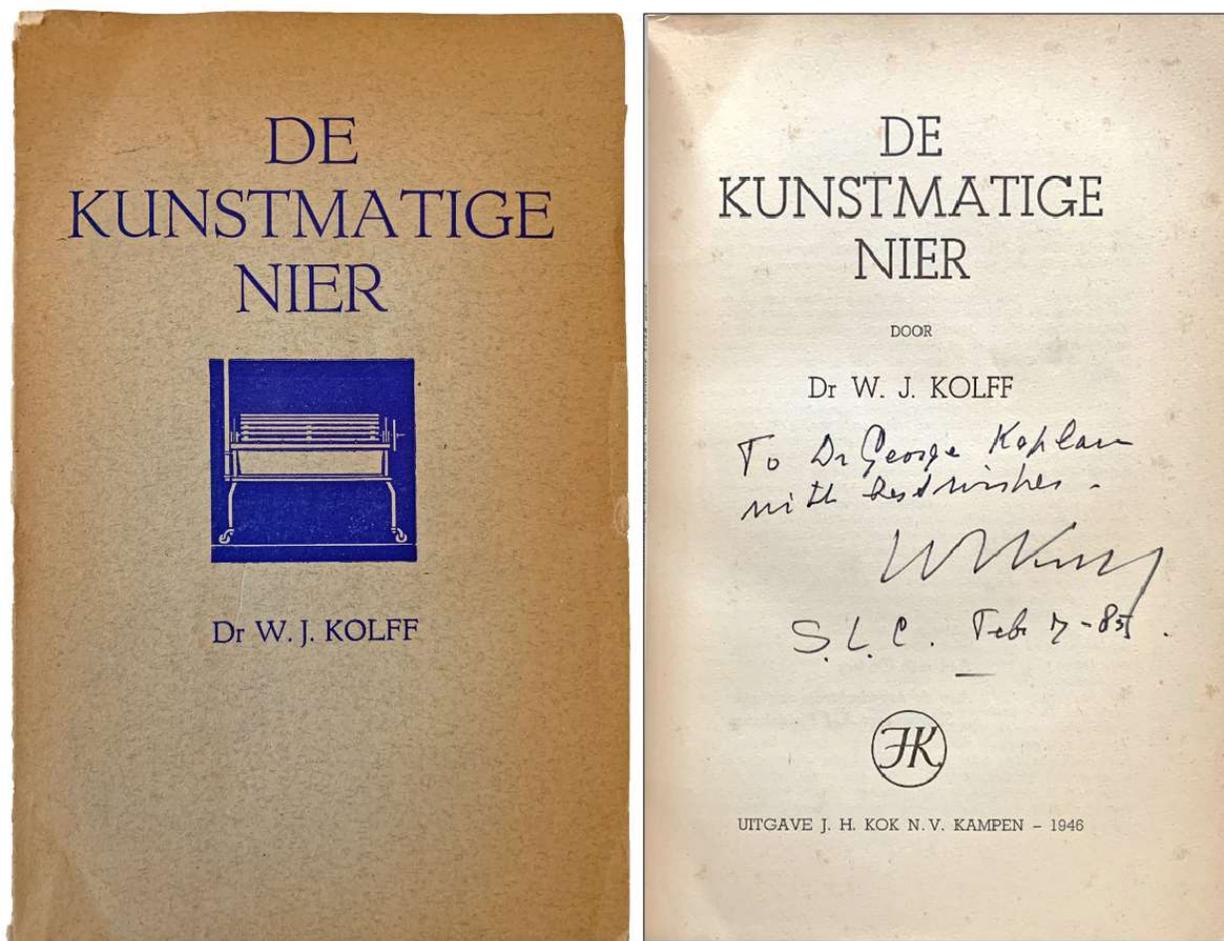
Kidd, F.R.C.S., was associated with the London Hospital, Surgeon in Charge of Genito-Urinary Dept.



45. **KLASS, Perri** (1958-). *Treatment Kind and Fair*. New York: Basic Books, 2007. ¶ Small 8vo. xvi, 231 pp. Hardbound, dust-jacket. Very good.

\$ 5

Klass is a pediatrician.



Inscribed by the Author

46. **KOLFF, Willem Johan ["Pim"]** (1911-2009). *De Kunstmatige Nier*. Kampen, Holland: J. H. Kok N.V., 1946. ¶ 8vo. [iv], 200 pp. 54 figures (some pls.), diagrams (some folding). Original printed wrappers; joints starting to split, a small ship on edge. Very good. INSCRIBED BY THE AUTHOR to George Kaplan, Salt Lake City, 1985.

\$ 700

First edition, expanded after his dissertation. Kolff's pioneering artificial kidney. He constructed the first practicable artificial kidney model in Holland (1946).

"Pioneers of dialysis were regarded as mavericks, perhaps even dangerous men, by their colleagues for more than two decades. The first of these

unusual men was a tenacious and talented Dutchman, Willem Johan Kolff ... Together with Hendrik Berk, head of the local enamel factory and a practical engineer, he went on to design and construct a 'dialyser with a large surface area' whose design has become one of the icons of nephrology ... At the end of the war, Kolff published an expanded version of his thesis in a now classic monograph." – John Stewart Cameron, *A History of the Treatment of Renal Failure by Dialysis*, (OUP, 2002), pp. 74-80.

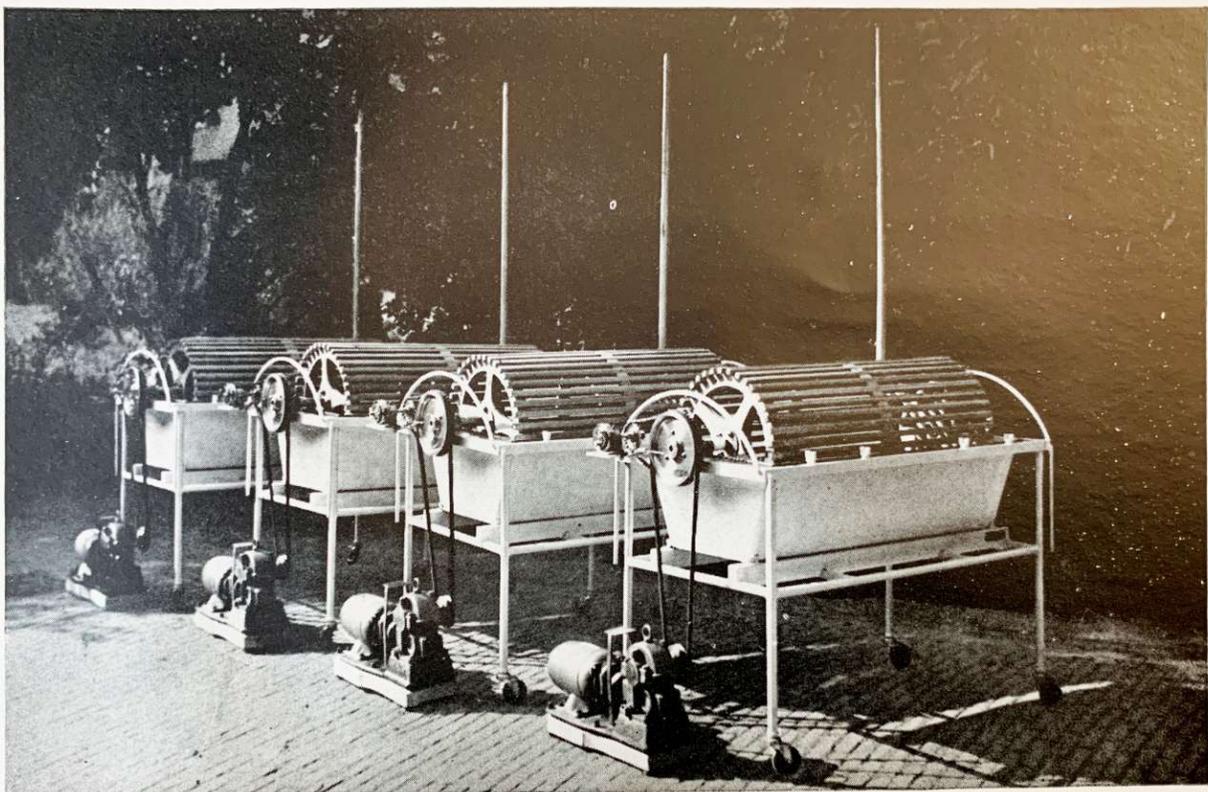
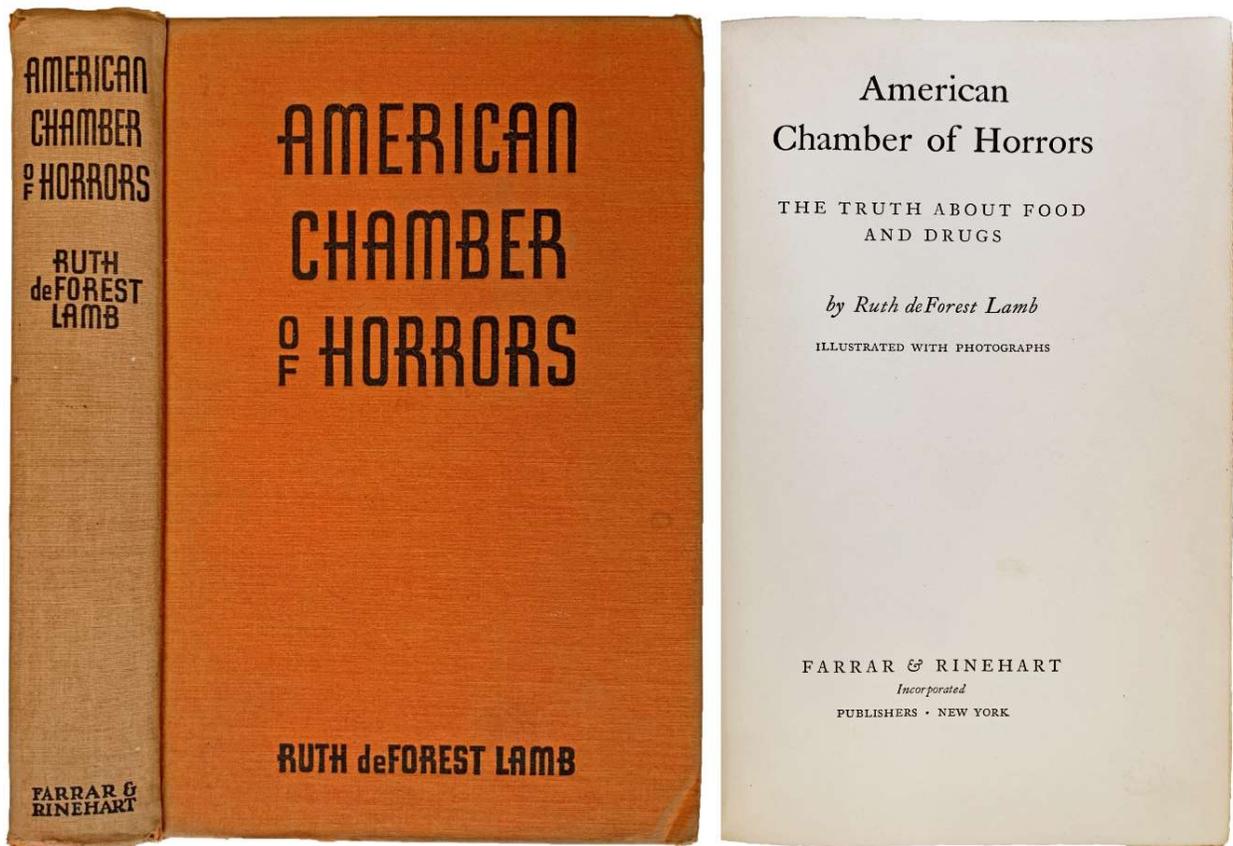


Fig. 1.
De eerste serie kunstmatige nieren was in September 1944 gereed.

“Kolff is considered to be the Father of Artificial Organs, and is regarded as one of the most important physicians of the 20th century.” [Obituary] Moore, Carrie A., "Kolff, 'father of artificial organs,' dies at 97", *Deseret News*, February 11, 2009.

☞ Garrison and Morton 11510. See also: *Chronic Renal Disease*, edited by Paul L. Kimmel, Mark E. Rosenberg. (2019). Bonhams, *The Medical & Scientific Library of W. Bruce Fye*, March 11, 2019 (lot 125).



47. **LAMB, Ruth deForest** (1896-1978). *American Chamber of Horrors; the truth about food and drugs*. New York: Farrar & Rinehart, 1936. ¶ 8vo. xii, 418 pp. Illus., index. Orange cloth stamped in black; some fading, extremities showing wear. Good. Very scarce.

\$ 35

First edition. "Lamb's book was written in part to counter the criticisms of *100,000,000 Guinea Pigs: Dangers in Everyday Foods, Drugs, and Cosmetics* (1933) by Arthur Kallet and Frederick J. Schlink. Their book harshly criticized the FDA for not countering the marketing of dangerous and misleading foods, drugs and cosmetics." [Wikip.].

Lamb (later Atkinson) was the first Chief Educational Officer at the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

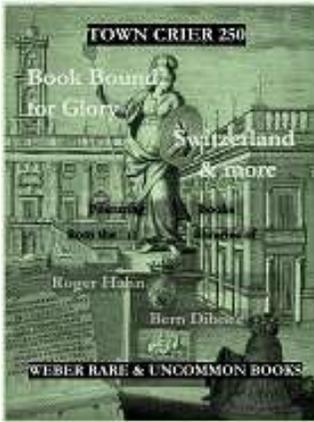
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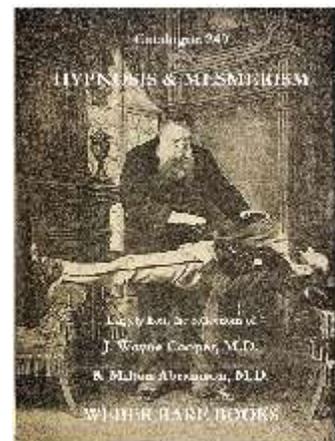
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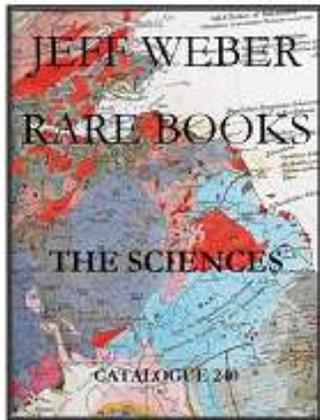
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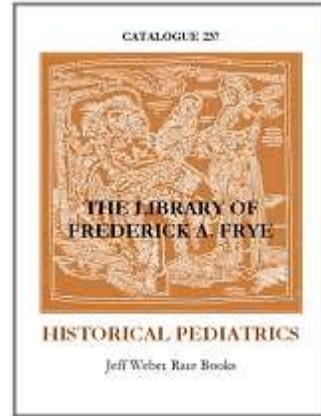


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237: The Library of Frederick A. Frye: Historical Pediatrics



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236: Rare Books in Medical History, Animisme Spiritisme, & Medical Oddities: The Library of Philip K. Wilson. [H]

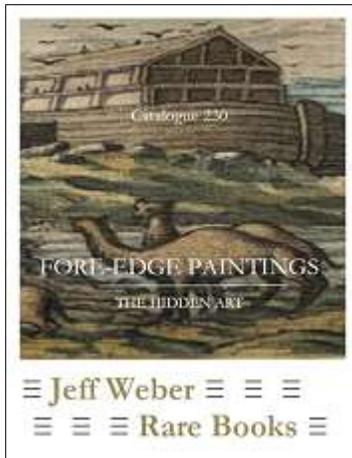
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233: FORE-EDGE PAINTINGS: THE HIDDEN ART [B]

232: California Farrago

231: 36 Weiss Books (science).



230: FORE-EDGE PAINTINGS: THE HIDDEN ART [A]

229: Wonders: Rare Books in Medical History, Animisme et Spiritisme, Medical Oddities: The Library of Philip K. Wilson

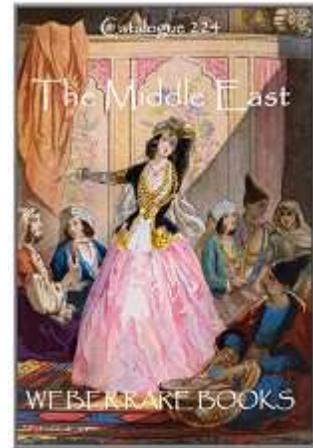
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